

# Teacher Manual

for  
*Introduction to Logic*  
(Routledge Press, 2010, second edition)

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This manual (along with the LogiCola instructional software  
and various teaching aids) can be downloaded from:

<http://www.jcu.edu/philosophy/gensler/lc>

# Using the Textbook

My *Introduction to Logic* is a comprehensive introduction. It covers:

- syllogisms;
- informal aspects of reasoning (like meaning and fallacies);
- inductive reasoning;
- propositional and quantificational logic;
- modal, deontic, and belief logic;
- the formalization of an ethical theory about the golden rule; and
- metalogic, history of logic, deviant logic, and philosophy of logic.

Because of its broad scope, this book can be used for basic logic courses (where teachers can choose from a variety of topics) or more advanced courses (including graduate courses).

Two types of logic course are very popular at the college level: *intro to logic* (“baby logic,” intended for general undergraduate students) and *symbolic logic* (intended for philosophy majors/minors and graduate students, and others who want a more demanding logic course). This chart shows which chapters fit better with which type of course:<sup>1</sup>

<i>Intro to logic</i>	<i>Symbolic logic</i>
1 – Introduction 2 – Syllogistic Logic 3 – Meaning and Definitions 4 – Fallacies and Argumentation 5 – Inductive Reasoning 6 – Basic Propositional Logic 7 – Propositional Proofs 8 – Basic Quantificational Logic 10 – Basic Modal Logic 16 – History of Logic 17 – Deviant Logic 18 – Philosophy of Logic  (only easier parts of 16–18)	1 – Introduction 6 – Basic Propositional Logic 7 – Propositional Proofs 8 – Basic Quantificational Logic 9 – Relations and Identity 10 – Basic Modal Logic 11 – Further Modal Systems 12 – Deontic and Imperative Logic 13 – Belief Logic 14 – A Formalized Ethical Theory 15 – Metalogic 16 – History of Logic 17 – Deviant Logic 18 – Philosophy of Logic

In both cases, there’s much more material than can be covered in a one-term course; so teachers will have to make choices about what they want to cover.

Let me tell you what I do in these two types of course, just to give you one possible model (which you’ll have to modify in light of your own interests and what your students are like).

<sup>1</sup> Several chapters presume earlier chapters. Chapters 6 to 14 form a sequence, with each chapter building on previous chapters (except that Chapter 10 depends only on Chapters 6 and 7, and Chapter 11 isn’t required for Chapters 12 to 14). Chapter 15 to 18 presume Chapter 6.

This is what I cover in my basic “intro to logic” course, which is intended for general undergraduate students (where each class period is 50 minutes):

- Chapters 1 and 2: Introduction and syllogisms (7 class periods + a full-period test). I assign LogiCola (an instructional software program) sets A (EM, ET, HM, & HT) and B (H, S, E, D, C, F, & I).
- Chapter 6: Basic propositional logic (7 class periods + a full-period test). I assign LogiCola sets C (EM, ET, HM, & HT); D (TE, TM, TH, UE, UM, UH, FE, FM, FH, AE, & AM); E (S, E, F, & I); and F (SE, SH, IE, IH, CE, & CH).
- Chapter 7: Propositional proofs (7 class periods + a full-period test). I assign LogiCola sets F (TE & TH) and G (EV, EI, EC, HV, HI, HC, & MC).
- Chapter 10: Basic modal logic (7 class periods + a full-period test). I assign LogiCola sets J (BM & BT) and K (V, I, & C). The last three class periods are split; the first part of the period is on modal logic while the second is on informal fallacies.
- Chapters 8 and 4 (Sections 4.1 & 4.2 only): Basic quantificational logic and informal fallacies (7 class periods + a final exam – which is 3/7 on the new material and 4/7 on previous material). I assign LogiCola sets R; H (EM, ET, HM, & HT); and I (EV, EI, EC, HC, & MC). The first two class periods are split; the first part is on informal fallacies while the second is on quantificational logic. The last class is a review.

I also teach a more advanced “symbolic logic” course, which is intended for philosophy majors/minors and graduate students, and others who want a more demanding logic course. Since most have had no previous logic, I start from the beginning but move quickly. This is what I cover (where again each class period is 50 minutes):

- Chapters 1 and 6: Introduction and basic propositional logic (6 class periods + a half-period quiz; the first half of the quiz period introduces the material for the next part). I assign LogiCola sets C (EM, ET, HM, & HT); D (TE, TM, TH, UE, UM, UH, FE, FM, FH, AE, & AM); E (S, E, F, & I); and F (SE, SH, IE, IH, CE, & CH).
- Chapters 7 and 15 (Sections 15.1 to 15.4 only): Propositional proofs and metalogic (4 class periods + a half-period quiz; the first half of the quiz period introduces the material for the next part). I assign LogiCola sets F (TE & TH) and G (EV, EI, EC, HV, HI, HC, & MC).
- Chapter 8: Basic quantificational logic (5 class periods + a half-period quiz; the first half of the quiz period introduces the material for the next part). I assign LogiCola sets H (EM, ET, HM, & HT) and I (EV, EI, EC, HC, & MC).
- Chapter 9: Relations and identity (4 class periods + a half-period quiz; the first half of the quiz period introduces the material for the next part). I assign LogiCola sets H (IM, IT, RM, & RT) and I (DC, RC, & BC).
- Chapters 10 and 11: Modal logic (5 class periods + a half-period quiz; the last half of the last class period and the first half of the quiz period introduces the material for the next part). I assign LogiCola sets J (BM, BT, QM, & QT) and K (V, I, C, G, & Q).
- Chapter 12: Deontic and imperative logic (3 class periods + a half-period quiz; the first half of the quiz period introduces the material for the next part). I assign LogiCola sets L (IM, IT, DM, & DT) and M (I, D, & M).

- Chapters 13 and 14: Belief logic and a formalized ethical theory (6 class periods + a comprehensive final exam that more heavily weights material from Chapters 10 and 11). I assign LogiCola sets N (BM, BT, WM, WT, RM, & RT) and O (B, W, R, & M).

Depending on the group and how fast they catch the material, I also add other topics to the classes mentioned above. Suitable topics, which vary from semester to semester, include Gödel's theorem (Section 12.7), history of logic (Chapter 16), deviant logic (Chapter 17), and philosophy of logic (Chapter 18).

If I get behind, I skip or cover quickly some sections that won't be used much further on (for example, 9.6, 11.1, 11.4, and 13.7).

I advise against trying to cover the whole book in a one-term course. Since the book has much material, you'll have to pick what to use. What I use, as sketched above, is given as an example. You'll likely want to cover a different selection of materials or use a different order.<sup>1</sup> In deciding which chapters to teach, I suggest that you consider questions like these:

- "How bright are your students?" Teach relations and identity only if your students are very bright. Even basic quantification and modal logic may be too hard for some groups.
- "What areas connect with the interests of your students?" Science majors have a special interest in induction, communications majors in informal fallacies, math majors in quantification, and philosophy majors in a whole slew of areas (especially applying logic to philosophical arguments, modal logic, history of logic, deviant logic, and philosophy of logic). Students in practical fields (like business) often prefer the easier formal chapters and their direct application to everyday arguments.
- "What areas do you most enjoy?" Other things being equal, you'll do a better job if you teach the areas most important to you – whether this be mostly formal, mostly informal, or a mix of both.

You'll need to experiment and see what works for you and your students.

Sequence is another issue. My basic course starts with syllogisms – an easy system with many applications. Then I move to propositional logic. I do modal logic before quantification, since modal logic is easier and applies to arguments that are often more interesting. I do informal logic last, since I like students to have a good grounding in what makes for a valid argument before they do informal logic. Some teachers prefer other sequences. Some use syllogisms to ease the transition between propositional and quantificational logic. Others start with informal logic and later move into the more technical formal logic. The textbook allows all these approaches. You might experiment with various sequences.

The text uses simpler methods for testing arguments than the standard approaches. Students find my star test for syllogisms and my method of doing formal proofs easy to learn. Also, the text is simply written. For these reasons, you may be able to cover more material than you would have thought; keep this in mind as you plan your course. Since some of my

<sup>1</sup> My explanations here assume that the book is the main or sole textbook for a one-semester (or one-quarter) course. You may be able to cover the whole book in a two-semester course. Or, alternatively, you could use just a few chapters of the book in a specialized course on topics like "modal logic," "deontic and epistemic logic," or "ethics and logic" (this last one might also use my *Formal Ethics* or Chapters 7–9 of my *Ethics: A Contemporary Introduction*).

methods are unconventional, you should first master these methods yourself; the computer instructional software gives an easy way to do this.

Your main role in class is to go through problems with your students, giving explanations and clarifications as you go along. Focus on *rules-and-examples* taken together. The explanations in the book may seem clear to you; but most students need to see “how to do it” over and over before they get the point. Students vary greatly in their aptitude for logic. Some pick it up quickly and hardly need the teacher; others find logic difficult and need individual tutoring. Most students are in the middle. Most students find logic very enjoyable.

The Web sites (see the Web addresses on the cover page of this manual) have downloadable classroom slides in Adobe Acrobat format for many of the chapters. If your classrooms have a computer connected to a projector, you can project these slides directly from the computer. An alternative is to print out the pages and use them with an overhead projector.

I give many tests: 4 full-period test + a final exam in my basic logic course, and 6 short (25 minute) quizzes + a final exam in my more advanced course. Breaking the material into smaller bunches makes it easier to learn; and some students don’t get serious until there’s a test. My test questions are like the exercises in the book, except that I use multiple-choice or short-answer questions for the chapters that don’t have exercise sections. The Web sites (see the Web addresses on the cover page of this manual) have sample tests. In my basic logic course, each test is three pages long; to make cheating harder, I staple the three pages in random order. I suggest that you time how long it takes you to do a test that you’ll give to your class; a test that I can do in 9 or 10 minutes is about the right length for my class to do in a 50 minute period.

I record LogiCola scores whenever I give a test. I use the classroom computer or bring my laptop and record scores at the beginning – which takes about five minutes. I use the LogiCola scores as a bonus or penalty to be added to the student’s score on the written test.

Those are my general comments. Let me talk about individual chapters.

## Chapter 1. Introduction

This chapter is very easy. In class I give a brief explanation (with entertaining examples) of the key ideas: argument, validity, and soundness. I don’t spend much time on this.

I give my basic logic class a pretest the first day, before they read Chapter 1. The test has 10 multiple-choice problems. The students do the test and then correct it themselves (the answer key is on the second page); this takes just a few minutes. Then I go through the first five problems; I ask the students why a particular answer would be wrong – and the students tend to give good answers. The pretest gets them interested in logic right away, gives them an idea of what logic is, and lets them see that there are good reasons for saying that something does or does not follow from a set of premises. If you want to give the pretest to your class, download it from the Web sites (see the Web addresses on the cover page of this manual) and make copies for your students.

The pretest and Chapter 1 focus on clearly stated arguments. Many books instead begin with twisted arguments (where it’s hard to identify the premises and conclusion). In my book, twisted arguments come later, in Sections 2.7 and 6.9. I think it’s better to move from the simple to the complex.

In your opening pep-talk, emphasize the importance of keeping up with the work. Some students do most of their studying just before an exam, and then they cram. In logic, only the very bright ones can get away with this. Logic is cumulative: one thing builds on another. Students who get a few steps behind can become hopelessly lost. In spite of your warnings, you'll have to be available to help out students who out of laziness or sickness fall behind.

I strongly encourage you to have your students do homework using the LogiCola computer program. LogiCola isn't a gimmick; it will make a huge difference in how well your students learn logic. The next chapter of this teacher manual explains how to use LogiCola in your course. If you use the program, you'll want to talk about it at the beginning. I like to give a little demonstration in class on how the program works; however, this may not be needed – since the program is easy to use and students are computer savvy these days.

You may also want to give your students flashcards; these are downloadable from the Web sites (see the Web addresses on the cover page of this manual) and you can have your copy center make copies on heavy paper. The flashcards are helpful in learning translations and inference rules. Since my students now do much of their homework on computer, they use the flashcards less than before; but most still use them and find them helpful. Students can use flashcards at odd moments when they don't have a computer handy.

## Chapter 2. Syllogistic Logic

This chapter is pretty easy. Most students pick up the star test quickly (although some are confused at first on what to star). Soon most of them make almost no mistakes on testing arguments in symbols. You'll find the star test a pleasure to teach, as compared with other ways to test syllogisms. Students find the first set of English arguments easy, although they may be confused on a few translations; stress the importance of thinking out the arguments intuitively before doing the star test. The deriving-conclusions exercise is somewhat harder, as is the section on idioms. The most difficult sections, according to my students, are the ones on Venn diagrams and on idiomatic arguments (and these sections may be skipped if your students are on the slow side); students need help and encouragement on these.

The book has an abundance of problems; these can be used in different ways. In class, I typically do a couple of problems on the board (explaining how to do them as I go), give them a few to do in class (working them out on the board after they finish), and then give them a few more to do for homework (going through them the following class). Many exercise sections have a lot more problems than you'd want to cover in a given semester.

One of the strong features of my book is that the exercises tend to use important arguments, many on philosophical issues. This helps you, the teacher, show the relevance of logic in clarifying our reasoning. Occasionally spend some time on the content of the arguments. Tell the class about the context and wider significance of an argument. Ask them what premises are controversial and how they might defend or attack them. Refer to informal considerations (for example, inductive backing, definitions, or fallacies) when suitable.

### Chapter 3. Meaning and Definitions

The early sections here are easy, and the later ones more difficult. Students enjoy the problems on cultural relativism, especially since many of them are struggling with a relativistic phase in their own thinking. Work through a few of the exercises on positivism, pragmatism, analytic/synthetic, and *a-priori/a-posteriori* before assigning the exercises (Sections 3.4a, 3.6a, and 3.7a); many won't catch on unless you first do a couple of examples with them. The exercise on making distinctions (Section 3.5a) is challenging and very valuable; I've used these in non-logic courses, where I like to assign five of these at a time and then later make a composite-answer for the class based on student answers. For many of these exercises, you might want to make up your own examples.

### Chapter 4. Fallacies and Argumentation

Fallacy-identification isn't a precise art. In judging answers, you often have to bend a little on what counts as a correct answer; but you don't want to bend so much that just anything goes. Some students prefer the precision of formal logic.

Sections 4.4 and 4.5 integrate formal and informal concerns. While the book doesn't include exercises for Section 4.5, you could pass out some passages for analysis, or have students use passages that they are reading for other courses. Try to use easy passages. A skilled logician sometimes requires several hours of hard work to extract a clear argument from a confused passage; don't give your students passages to analyze that would strain even your powers.

I've done independent study courses along the lines of Section 4.5 with small groups of two to four bright students, mostly philosophy majors, all of whom had had me in logic. The independent study course followed this format. Each week individual students would take some philosophical passage that they're reading (perhaps for a course). They would put the arguments in strict form and evaluate them (validity, truth of premises, ambiguities, etc.); they would write this out, add a photocopy of the original passage, and distribute all this to me and to the rest of the group. Then we'd get together to talk about their analyses and about the philosophical issues involved. The students found this hard work but very valuable.

### Chapter 5. Inductive Reasoning

While this chapter is long (the longest in the book), it's only moderately difficult. Many students like the more philosophical sections (5.3, 5.6, 5.9, and 5.10). The exercise about how to verify scientific theories (Section 5.8a) is challenging.

### Chapter 6. Basic Propositional Logic

This chapter is easy and most students have little difficulty with most of it. While there are many things to learn, most of it can be covered quickly.

The inference rules (S- and I-rules) are easy for some students and hard for others. Drill the class by giving them premises and asking them what follows using the rules. I have some standard examples (such as “If you’re in Chicago then you’re in Illinois – but you’re in Illinois – so ...”) that I use to help their intuitions on valid and invalid forms. Examples with many negatives can be confusing. Students need to have a good grasp of these rules before starting formal proofs in the next chapter; otherwise they’ll struggle with the proofs.

Most logicians adopt various conventions for dropping parentheses. I keep all parentheses – since explaining parentheses-dropping conventions takes up as much time as the conventions save. And many things go more smoothly if we don’t drop parentheses. For example, we can use a simple rule for translating “both” as “(”; so “not both” is “~(” while “both not” is “(~.” And in doing formal proofs there’s less confusion about assuming the opposite of the conclusion. You don’t have to remind students that, since “ $P \supset Q$ ” is really “ $(P \supset Q)$ ,” the contradictory of “ $P \supset Q$ ” is “ $\sim(P \supset Q)$ .” Also, you use actual wffs and not just abbreviations for these.

## Chapter 7. Propositional Proofs

This chapter is harder than the previous ones, although not as hard as the following chapters. Most students pick up the proof method easily after they’ve seen the teacher work out and explain various examples. Those who don’t know the inference rules from the last chapter will be lost and will need to go back and learn the rules. Multiple assumption proofs are tricky at first; make sure that you understand them yourself. Spend time in class doing problems and answering questions. Soon most students get very proficient at proofs. More students get 100’s on my propositional proofs test than on any other test; typically about 40 percent of the class gets 100’s.

Tell your students how you want them to do proofs. While the book gives justifications for the various steps – like “{from 3 and 6}” – I make justifications optional; omitting justifications makes proofs much easier to do. On a test, I can easily tell where a step is from; while doing proofs on the board, I show where things are from through words or gestures. A few of my students include justifications anyway, even though they’re optional. You, however, may want to require justifications; you may even require that students give the inference rule – perhaps saying things like “{from 3 and 6 by *modus ponens*}.”

I also make stars optional; but I use them when working out a problem in class. Many of my students use stars, since it gives them a guide on what to do next; but some omit them.

You should say whether you want your students to keep strictly to the S- and I-rules in deriving steps. I have students follow these rules until they’re comfortable with proofs. When students are sure of themselves, they can use any step whose validity is intuitively clear to them and to their teacher. Since it’s safer to follow the rules, most of my students do this.

If you’re more familiar with Copi-style proofs or with truth trees, you might want to study Section 7.5, which compares these methods with mine.

## Chapter 8. Basic Quantificational Logic

This chapter is harder than the previous ones. Students find the translations difficult; it's good to spend some time on the translation rules and then review as when you do the English arguments. Proofs present less of a problem. But you have to remind students to drop only initial quantifiers and to use new constants when dropping existential quantifiers. And you'll need to help students to evaluate the truth of the premises and conclusion for invalid arguments.

## Chapter 9. Relations and Identity

This is one of the most difficult chapters for students, with relations causing more problems than identity. Students need help and encouragement on relational translations. Relational proofs also are difficult, since they tend to be more complex and less mechanical than other proofs. If you run short on time, you could omit Section 9.6 on definite descriptions. I refer to this material in Section 11.4 (on sophisticated quantified modal logic) – which you also could omit if you're running short on time.

## Chapter 10. Basic Modal Logic

Students find modal logic easier than quantificational logic, despite the similarity in structure. Translations aren't too difficult; but you'll need to explain the ambiguous forms a couple of times. Students find proofs tricky at first, until it clicks in their mind what they're supposed to do; you'll have to emphasize that they can drop only initial operators and have to use a new world when dropping a diamond. And you'll have to explain refutations. The ambiguous arguments are fun to elaborate on – especially the ones about skepticism and predestination (examples 8 and 14 in Section 10.3b).

## Chapter 11. Further Modal Systems

The naïve version of quantified modal logic (Sections 11.2 and 11.3) is moderately challenging and brings up some interesting philosophical controversies and arguments. The rest of the chapter is more difficult and not needed for further sections of the book; these sections could be omitted if you are running short on time or if your students find the material too difficult.

## Chapter 12. Deontic and Imperative Logic

This chapter is quite easy – and students find it very interesting.

## Chapter 13. Belief Logic

This chapter is difficult, especially the complex symbolizations. You'll have to point out how small differences in underlining or the placement of ":" can make a big difference to the meaning of a formula. The belief worlds and belief inference rules are less intuitive than comparable ideas of other systems. Students like the philosophical content.

## Chapter 14. A Formalized Ethical Theory

This chapter starts fairly easy but gets very difficult toward the end. I stress the main features of the formalization and don't hold students responsible for the details. I run through the long proof at the end step-by-step, emphasizing to students how much of it rests on what they already know. Students like the philosophical content and the golden rule.

## Chapter 15. Metalogic

While the beginning of this chapter is fairly easy, students find the completeness proof difficult. The section on Gödel's theorem is difficult, but many students find it fascinating.

## Chapter 16 to 18. History of Logic, Deviant Logic, Philosophy of Logic

These short chapters bring out important aspects of logic that aren't usually treated in logic courses. While these chapters are less technical, they do assume some general understanding of logic; so I wouldn't suggest beginning with these chapters. The material here often appeals to the more philosophically oriented students, who can easily learn the mechanics of logic but yearn for further understanding about how the various logical systems arose and about controversies involving logic.

Instead of going through these whole chapters, you might want to add sections from them that fit with the logical system that you're doing. For example, you might do the section on ancient logic (16.1) when you do syllogisms, the section on many-valued logic (17.1) when you do truth tables, and the section on Frege and Russell (16.4) when you do quantificational logic. There's lots of good material in this book, and you'll have to figure out how to make the best use of it in light of your interests and those of your students.

## Using the LogiCola Software

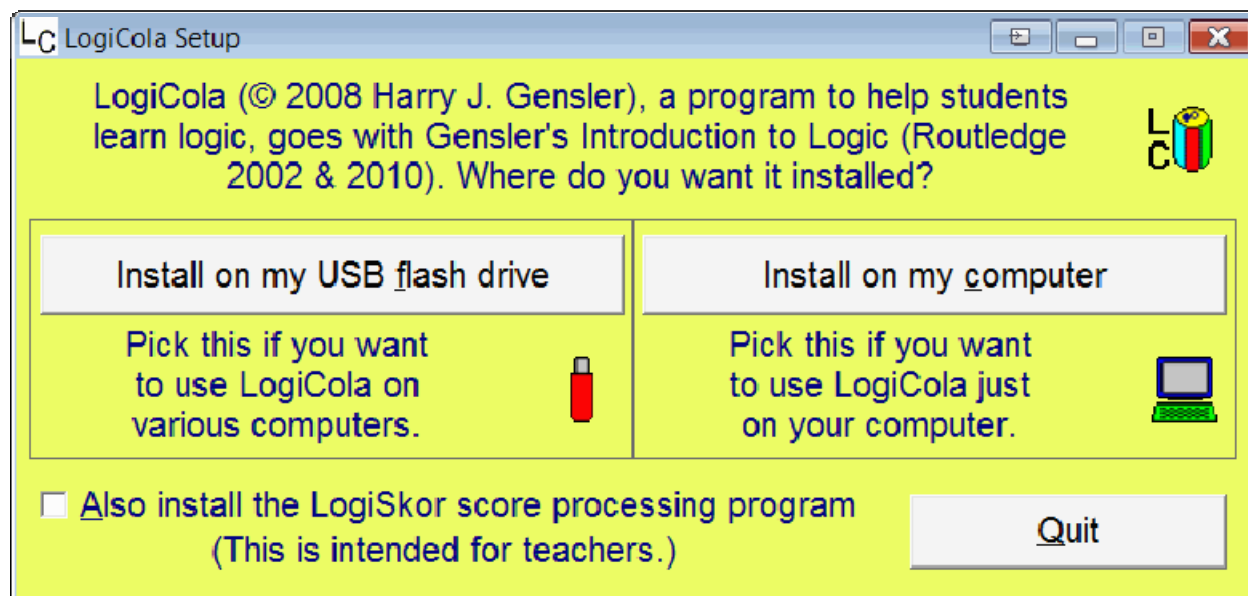
LogiCola is a computer program to help students learn logic. LogiCola generates homework problems, gives feedback on answers, and records progress. Most of the exercises in the book have corresponding LogiCola computer exercises. LogiCola runs in Windows; you can download LogiCola (along with this teacher manual and various class supplements from either of these two Web addresses):



<http://www.jcu.edu/philosophy/gensler/lc>  
<http://www.routledge.com/textbooks/9780415996518>

These Web pages also talk about how to run LogiCola in Linux or Macintosh using a free program that allows you to run Windows programs under these non-Windows platforms.

LogiCola's Setup program looks like this:



LogiCola can be installed on either a USB flash drive (which is best if you want to use LogiCola on various computers) or on your computer's hard drive (which is best if you want to use LogiCola just on your computer). Teachers can at the same time install the LogiSkor score processing program (for recording and analyzing LogiCola scores).

I designed LogiCola to supplement classroom activity and to be used for homework. You don't have to use LogiCola if you use the textbook. But there are two main benefits in doing so: (1) your students will learn logic better, and (2) you'll have less work to do.

If you use LogiCola, your classroom activity needn't change. But your students will do much of their homework on computer, instead of on paper. This has major advantages, as we can see from this comparison:

*Doing homework on paper*

Paper won't talk back to your students. It won't tell them if they're doing the problems right or wrong. It won't give them suggestions. And it won't work out examples, even if students need this in order to get started.

Students will all get the same problems to do. So they can pass around their papers and share the answers.

Students will get the corrected paper back, at best, a couple of days after doing the problems. Only then will they find out what they were doing wrong.

*Doing homework on LogiCola*

LogiCola will talk back to your students. It'll tell them immediately if they're doing the problems right or wrong. It'll give them suggestions. And it'll work out examples, if students need this in order to get started.

LogiCola will give each of your students different problems. So they will share only hints on how to do the problems.

LogiCola's immediate response motivates students and makes learning more fun – like playing a video game. Homework doesn't have to be boring.

The traditional method of having students do homework on paper is slow and less effective. LogiCola is a better tool for learning logic. My students attest to this and give LogiCola very high ratings on course evaluations. Students enjoy the program and learn more effectively.

I noticed a big jump in test scores when I started using the program in Spring 1988. I kept careful records of test scores for the last seven sections of basic logic that I taught before using the program – and the first six sections that I taught since using the program. The “before” and “after” groups each had about 200 students – all in my PL 274 at Loyola University of Chicago (where I was teaching then). The groups and my teaching methods were very similar – except that the “after” group used LogiCola and averaged about a grade better (+7.6%) on comparable tests on the same material. Here's a chart summarizing test averages:

Tests >>	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	Average
Before LogiCola	77.7	82.5	77.6	73.4	76.0	77.44
After LogiCola	84.8	90.7	84.4	83.6	81.7	85.04
Difference	+7.1	+8.2	+6.8	+10.2	+5.7	+7.60

The five tests were on syllogisms, basic propositional logic, propositional proofs, modal logic, and the comprehensive final exam; the tests were very similar to the online sample tests. The “before” and “after” information each covers about 1000 tests (5 tests each for 200 students). The LogiCola program that my students used in the late 1980's was the early DOS version and rather primitive compared with the current version. Since the late 1980's, scores on written tests have continued to climb; but, since I've changed schools and made other changes in my course, the comparison of test scores isn't as meaningful.

Your students too will likely learn better with LogiCola. In addition, you'll have less work to do. If you have students do homework on paper, you have to correct the papers; this is boring and takes much time. Or you can just go through the problems in class; but then many students won't do the problems. If you use LogiCola, the program itself will correct the problems. When students complete an exercise at a given level of proficiency, this fact records on the disk. At the end of a chapter, you record scores using the score processor program; it takes

about 5 minutes to process scores from 30 students. The computer generates a class roll listing all the scores and the resulting bonus or penalty points. I add the latter points to the scores for the corresponding written test.

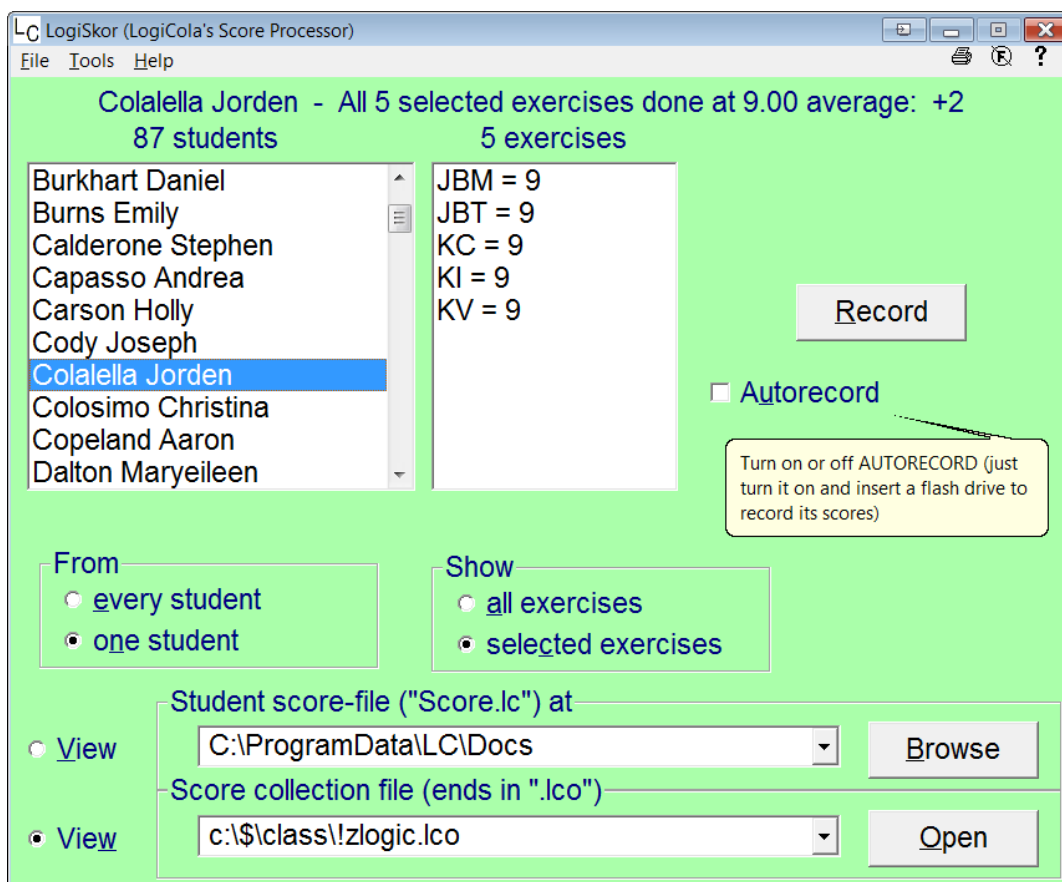
This is what I say in my syllabus (also available online – see the link from the Web addresses given earlier) about LogiCola and how it enters into grading:

You'll do much of your homework on computer using the LogiCola program. You'll download LogiCola from my Web site. Give me your scores on a USB flash drive or by e-mail when you take the corresponding written quiz; I won't accept scores after I return the quiz. Try to do the exercises at an average level of 7 or higher (levels go from 1 to 9).

Your exercise scores add a bonus or penalty to your exam score. Let's say your average level (dropping fractions) is  $N$ . You get a +1 bonus for each number  $N$  is above 7; so you get a +2 bonus if  $N=9$ . You get a -1 penalty for each number  $N$  is below 7; so you get a -3 penalty if  $N=4$ . If you fake scores on the disk, your course grade is lowered by one grade.

Most students do all the exercises at level 9 and thus get the +2 point bonus.

Using LogiCola requires that you (or someone else) record and process student scores. As mentioned above, you can install the LogiSkor score processing program at the same time as you install LogiCola itself. LogiSkor is easy to use and looks like this (note the "balloon help" – if you point to something then the program will pop up a brief explanation):



LogiSkor itself has a help file (click the HELP menu or the F1 key or the “?” icon) which tells you how to use the program. While I don’t want to repeat all the help information here, I will give these three crucial paragraphs:

At exam time, I use the classroom computer (or bring my laptop), attach two or three USB extension cords to the computer (some USB hubs work more reliably than others), start LogiSkor, check AUTORECORD, and have my students insert their USB flash drives into the extension cords. Scores record automatically. When the student’s name appears on the screen (and the student can see this or else I call the student’s name), then scores have been recorded and the student can remove the flash drive. AUTORECORD automatically records scores from all folders of inserted flash drives (and floppies); several flash drives can be inserted at once. The first time, it takes a few seconds to register each flash drive; things go faster the next time.

Later on, I click SELECTED EXERCISES to display just the exercises I assigned. I click EVERY STUDENT to display scores from every student, and I click VIEW SCORE COLLECTION FILE. I click LEVEL (under the TOOLS menu) to make sure that 7 is the expected scoring level. Then I click PRINT to create a score report that lists the students, what exercises they did, and their resulting bonus or penalty. Most students do every exercise at level 9 and so get a +2 bonus added to their written exam score....

If recording scores from a USB drive is inconvenient for your students (for example, they are physically distant or don’t have a USB drive), then they can send you scores by e-mail. To do this, students should bring up TOOLS | VIEW SCORES within LogiCola, click PASTE TO E-MAIL, and then follow the directions. You’ll receive an e-mail with score data and directions about how to process this data.

If you want to assign LogiCola (and I hope you do), you need to be familiar with LogiCola and the first part of its help file, this section of the teacher manual, and the LogiSkor program and its help file. Your students will find LogiCola to be an easy program to use and a fun way to learn logic – and a very effective learning tool.

LogiCola can be used for things other than homework. I often use LogiCola in my office, when I work with students individually, as a random-problem generator – for example, to generate an argument that the student will then prove on my blackboard. And I sometimes use LogiCola to generate ideas for what problems to put on a test.

# Answers to Problems

This has answers to all the problems in the book, except those for which the book already has the answer.

## 2.1a

2. t is not s
4. b is G
6. k is g
7. r is B
8. d is b
9. a is S
11. c is m
12. c is L
13. i is G
14. all M is I
16. d is r (where "r" means "the wife of Ralph")  
or d is R (in a polygamous society, where  
"R" means "a wife of Ralph")

## 2.2a

2. This is a syllogism.
4. This is a syllogism.

## 2.2b

2. some C is B
4. a is C
6. r is not D
7. s is w
8. some C is not P

## 2.2c

2. x is W Valid  
x is not Y\*  
∴ some W\* is not Y
4. some J is not P\* Valid  
all J\* is F  
∴ some F\* is not P
6. g is not s\* Valid  
∴ s\* is not g

7. all L\* is M Invalid  
g is not L\*  
∴ g\* is not M
8. some N is T Invalid  
some C is not T\*  
∴ some N\* is not C
9. all C\* is K Invalid  
s is K  
∴ s\* is C\*
11. s is C Valid  
s is H  
∴ some C\* is H\*
12. some C is H Invalid  
∴ some C\* is not H
13. a is b Valid  
b is c  
c is d  
∴ a\* is d\*
14. no A\* is B\* Invalid  
some B is C  
some D is not C\*  
all D\* is E  
∴ some E\* is A\*

## 2.3a

2. all C\* is F Invalid  
all D\* is F  
∴ all D is C\*
4. no U\* is P\* Invalid  
no F\* is U\*  
c is F  
∴ c\* is P\*
6. no P\* is R\* Valid  
some P is M  
∴ some M\* is not R
7. all H\* is B Invalid

- all C\* is B  
 $\therefore$  all C is H\*

This means "all scrambled eggs are good for breakfast, all coffee with milk is good for breakfast, therefore all coffee with milk is scrambled eggs."

8. b is U Valid  
 all U\* is O  
 $\therefore$  b\* is O\*
9. b is P Valid  
 all P\* is J  
 $\therefore$  b\* is J\*
11. all A\* is K Valid  
 no K\* is R\*  
 $\therefore$  no A is R
12. all M\* is R Valid  
 all A\* is M  
 $\therefore$  all A is R\*
13. t is P Invalid  
 t is L  
 all V\* is L  
 $\therefore$  some V\* is P\*
14. j is not b\* Invalid  
 b is L  
 $\therefore$  j\* is not L
16. all G\* is A Valid  
 m is not A\*  
 $\therefore$  m\* is not G
17. some M is Q Valid  
 no Q\* is A\*  
 $\therefore$  some M\* is not A
18. i is H Valid  
 i is not D\*  
 all G\* is D  
 $\therefore$  some H\* is not G
19. all R\* is C Valid  
 all C\* is S  
 no F\* is S\*  
 $\therefore$  no F is R
21. all M\* is P Valid  
 no P\* is T\*  
 $\therefore$  no M is T
22. some B is P Invalid  
 some B is T  
 $\therefore$  some P\* is T\*

We could make this valid by changing "some" in premise 1 to "all."

23. m is B Valid  
 m is D  
 no D\* is A\*  
 $\therefore$  some B\* is not A
24. all T\* is O Valid  
 r is T  
 r is M  
 $\therefore$  some M\* is O\*

### 2.3b

2. We can't prove either "Carol stole money" or "Carol didn't steal money." Premises 3 & 7 yield no valid argument with either as the conclusion.
4. David stole money (as we can prove from 4 & 8 & 9). And someone besides David stole money (since by 10 the nastiest person stole money and by 5 David is not the nastiest person at the party). So more than one person stole money. We can't prove this using syllogistic logic, but we can using quantificational logic with identity.

### 2.4a

2. some A is not D
4. all F is D
6. some H is not L
7. all H is R (We could refute this and 8 by finding a poor person who was happy.)
8. all H is R
9. all R is H (We could refute this by finding a rich person who wasn't happy.)
11. no H is S
12. all A is H
13. all S is C
14. g is C (Here "g" = "this group of shirts.")
16. all S is M
17. all M is S
18. all H is L
19. all H is L

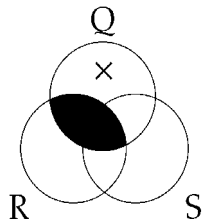
### 2.5a

2. "Some human acts are not determined."
4. No conclusion validly follows.
6. "Some gospel writers were not apostles."

7. "No cheap waterproof raincoat keeps you dry when hiking uphill" or "Nothing that keeps you dry when hiking uphill is a cheap waterproof raincoat."
8. "All that is or could be experienced is about objects and properties."
9. "No moral judgments are from reason" or "Nothing from reason is a moral judgment."
11. "I am not my mind" or "My mind is not identical to me."
12. "Some acts where you do what you want are not free."
13. "'There is a God' ought to be rejected."
14. "'All unproved beliefs ought to be rejected' ought to be rejected."
16. "Some human beings are not purely selfish."
17. "No virtues are emotions" or "No emotions are virtues."
18. "God is not influenced by anything outside of himself."
19. "God is influenced by everything."
21. "All racial affirmative action programs are wrong."
22. "Some racial affirmative action programs do not discriminate simply because of race."
23. No conclusion validly follows.
24. "Some wrong actions are not blameworthy."

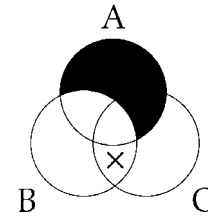
2.6a

2. Invalid  
no Q is R  
some Q is not S  
∴ some S is R

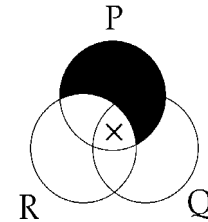


4. Invalid  
all A is B  
some C is B  
∴ some C is A

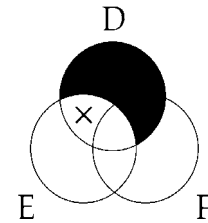
The "x" has to go here (and not in the middle where all three circles overlap) to avoid drawing the conclusion.



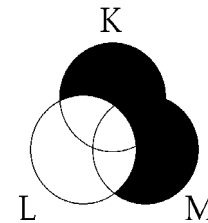
6. Valid  
all P is R  
some Q is P  
∴ some Q is R



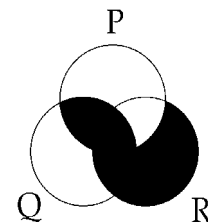
7. Valid  
all D is E  
some D is not F  
∴ some E is not F



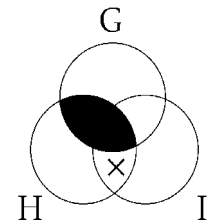
8. Invalid  
all K is L  
all M is L  
∴ all K is M



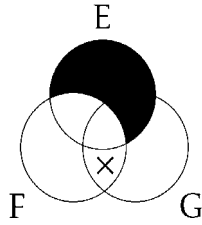
9. Valid  
no P is Q  
all R is P  
∴ no R is Q



11. Valid  
no G is H  
some H is I  
∴ some I is not G



12. Invalid  
 all E is F  
 some G is not E  
 $\therefore$  some G is not F



## 2.7a

2. u is F Valid  
 no S\* is F\*  
 $\therefore$  u\* is not S

Premise 2 (implicit) is "No one who studied gets an F- on the test."

4. all S\* is U Invalid  
 some Q is not U\*  
 $\therefore$  no Q is S
6. i is H Valid  
 i is not D\*  
 $\therefore$  some H\* is not D
7. all P\* is N Valid  
 no N\* is E\*  
 $\therefore$  no P is E
8. all W\* is S Valid  
 no M\* is S\*  
 $\therefore$  no M is W

Premise 2 (implicit) is "No mathematical knowledge is based on sense experience."

9. all H\* is S Invalid  
 some R is not H\*  
 $\therefore$  some R\* is not S
11. j is F Valid  
 j is S  
 all S\* is W  
 $\therefore$  some W\* is F\*
12. all G\* is L Valid  
 no A\* is L\*  
 some A is R  
 $\therefore$  some R\* is not G
13. all W\* is P Invalid  
 all A\* is P  
 $\therefore$  all W is A\*
14. all R\* is F Valid  
 all I\* is R  
 $\therefore$  all I is F\*
16. all K\* is T Valid  
 all T\* is C

- no F\* is C\*  
 $\therefore$  no F is K

Premise 3 (implicit) is "No belief about the future corresponds to the facts."

17. all E\* is N Valid  
 no S\* is N\*  
 $\therefore$  no E is S
18. some A is H Valid  
 no A\* is S\*  
 $\therefore$  some H\* is not S
19. all I\* is M Invalid  
 all C\* is M  
 $\therefore$  all I is C\*
21. no B\* is E\* Invalid  
 h is E  
 h is P  
 $\therefore$  no P is B
22. all E\* is F Valid  
 no U\* is F\*  
 $\therefore$  no U is E
23. i is T Invalid  
 some T is D  
 no D\* is K\*  
 $\therefore$  i\* is not K
24. all M\* is P Valid  
 all P\* is S  
 no S\* is U\*  
 $\therefore$  no M is U
26. no T\* is F\* Invalid  
 some P is F  
 $\therefore$  some T\* is not P
27. all D\* is P Invalid  
 all M\* is P  
 no S\* is M\*  
 $\therefore$  no S is D

## 3.1a

2. "Filthy rich" is negative. "Affluent," "wealthy," and "rich" are more neutral. "Prosperous," "thriving," and "successful" are positive.
4. "Extremist" is negative. "Radical" and "revolutionary" are more neutral.
6. "Bastard" is negative. "Illegitimate," "fatherless," and "natural" are more neutral.
7. "Baloney" is negative. "Bologna" is neutral.

8. "Backward society" is negative. "Developing nation" and "third-world country" are neutral.
9. "Authoritarian" is negative. "Strict" and "firm" are neutral or positive.
11. "Hair-splitter" is negative. "Precise thinker," "exact thinker," and "careful reasoner" are positive.
12. "Egghead" is negative. "Thinker," "scholar," "intellectual," "learned," and "studious" are positive.
13. "Bizarre idea" is negative. "Unusual," "atypical," "uncommon," "different," and "unconventional" are neutral. "Imaginative," "extraordinary," "novel," and "innovative," are positive.
14. "Kid" is negative. "Youth," "youngster," and "young person" are neutral.
16. "Gay" is neutral or positive. "Fag" is negative.
17. "Abnormal" is negative. "Unusual," "atypical," "uncommon," "different," and "unconventional" are neutral.
18. "Bureaucracy" is negative. "Organization," "management," and "administration" are neutral.
19. "Abandoning" is negative. "Leaving," "departing," and "going away" are neutral.
21. "Brazen" is negative. "Bold," "fearless," "confident," and "unafraid" are neutral. "Brave," "courageous" and "daring" are positive.
22. "Old broad" is negative. "Mature woman" and "elderly lady" are neutral or positive.
23. "Old moneybags" is negative. "Affluent," "wealthy," and "rich" are more neutral. "Prosperous," "thriving," and "successful" are positive.
24. "Busybody" is negative. "Inquisitive," "interested," and "curious" are neutral.
26. "Old fashioned" is negative. "Traditional" and "conservative" are neutral.
27. "Brave" is positive. "Brazen," "foolhardy," "reckless," "rash," "careless," and "imprudent" are negative.
28. "Garbage" is negative. "Waste materials" and "refuse" are neutral.
29. "Cagey" is negative. "Clever," "shrewd," "astute," "keen," and "sharp" are neutral or positive.

## 3.2a

2. These exact ages are too precise for the vague "adolescent." "Between puberty and adulthood" would be better.
4. Subjects other than metaphysics may induce sleep. And many don't find metaphysics sleep-inducing.
6. Plucked chickens and apes are featherless bipeds but not human beings. In addition, a human who took drugs to grow feathers wouldn't cease being a human being.
7. I believe many things (e.g., that I'll live at least ten years longer) that I don't know to be true.
8. A lucky guess (e.g., I guess right that the next card will be an ace) is a true belief but not knowledge.
9. This would make anything you sit on (the ground, a rock, your brother, etc.) into a chair.
11. "The earth is round" was true in 1000 B.C. (the earth hasn't changed shape!) but not proved. Also, the definition is circular – it defines "true" using "true."
12. Many invalid arguments persuade, and many valid ones (e.g., very complex ones or ones with absurd premises) don't persuade.
13. Killing in self-defense need not be murder.
14. Things against the law (e.g., protesting a totalitarian government) need not be wrong. And many wrong things (e.g., lying to your spouse) aren't against the law.

## 3.2b

2. This is false according to cultural relativism (CR).
4. This is false according to CR, since "This is good" on CR means "This is socially approved" – and the latter is true or false. However, we might understand statement 4 to mean that judgments about what is good aren't true or false *objectively* (i.e. independently of human opinions and

- feelings); statement 4, taken this way, is true according to CR.
6. This is true according to CR.
  7. This is undecided.
  8. This is true according to CR.
  9. This is undecided by the definition. But almost all cultural relativists accept it.
  11. This is true according to CR.
  12. This is true according to CR.
  13. This is false according to CR.
  14. This is true according to CR.
  16. This is undecided.
  17. This is true according to CR.
  18. This is false according to CR.
  19. This (self-contradiction?) is true according to CR.

## 3.4a

2. This is meaningful on LP, since we could verify it by getting the correct time on the phone. It's also meaningful on PR, since its truth could make a practical difference regarding sensations (when we phone the time) and actions (if the clock is fast then maybe we should reset it or not depend on it).
4. This claim (from the Beatles's song "Strawberry Fields Forever") is probably meaningless on both criteria – unless it's given some special sense.
6. This is meaningless on both views. If everything doubled (including our rulers), we wouldn't notice the difference.
7. This is meaningless on both views. There isn't any observable or practical difference between wearing such a hat and wearing no hat at all.
8. This is meaningless on LP, since it couldn't be verified publicly. It's meaningful on PR, since its truth could make an experiential difference to Regina.
9. This is meaningless on LP, since it couldn't be verified publicly. It's meaningful on PR, since its falsity could make an experiential difference to others.
11. This is meaningless on LP, since it couldn't be verified publicly. It's meaningful on PR, since its truth could make an experiential difference to the angels.

12. This is meaningless on LP, since it couldn't be verified publicly. It's meaningful on PR, since its truth could make an experiential difference to God.
13. This is meaningless on LP, since it couldn't be verified publicly. It's meaningful on PR, since its truth could make a difference to how we ought to form our beliefs.
14. This (PR) seems to be meaningless on LP (since it doesn't seem able to be empirically tested). It is meaningful (and true) on PR, since its truth could make a difference in our choices regarding what we ought to believe.

## 3.5a

(These answers were adapted from those given by my students)

2. "Is this unusual monkey a rational animal" could mean such things as:
  - Is this unusual monkey sane (by whatever standards of sanity apply to monkeys)?
  - Is this unusual monkey able to:
    - grasp general concepts (such as "monkey")?
    - grasp abstract concepts (such as "self-contradictory")?
    - reason (infer conclusions deductively from premises, weigh evidence in order to come to a conclusion, etc.)?
    - know itself as a knower (investigate the grounds of its knowledge, answer conceptual questions such as this one, pass a logic course, etc.)?
    - judge between right and wrong?
    - consider alternative actions it might perform, weigh the pros and cons of each, and make a decision based on this?
    - make the appropriate responses in sign languages that, if made by a human, would normally be taken to demonstrate the ability to grasp general concepts (or to do any of the other things mentioned above)?
4. "Are material objects objective?" could mean such things as:
  - Are material objects distinct from our perception of them – so that they would

- continue to exist even if unperceived and even if there were no minds?
- Are different observers able by and large to agree on questions regarding the existence and properties of material objects – regardless of the varying backgrounds and feelings of the observers?
  - Do material objects (“in themselves”) really have the properties (colors, etc.) that we perceive them to have?
6. “Are scientific generalizations ever cert-  
tain?” could be asking whether they are:
- logically necessary truths.
  - self-evident or *a priori* truths.
  - unchangeable and exceptionless over all periods of space and time.
  - 100 percent probable.
  - so firmly established that we can reasonably rule out ever having to modify them.
  - so firmly established that we can reasonably rely on them for now.
  - held without doubt in our own minds.
7. “Was the action of that monkey a free act?” could be asking whether this action was:
- one we didn’t have to pay to watch.
  - uncoerced (e.g., it wasn’t pushed or threatened).
  - self-caused (not influenced or compelled by external influences).
  - to be explained by the monkey’s goals and motives.
  - not the result of a conditioning process or hypnosis.
  - unpredictable (by causal laws).
  - not necessary (so that given the exact same circumstances the monkey could have acted differently).
  - the result of an uncoerced decision.
  - the result of an uncoerced decision that in turn was not causally necessitated by prior circumstances (heredity, environment, etc.) beyond the control of the monkey?
8. “Is truth changeless?” could mean such things as:
- Are there statements without a specified time (e.g., “It’s raining”) that are true at one time but false at another?
  - Are there statements without a specified time (e.g., “ $2+2=4$ ”) that are true at all times?
  - Are there statements with a specified time and place (e.g., “The Chicago O’Hare Airport got 9 inches of rain on August 13–14, 1987”) that are true at one time but can later become false?
  - Do beliefs change?
  - Are there some beliefs that are universally held by all people at all times?
  - Are there degrees of being true?
  - Is being true relative – so that we shouldn’t ask “Is this true?” but only “Is this true for this person at this time?”?
9. “How are moral beliefs explainable?” could mean such things as
- By what basic moral principles can concrete moral judgments be justified and explained?
  - By what means, if any, can basic moral principles be justified or proved (e.g., by appeal to self-evident truths, empirical facts, religious beliefs, etc.)?
  - How can we explain why individuals or groups hold the moral beliefs they hold (or why they hold any moral beliefs at all)?
  - How can we communicate moral beliefs?
  - What does “moral belief” mean?
  - How are “ought”-judgments related to “is”-judgments?
11. “Is the fetus a human being (or human person)?” could be asking whether it has:
- human parents.
  - a human genetic structure.
  - the ability to live apart from the mother (with or without support apparatus)?
  - membership in the species *homo sapiens*.
  - human physical features.
  - human qualities of thought, feeling, and action.
  - the capacity to develop human qualities of thought, feeling, and action.
  - a strong right to live (and not to be killed).
12. “Are values objective?” could be asking whether some or all value judgments are:
- true or false.
  - true or false independently of human beliefs and goals.

- universally shared.
  - arrived at impartially.
  - knowable through some rational method that would largely bring agreement among individuals who used the method correctly.
  - truths that state that a given sort of action is always right (or wrong) regardless of circumstances and consequences.
13. "What is the nature of man?" could mean such things as (where in each of these we could take "man" as "human being" or as "adult *male* human being"):
- What does "human being" mean?
  - What (or what most basically) distinguishes humans from other animals?
  - How (or how most basically) can human beings be described (from the point of view of psychology, sociology, history, common sense, etc.)?
  - What in humans is not a result of the influences of a given environment or society but rather is common to all humans?
  - What was human life like prior to the creation of society?
  - What is the metaphysical structure of the human person? (Is the human person a soul imprisoned in a body, or just a material body, or a composite of body and soul, or what?)
  - What is the goal of human beings (as given by nature, God, evolution, etc.)?
  - What is the origin and destiny of humanity?
  - How ought humans to live?
14. "Can I ever know what someone else feels?" could mean such things as:
- Can I ever know (with reasonable evidence, or with absolute certitude) that another person has some specified feeling?
  - Can we, from facts about observable behavior, deduce facts about the inner feelings of another?
  - Can I ever know another's feelings in the immediate way that I know my own feelings?
  - Can I ever vividly and accurately imagine what it would be like to have a given person's feelings (empathy)?
- Can I ever know that the inner experience labeled by another person as, for example, "fear" feels the same as the inner experience that I would label as "fear"?
16. "Is the world illogical?" could mean such things as:
- Does the world often surprise us and shatter our preconceptions?
  - Are there many aspects of the world that cannot be rigidly systematized?
  - Are people frequently illogical (contradicting themselves or reasoning invalidly)?
  - Are people often more easily moved by rhetoric and emotion than by logically correct reasoning?
  - Can the premises of a valid argument be true while the conclusion was false?

## 3.6a

2. Analytic. (?)
4. Synthetic.
6. Analytic.
7. Synthetic.
8. Synthetic.
9. Analytic (by the definition of "100°C").
11. Synthetic. When black swan-like beings were discovered, people decided not to make "white" part of the definition of swan.
12. Analytic. (?)
13. Synthetic. (?)
14. Analytic.
16. Synthetic. (?)
17. Analytic.
18. Synthetic. (?)
19. Synthetic. (?)
21. Synthetic. (?)
22. Synthetic. (?)
23. Analytic.
24. Analytic.

## 3.7a

2. *A priori.* (?)
4. *A posteriori.*
6. *A priori.*
7. *A posteriori.*
8. *A posteriori.*
9. *A priori.*
11. *A posteriori.*

12. *A priori*. (?)
13. *A posteriori*. (?)
14. *A priori*.
16. *A posteriori*. (?)
17. *A priori*.
18. *A priori*. (?)
19. *A priori*. (?)
21. *A priori*. (?)
22. *A priori*. (?)
23. *A priori*.
24. *A priori*.

## 4.2a

2. Circular.
4. *Ad hominem*, false stereotype, or appeal to emotion.
6. Black-and-white thinking.
7. Beside the point (we have to show that the veto was the right move – not that it was decisive or courageous) or appeal to emotion (we praise the veto instead of giving reasons for thinking that it was the right move).
8. Part-whole.
9. *Ad hominem*.
11. Ambiguity. “Law” could mean “something legislated” (which requires a law-giver) or “observed regularity” (which doesn’t so clearly seem to require this).
12. Beside the point (we have to show that Smith committed the crime – not that the crime was horrible) or appeal to emotion (we stir up people’s emotions instead of showing that Smith committed the crime).
13. Circular.
14. Appeal to emotion or *ad hominem*.
16. Part-whole.
17. *Post hoc ergo propter hoc*.
18. Ambiguity. “Man” could mean “human being” or “adult male human being”; on either meaning, one or the other of the premises is false.
19. Appeal to force.
21. *Ad hominem*, false stereotype, or appeal to emotion.
22. Pro-con. What are the disadvantages of the proposal?
23. Complex question. This presumes “You’re a good boy if and only if you go to bed now.”

- (I prefer to ask, “Do you want to go to bed right now or in five minutes?”)
24. Appeal to ignorance.
  26. Straw man or false stereotype.
  27. Part-whole.
  28. False stereotype.
  29. Appeal to ignorance (unless it’s a trial).
  31. *Ad hominem*.
  32. Genetic.
  33. *Post hoc ergo propter hoc*.
  34. Complex question; it assumes that you killed the butler.
  36. Circular.
  37. Black-and-white thinking.
  38. Appeal to the crowd.
  39. This one is unclear. It could be circular (if calling it un-American means that it ought to be opposed), opposition (if it means that our opponents favor it), or appeal to emotion (if it’s just derogatory language).
  41. Ambiguity (“abnormal” shifts from “not typical” to “not healthy”) or false stereotype.
  42. Part-whole.
  43. Circular.
  44. Appeal to the crowd.
  46. *Post hoc ergo propter hoc*.
  47. Appeal to ignorance.
  48. Appeal to emotion.
  49. Straw man.
  51. Complex question.
  52. Appeal to ignorance.
  53. Part-whole.
  54. Genetic or false stereotype.
  56. Appeal to force.
  57. *Post hoc ergo propter hoc*.
  58. Black and white, or appeal to force.
  59. Ambiguous.

## 4.2b

2. Complex question.
4. Appeal to ignorance.
6. *Post hoc ergo propter hoc*.
7. Appeal to emotion.
8. Straw man.
9. Beside the point.
11. Part-whole.
12. Appeal to emotion, false stereotype, or *ad hominem*.

13. Straw man.
14. Appeal to opposition.
16. Appeal to the crowd.
17. Straw man.
18. Appeal to ignorance.
19. Pro-con.
21. Genetic.
22. Beside the point.
23. Appeal to opposition, appeal to emotion, or false stereotype.
24. Appeal to force.
26. False stereotype.
27. Appeal to ignorance.
28. Genetic.
29. Appeal to authority.
31. Appeal to force.
32. Appeal to authority.
33. Complex question.
34. Appeal to authority.
36. Straw man.
37. Ambiguous.
38. Complex question.
39. *Post hoc ergo propter hoc*.
41. Circular.
42. *Post hoc ergo propter hoc*.
43. Beside the point or complex question.
44. Black and white.
46. Appeal to force.
47. False stereotype.
48. Part-whole.
49. *Ad hominem*.
51. Appeal to the crowd.
52. Pro-con.
53. *Ad hominem* or appeal to emotion.
54. Appeal to force.
56. Part-whole.
57. Genetic.
58. Appeal to opposition, appeal to emotion, or false stereotype.
59. Appeal to ignorance.

### 4.3a

(Many of these are representative correct answers; but other answers may be correct.)

2. If we have ethical knowledge, then either ethical truths are provable or there are self-evident ethical truths.  
There are no self-evident ethical truths.

- Ethical truths aren't provable.  
∴ We have no ethical knowledge.
4. If we have ethical knowledge, then either ethical truths are provable or there are self-evident ethical truths.  
We have ethical knowledge.  
There are no self-evident ethical truths.  
∴ Ethical truths are provable.
6. All human concepts derive from sense experience.  
The concept of logical validity doesn't derive from sense experience.  
∴ The concept of logical validity isn't a human concept.
7. The concept of logical validity is a human concept.  
The concept of logical validity doesn't derive from sense experience.  
∴ Not all human concepts derive from sense experience.
8. Yes, if an argument is valid then its turn-around also is valid. Consider argument "A, B ∴ C" and its turnarounds "A, not-C ∴ not-B" and "not-C, B ∴ not-A." Each is valid if and only if the set "A, B, not-C" is inconsistent. So if any of the three is valid, then all three are.
9. If "No statement is true" is true, then some statement (namely this one) is true. Statement 9 implies its own falsity and hence is self-refuting.
11. This statement hasn't been proved. So on its own grounds we shouldn't accept it.
12. We can't decide the truth or falsity of this statement through scientific experiments. So on its own grounds it's meaningless.
13. Then this claim itself isn't true.
14. This itself hasn't been proved using experimental science. So on its own grounds we cannot know this statement.

### 4.4a

(These are examples of correct answers and aren't the only correct answers.)

2. Genocide in Nazi Germany was legal.  
Genocide in Nazi Germany wasn't right.

- ∴ It's false that every act is right if and only if it's legal.
4. If the agent and company will probably get caught, then offering the bribe probably doesn't maximize the long-term interests of everyone concerned.  
The agent and company will probably get caught. (One might offer an inductive argument for this one.)  
∴ Offering the bribe probably doesn't maximize the long-term interests of everyone concerned.  
(Also, one might appeal to the premise that replacing open and fair competition with bribery will bring about inferior and expensive products – which isn't in the public interest.)
6. Prescribing this medicine was a wrong action (as it turned out – because the patient was allergic to it).  
Prescribing this medicine was an error made in good faith (the doctor was trying to do the best she could – and she had no way to know about the patient's allergy).  
∴ Some wrong actions are errors made in good faith.
7. All blameworthy actions are actions where the agent lacks the proper motivation to find out and do what is right.  
No error made in good faith is an action where the agent lacks the proper motivation to find out and do what is right.  
∴ No error made in good faith is blameworthy.
8. Some acts of breaking deep confidences are socially useful.  
No acts of breaking deep confidences are right.  
∴ Not all socially useful acts are right.
9. Some acts of punishing the innocent in a minor way to avert a great disaster are right.  
All acts of punishing the innocent in a minor way to avert a great disaster are acts of punishing the innocent.  
∴ Some acts of punishing the innocent are right.
11. "All beliefs unnecessary to explain our experience ought to be rejected" is a self-refuting statement (since it too is unnecessary to explain our experience and so ought to be rejected on its own grounds).  
All self-refuting statements ought to be rejected.  
∴ "All beliefs unnecessary to explain our experience ought to be rejected" ought to be rejected.
12. If "All beliefs which give practical life benefits are justifiable pragmatically" isn't true, then there is no justification for believing in the reliability of our senses and rejecting skepticism about the external world.  
There is justification for believing in the reliability of our senses and rejecting skepticism about the external world.  
∴ "All beliefs which give practical life benefits are justifiable pragmatically" is true.
13. The idea of a perfect circle is an idea that we use in geometry.  
All ideas that we use in geometry are human concepts.  
∴ The idea of a perfect circle is a human concept.
14. If the idea of a perfect circle derives from sense experience, then we've experienced perfect circles through our senses.  
We haven't experienced perfect circles through our senses.  
∴ The idea of a perfect circle doesn't derive from sense experience.
- 5.2a
2. The Cubs have a 12 percent chance of winning ( $60 \cdot 20$  percent).
4. The probability of six heads in a row is 1.5625 percent ( $50 \cdot 50 \cdot 50 \cdot 50 \cdot 50 \cdot 50$  percent).
6. Michigan has a 14.4 percent chance to win the Rose Bowl and a 85.6 percent ( $100 - 14.4$  percent) chance to not win it. So the odds against Michigan winning it are 5.944 to 1 (unfavorable/favorable percent, or  $85.6/14.4$  percent). So you should win \$59.44 (on a \$10 bet) if Michigan wins it.
7. There are 16 cards worth 10 in the remaining 45 cards. So your chance of

getting a card worth 10 is 35.6 percent  $[(16 \cdot 100 \text{ percent})/45]$ .

8. Here there are 32 cards worth 10 in the remaining 97 cards. So your chance of getting a card worth 10 is 33.0 percent  $[(32 \cdot 100 \text{ percent})/97]$ .
9. Your sister is being fair. Since 18 of the 36 combinations give an even number, the odds for this are even.
11. Since there are 4 5s in the remaining 47 cards, you have an 8.5 percent  $[(4 \cdot 100)/47 \text{ percent}]$  chance of getting a 5. Since there are 2 3s in the remaining 47 cards, you have a 4.3 percent  $[(2 \cdot 100)/47 \text{ percent}]$  chance of getting a 3.
12. If the casino takes no cut, it takes 2000 people to contribute a dollar to pay for someone winning \$2000. So your chance of winning at best is 1 in 2000, or .05 percent. If the casino takes a large cut, your prospects could be much lower.
13. The probability is .27 percent (1/365).
14. We have a 30 percent chance of making the goal if we kick right now. Our chance is 35 percent (70 · 50 percent) if we try to make the first down and then kick. So we should go for the first down.

### 5.3a

2. You should believe it. It's 87.5 percent probable, since it happens in 7 of the 8 possible combinations.
4. You should believe it. It's 75 percent probable, since it happens in 6 of the 8 possible combinations.
6. Your expected gain is 10 percent with the bank, but 20 percent  $[(120 \cdot 1) + (0 \cdot 99) \text{ percent}]$  with Mushy. To maximize expected financial gain, go with Mushy. [To be safe, stay with the bank!]
7. The most that you'll agree to is \$100. [You'll agree to more if you want to be sensible about risk-taking and see that the insurance company has to make a profit.]
8. The least that you'll agree to charge is \$100 plus expenses.
9. Your expected gain is 11 percent with Enormity, but only 10 percent  $[(.8 \cdot 30) -$

$(.2 \cdot 70) \text{ percent}]$  with Mushy. You should go with Enormity.

### 5.4a

2. The conclusion is too precisely stated. It's likely on the basis of this data that *roughly 80 percent* of all Loyola students were born in Illinois – but not that *exactly 78.4 percent* of them were.
4. The sample may be biased. Many of us associate mostly with people more or less like ourselves.
6. This weakens the argument. Since Lucy was sick and missed most of her classes, she's probably less prepared for this quiz.
7. This weakens the argument, since informal logic differs significantly from formal logic.
8. This strengthens the argument. In fact, it provides an independent (and stronger) argument for the conclusion.
9. This weakens the argument, since it raises the suspicion that Lucy might slacken off on the last quiz.
11. This example is difficult. Premise 2 may be the weakest premise; we've examined many orderly things (plants, spider webs, the solar system, etc.) that we *don't already know* to have intelligent designers – unless we already presume the existence of God (which begs the question). Alvin Plantinga suggests that a better premise would be "Every orderly thing of which we know whether or not it has an intelligent designer in fact does have an intelligent designer." See his *God and Other Minds* for a discussion (and partial defense) of the argument.

### 5.5a

2. This strengthens the argument, since it points to increased points of similarity.
4. This doesn't affect the strength of the argument.
6. This doesn't affect the strength of the argument.
7. This strengthens the argument, since analogical reasoning is part of informal logic.

8. This doesn't affect the strength of the argument (unless we have further information on what logic books with cartoons are like).
9. This strengthens the argument, since analogical reasoning is part of inductive logic.
11. This strengthens the argument, since it increases the similarity between the two courses.
12. This one is tricky. Given no background information about utilitarianism, this item weakens the argument by pointing to a significant difference between the two courses. But, given the information that utilitarianism has to do with general ethical theory, the item strengthens the argument. If an applied ethics course treated this theory, then *even more so* a course in general ethical theory could be expected to cover it.
13. This strengthens the argument, since it increases the similarity between the two courses.
14. This doesn't affect the strength of the argument.

## 5.7a

2. Using the method of agreement, probably the combination of factors (having bacteria and food particles in your mouth) causes cavities, or else cavities cause the combination of factors. The latter is implausible (since it involves a present cavity causing a past combination of bacteria and food particles). So probably the combination of factors causes cavities.
4. By the method of variation, likely the variation in the time of the sunrise causes a variation in the time of the coldest temperature, or the second causes the first, or something else causes them both. The last two alternatives are implausible. So probably the variation in the time of the sunrise causes a variation in the time of the coldest temperature.
6. By the method of difference, probably the food I was eating is the cause (or part of the cause) of the invasion of the ants, or the invasion of the ants is the cause (or part of the cause) of my eating the food. The latter is implausible. So probably the food causes (or was part of the cause of) the invasion of the ants.
7. By the method of agreement, probably the presence of Megan causes the disappearance of the food, or else the disappearance of the food causes the presence of Megan. The latter is implausible. So probably the presence of Megan causes the disappearance of the food. (This all assumes something that the example doesn't explicitly state – namely, that no other factor correlates with the disappearance of the food.)
8. By the method of agreement, probably the presence of fluoride in the water causes a group to have less tooth decay, or else the fact that a group has less tooth decay causes the presence of fluoride in the water. The latter is implausible. So probably the presence of fluoride in the water causes a group to have less tooth decay.
9. By the method of difference, probably having fluoride in the water is the cause (or part of the cause) of the lower tooth decay rate, or else the lower tooth decay rate is the cause (or part of the cause) of the presence of fluoride in the water. Since *we* put fluoride in the water, we reject the second alternative. So probably having fluoride in the water is the cause (or part of the cause) of the lower tooth decay rate.
11. By the method of agreement, probably either Will's throwing food on the floor causes parental disapproval, or the disapproval causes Will to throw food on the floor. The second alternative is implausible. So probably Will's throwing food on the floor causes parental disapproval.
12. Mill's methods don't apply here. We can't conclude that marijuana causes heroin addiction. To apply the method of agreement, we'd have to know that people who use marijuana always or generally become heroine addicts.
13. By the method of variation, likely the rubbing is (or is part of) the cause of the heat, or the heat is (or is part of) the cause of the rubbing. The second alternative is

- implausible, since *we* cause the rubbing. So likely the rubbing is (or is part of) the cause of the heat.
14. By the method of variation, likely how long Alex studies is the cause of his grade, or his grade is the cause of how long he studies, or something else is the cause of both. If we are thinking about the *immediate* cause of the grade, the second alternative is implausible. (But getting good grades may encourage more studying later.) The third alternative could be true; maybe Alex is more interested in certain areas, and this interest causes more study and better grades in these areas. So likely how long Alex studies is [a major part of] the cause of his grade, or else something else is the cause of both.
  16. By the method of variation, likely moving the lever causes the sound to vary, or the varying of the sound causes the lever to move, or something else is the cause of both. Since Will himself causes the lever to move, the second and third alternatives are implausible. So probably moving the lever causes the sound to vary.
  17. By the method of agreement, probably aerobic exercise causes the lower heart rate, or the lower heart rate causes a person to do aerobic exercise. The second alternative is implausible, since the aerobic exercise comes first and then the lower heart rate later. So probably the aerobic exercise causes the lower heart rate.
  18. By the method of agreement, probably the solidification from a liquid state causes the crystalline structure, or the crystalline structure causes the solidification from a liquid state. The second alternative is implausible, since the solidification comes about first, before the crystalline structure. So probably the solidification from a liquid state causes the crystalline structure.
  19. The method of agreement would seem to lead us to conclude that probably night causes day or day causes night. However, to apply this method, we'd have to assume that a previous day is the only additional factor that occurred if and only if night occurred. We know that there's another factor that correlates with the occurrence of night, namely that the rotation of the earth has blocked the light of the sun. So it could be that the rotation of the earth causes both day and night.
  21. By the method of agreement, probably Kurt's wearing the headband causes him to make the field goals, or his making the field goals causes him to wear the headband. The latter is implausible, since wearing the headband comes first and the field goals come later. So probably Kurt's wearing the headband causes him to make the field goals. [More ultimately, Kurt's *belief* in his lucky headband may cause him to make the field goals when he's wearing it and to miss the field goals when he isn't. To test this hypothesis using the method of difference, substitute another headband when Kurt isn't looking and then see whether he makes his field goals.]
  22. By the method of difference, probably the water temperature was the cause (or part of the cause) of the death of the fish, or the death of the fish was the cause (or part of the cause) of the water temperature. The second alternative is implausible, since the temperature is controlled by the thermometer and doesn't change when fish die. So probably the water temperature was the cause (or part of the cause) of the death of the fish.
  23. By the method of agreement, probably a combination of factors (getting exposed to the bacteria when having an average or low heart rate) causes the sickness and death, or the sickness and death causes this combination of factors. Since the factors come first, the second alternative is implausible. So probably the combination of factors causes the sickness and death.
  24. By the method of variation, probably a higher inflation rate causes growth in the national debt, or growth in the national debt causes a higher inflation rate, or something else causes them both.

## 5.8a

2. First, we'd need some way to identify germs (perhaps using a microscope) and colds. Then we'd verify that when one occurs then so does the other. From Mill's method of agreement, we'd conclude that either germs cause colds or else colds cause germs. We'd eliminate the second alternative by observing that if we first introduce germs then later we'll have a cold (while we can't do it the other way around). We'd further support the conclusion by showing that eliminating germs eliminates the cold.
4. We'd pick two groups which are alike as much as possible and have one regularly and moderately use alcohol and the other regularly and moderately use marijuana. We'd then note the effects. One problem is that the harmful effects might show up only after a long period of time; so our experiment might have to continue for many years. Another problem is that it might be difficult to find sufficiently similar groups who would abide by the terms of the experiment over a long period of time.
6. We'd study two groups of married women as alike as possible except that the first group is career oriented while the second is home oriented. Then we'd use surveys or interviews to try to rate the successfulness of the marriages. One problem is that there may be different views of when a marriage is "successful." Also, many might be mistaken in appraising the success of their marriage.
7. First, we'd need some way to identify factor K and cancer. Then we'd need to verify that when one occurs then so does the other. From Mill's method of agreement, we'd conclude that either factor K causes cancer or else cancer causes factor K. We'd eliminate the second alternative by observing that if we first introduce factor K (in an animal) then later we'll have cancer. We'd further support the conclusion by showing that eliminating factor K eliminates the cancer.
8. First, we'd need some way to identify hydrogen and oxygen and to know when we

have a certain number of atoms of each. Then we'd try to find ways of converting water to hydrogen and oxygen – and hydrogen and oxygen back to water. We'd note that we get twice as many hydrogen atoms as oxygen atoms when we convert from water. Finally, we'd somehow have to eliminate the possibility that water contains 4 hydrogen atoms and 2 oxygen atoms (or  $6 + 3$ , or  $8 + 4$ , ...). [OK, I realize that this is pretty vague; if you know chemistry and have a better answer, then send it to me.]

9. The evidence for this would be indirect. We'd trace fossil remains and see whether they fit the patterns suggested by the theory. We'd study current plants and animals and see whether the theory explains their characteristics. We'd study the current growth and development in species – and try to produce new species of plants and animals. What is important here isn't a single "crucial experiment" (as in our Ohm vs. Mho case) but rather how the theory explains and unifies an enormous amount of biological data.

## 6.1a

2.  $(A \cdot (B \vee C))$
4.  $(A \supset (B \vee C))$
6.  $(\sim A \supset \sim(B \vee C))$
7.  $(\sim A \supset (\sim B \vee C))$
8.  $((A \vee B) \cdot C)$
9.  $(A \vee (B \cdot C))$
11.  $(E \supset (B \vee M))$
12.  $(C \supset (\sim B \supset (T \cdot W)))$
13.  $((\sim X \cdot M) \supset G)$
14.  $\sim(C \vee M)$
16.  $(P \supset M)$  [“(M · O) ⊃ W” is wrong, since the sentence doesn't mean “If Michigan plays (each other?) and Ohio State plays (each other?) then Michigan will win.” Instead, the sentence means “If Michigan plays Ohio State, then Michigan will win.”]
17.  $((D \cdot C) \vee L)$
18.  $((H \supset J) \cdot F)$
19.  $((R \vee F) \cdot L)$

6.2a

2. 0	8. 1	13. 1
4. 1	9. 0	14. 0
6. 0	11. 1	16. 1
7. 1	12. 1	17. 0

6.3a

2.  $(\sim 1 \cdot \sim 0) = (0 \cdot 1) = 0$
4.  $(1 \supset 0) = 0$
6.  $(\sim 1 \supset 1) = (0 \supset 1) = 1$
7.  $\sim(1 \supset 0) = \sim 0 = 1$
8.  $(1 \cdot (0 \vee 1)) = (1 \cdot 1) = 1$
9.  $(\sim(0 \cdot 1) \vee \sim 1) = (\sim 0 \vee 0) = (1 \vee 0) = 1$
11.  $((1 \cdot \sim 0) \supset \sim 1) = ((1 \cdot 1) \supset 0) = (1 \supset 0) = 0$
12.  $\sim(1 \supset (0 \vee \sim 1)) = \sim(1 \supset (0 \vee 0)) = \sim(1 \supset 0) = \sim 0 = 1$
13.  $(\sim 0 \vee \sim(\sim 1 \equiv 1)) = (1 \vee \sim(0 \equiv 1)) = (1 \vee \sim 0) = (1 \vee 1) = 1$
14.  $(\sim 0 \supset (1 \cdot 0)) = (1 \supset 0) = 0$

6.4a

2.  $(? \supset \sim 1) = (? \supset 0) = ?$
4.  $(\sim 0 \cdot ?) = (1 \cdot ?) = ?$
6.  $(\sim 1 \vee ?) = (0 \vee ?) = ?$
7.  $(? \supset \sim 1) = (? \supset 0) = ?$
8.  $(\sim 0 \vee ?) = (1 \vee ?) = 1$
9.  $(1 \cdot ?) = ?$
11.  $(? \cdot \sim 1) = (? \cdot 0) = 0$
12.  $(? \vee 0) = ?$

6.5a

2.	<u>P Q</u>	<u><math>(\sim P \cdot Q)</math></u>
	00	0
	01	1
	10	0
	11	0

4.	<u>P Q R</u>	<u><math>((P \cdot \sim Q) \supset R)</math></u>
	000	1
	001	1
	010	1
	011	1
	100	0
	101	1
	110	1
	111	1

6.	<u>P Q R</u>	<u><math>((P \vee \sim Q) \supset R)</math></u>
	000	0
	001	1
	010	1
	011	1
	100	0
	101	1
	110	0
	111	1

7.	<u>P Q</u>	<u><math>(\sim Q \supset \sim P)</math></u>
	00	1
	01	1
	10	0
	11	1

8.	<u>P</u>	<u><math>(P \equiv (P \cdot P))</math></u>
	0	1
	1	1

9.	<u>P Q R</u>	<u><math>\sim(P \cdot (Q \vee \sim R))</math></u>
	000	1
	001	1
	010	1
	011	1
	100	0
	101	1
	110	0
	111	0

6.6a

2. Valid: no row has 110.

	<u>C D</u>	<u><math>(C \supset D), \sim D \therefore \sim C</math></u>
	00	1 1 1
	01	1 0 1
	10	0 1 0
	11	1 0 0

4. Invalid: rows 2 and 6 have 110.

	<u>R L W</u>	<u><math>((R \cdot L) \supset W), \sim L \therefore \sim W</math></u>
	000	1 1 1
	001	1 1 0
	010	1 0 1
	011	1 0 0
	100	1 1 1
	101	1 1 0
	110	0 0 1
	111	1 0 0

6. Valid: no row has 1110.

M S G	M,	(M $\supset$ S),	(S $\supset$ G)	$\therefore$ G
000	0	1	1	0
001	0	1	1	1
010	0	1	0	0
011	0	1	1	1
100	1	0	1	0
101	1	0	1	1
110	1	1	0	0
111	1	1	1	1

7. Valid: no row has 110.

D G	(D $\supset$ G),	$\sim$ G	$\therefore$ $\sim$ D
00	1	1	1
01	1	0	1
10	0	1	0
11	1	0	0

8. Valid: no row has 1110.

E B R	E,	B,	((E $\cdot$ B) $\supset$ R)	$\therefore$ R
000	0	0	1	0
001	0	0	1	1
010	0	1	1	0
011	0	1	1	1
100	1	0	1	0
101	1	0	1	1
110	1	1	0	0
111	1	1	1	1

9. Valid: no row has 110.

P W	(P $\equiv$ W),	$\sim$ W	$\therefore$ $\sim$ P
00	1	1	1
01	0	0	1
10	0	1	0
11	1	0	0

11. Valid: no row has 1110.

G C M	(G $\supset$ C),	(C $\supset$ $\sim$ M),	M	$\therefore$ $\sim$ G
000	1	1	0	1
001	1	1	1	1
010	1	1	0	1
011	1	0	1	1
100	0	1	0	0
101	0	1	1	0
110	1	1	0	0
111	1	0	1	0

12. Invalid: row 3 has 1110.

F S O	(F $\supset$ (S $\vee$ O)),	$\sim$ O,	$\sim$ F	$\therefore$ $\sim$ S
000	1	1	1	1
001	1	0	1	1
010	1	1	1	0
011	1	0	1	0
100	0	1	0	1
101	1	0	0	1
110	1	1	0	0
111	1	0	0	0

6.7a

$$2. ((J^1 \cdot \sim D^1) \supset Z^0) = 1 \quad \text{Invalid}$$

$$\sim Z^0 = 1$$

$$D^1 = 1$$

$$\therefore \sim J^1 = 0$$

$$4. P^1 = 1 \quad \text{Invalid}$$

$$\therefore (P^1 \cdot Q^0) = 0$$

(While we don't initially get a value for Q, we can get true premises and a false conclusion if we make it false.)

$$6. ((A^1 \cdot U^1) \supset \sim B^1) \neq 1 \quad \text{Valid}$$

$$B^1 = 1$$

$$A^1 = 1$$

$$\therefore \sim U^1 = 0$$

$$7. ((W^0 \cdot C^1) \supset Z^0) = 1 \quad \text{Invalid}$$

$$\sim Z^0 = 1$$

$$\therefore \sim C^1 = 0$$

(While we don't initially get a value for W, we can get true premises and a false conclusion if we make it false.)

$$8. Q^1 = 1 \quad \text{Valid}$$

$$\therefore (P \supset Q^1) \neq 0$$

$$9. (E^0 \vee (Y \cdot X^0)) \neq 1 \quad \text{Valid}$$

$$\sim E^0 = 1$$

$$\therefore X^0 = 0$$

$$11. \sim P^0 = 1 \quad \text{Invalid}$$

$$\therefore \sim (Q^0 \supset P^0) = 0$$

(While we don't initially get a value for Q, we can get true premises and a false conclusion if we make it false.)

$$12. ((\sim M^0 \cdot G^1) \supset R^0) \neq 1 \quad \text{Valid}$$

$$\sim R^0 = 1$$

$$G^1 = 1$$

$$\therefore M^0 = 0$$

$$13. \sim (Q^0 \equiv I^0) \neq 1 \quad \text{Valid}$$

$$\sim Q^0 = 1$$

$$\therefore I^0 = 0$$

$$14. ((Q^1 \cdot R^0) \equiv S^0) = 1 \quad \text{Invalid}$$

$$Q^1 = 1$$

$$\therefore S^0 = 0$$

(While we don't initially get a value for R, we can get true premises and a false conclusion if we make it false.)

## 6.7b

$$2. ((P \cdot I) \supset O) \quad \text{Invalid}$$

$$P$$

$$\sim I$$

$$\therefore \sim O$$

$$4. ((P \cdot A) \supset E) \quad \text{Valid}$$

$$P$$

$$A$$

$$\therefore E$$

$$6. (D \supset (S \cdot R)) \quad \text{Invalid}$$

$$\sim S$$

$$\therefore \sim R$$

$$7. ((M \cdot \sim Y) \supset D) \quad \text{Valid}$$

$$\sim D$$

$$\sim Y$$

$$\therefore \sim M$$

$$8. ((T \cdot \sim U) \supset O) \quad \text{Valid}$$

$$T$$

$$\sim O$$

$$\therefore U$$

$$9. (F \supset (G \equiv O)) \quad \text{Valid}$$

$$F$$

$$O$$

$$\therefore G$$

$$11. (S \supset P) \quad \text{Valid}$$

$$\sim P$$

$$\therefore \sim S$$

$$12. ((J \cdot \sim V) \supset (R \vee D)) \quad \text{Invalid}$$

$$\sim R$$

$$\sim D$$

$$\therefore \sim J$$

$$13. (I \supset (B \vee N)) \quad \text{Valid}$$

$$\sim B$$

$$\sim N$$

$$\therefore \sim I$$

$$14. (L \supset (C \vee H)) \quad \text{Invalid}$$

$$L$$

$$\therefore H$$

$$16. (K \supset (W \vee P)) \quad \text{Valid}$$

$$\sim P$$

$$K$$

$$\therefore W$$

$$17. ((M \vee \sim S) \supset V) \quad \text{Invalid}$$

$$\sim M$$

$$S$$

$$\therefore \sim V$$

$$18. ((M \cdot G) \supset H) \quad \text{Valid}$$

$$G$$

$$\sim H$$

$$\therefore \sim M$$

$$19. (I \supset (S \vee C)) \quad \text{Invalid}$$

$$\sim S$$

$$\therefore \sim I$$

$$21. (M \supset N) \quad \text{Valid}$$

$$\sim N$$

$$\therefore \sim M$$

$$22. (M \supset N) \quad \text{Valid}$$

$$\sim N$$

$$\therefore \sim M$$

$$23. (R \supset E) \quad \text{Valid}$$

$$\sim E$$

$$\therefore \sim R$$

## 6.8a

$$2. (S \supset F) \text{ or, equivalently, } (\sim F \supset \sim S)$$

$$4. (T \supset P)$$

$$6. (M \equiv R)$$

$$7. (F \vee D)$$

$$8. (\sim A \cdot \sim H) \text{ or, equivalently, } \sim(A \vee H)$$

$$9. (N \equiv A)$$

$$11. (Y \supset I)$$

$$12. (F \supset \sim K)$$

$$13. (\sim T \supset \sim K)$$

$$14. ((M \vee F) \cdot \sim(M \cdot F))$$

## 6.9a

$$2. (F \supset (W \vee P)) \quad \text{Valid}$$

$$F$$

$$\sim P$$

$$\therefore W$$

$$4. (M \supset R) \quad \text{Invalid}$$

$$R$$

$$\therefore M$$

6.  $(\sim C \supset \sim S)$  Invalid

C

$\therefore S$

7.  $((O \cdot \sim N) \supset B)$  Invalid

N

$\therefore \sim B$

8.  $((D \cdot F) \supset H)$  Valid

$\sim H$

D

$\therefore \sim F$

9.  $(F \supset O)$  Invalid

O

$\therefore F$

11.  $(B \supset T)$  Valid

B

$\therefore T$

The implicit premise 2 is "The ball broke the plane of the end zone."

12.  $(\sim I \supset (F \vee S))$  Valid

$\sim S$

$\sim F$

$\therefore I$

13.  $(C \supset H)$  Invalid

$\sim C$

$\therefore \sim H$

14.  $(R \supset S)$  Valid

$\sim S$

$\therefore \sim R$

The implicit premise 2 is "We don't see the white Appalachian Trail blazes on the trees."

16.  $(E \supset A)$  Invalid

$\sim E$

$\therefore \sim A$

17.  $((T \vee A) \supset B)$  Valid

T

$\therefore B$

If you wanted to get really sticky about this, you could use T for "Texas wins" and B for "Texas just beat Oklahoma 17-14" and add an implicit " $(B \supset T)$ " premise.

18.  $(R \vee Q)$  Valid

$\sim R$

$\therefore Q$

The implicit premise 2 is "You aren't giving me a raise."

19.  $(E \supset I)$  Valid

$\sim I$

$\therefore \sim E$

21.  $(C \supset D)$  Valid

$\sim D$

$\therefore \sim C$

22.  $(W \supset G)$  Valid

$\sim G$

$\therefore \sim W$

The implicit premise 2 is "God doesn't need a cause."

### 6.10a

2. no conclusion

4. F,  $\sim M$

6. no conclusion

7.  $\sim I, V$

8. no conclusion

9.  $\sim Q, B$

11. no conclusion

12. no conclusion

13. N, E

14. no conclusion

16.  $\sim D, \sim Z$

17.  $\sim Y, \sim G$

18. no conclusion

19.  $\sim U, L$

### 6.11a

2. no conclusion

4. no conclusion

6. no conclusion

7. K

8. no conclusion

9. G

11. no conclusion

12.  $\sim N$

13. no conclusion

14. no conclusion

16. no conclusion

17. L

18. no conclusion

19. no conclusion

### 6.12a

2. B,  $\sim C$

4. no conclusion

- 6. I
- 7. no conclusion
- 8. no conclusion
- 9.  $\sim C, \sim D$
- 11.  $\sim M, I$
- 12.  $\sim R$
- 13.  $\sim L, S$
- 14.  $\sim T$
- 16. no conclusion

## 6.13a

- 2. no conclusion
- 4.  $\sim(I \vee J)$
- 6. no conclusion
- 7.  $\sim(A \supset B), \sim C$
- 8. C
- 9. no conclusion

## 7.1a

- 2. Valid
  - 1 A
  - [ $\therefore (A \vee B)$
  - 2 [asm:  $\sim(A \vee B)$
  - 3 [ $\therefore \sim A$  {from 2}
  - 4  $\therefore (A \vee B)$  {from 2; 1 contradicts 3}
- 4. Valid
  - \* 1  $((A \vee B) \supset C)$
  - [ $\therefore (\sim C \supset \sim B)$
  - \* 2 [asm:  $\sim(\sim C \supset \sim B)$
  - 3 [ $\therefore \sim C$  {from 2}
  - 4 [ $\therefore B$  {from 2}
  - \* 5 [ $\therefore \sim(A \vee B)$  {from 1 and 3}
  - 6 [ $\therefore \sim A$  {from 5}
  - 7 [ $\therefore \sim B$  {from 5}
  - 8  $\therefore (\sim C \supset \sim B)$  {from 2; 4 contradicts 7}
- 6. Valid
  - \* 1  $(A \supset B)$
  - \* 2  $(B \supset C)$
  - [ $\therefore (A \supset C)$
  - \* 3 [asm:  $\sim(A \supset C)$
  - 4 [ $\therefore A$  {from 3}
  - 5 [ $\therefore \sim C$  {from 3}
  - 6 [ $\therefore B$  {from 1 and 4}
  - 7 [ $\therefore \sim B$  {from 2 and 5}
  - 8  $\therefore (A \supset C)$  {from 3; 6 contradicts 7}

- 7. Valid
  - \* 1  $(A \equiv B)$
  - [ $\therefore (A \supset (A \cdot B))$
  - \* 2 [asm:  $\sim(A \supset (A \cdot B))$
  - \* 3 [ $\therefore (A \supset B)$  {from 1}
  - 4 [ $\therefore (B \supset A)$  {from 1}
  - 5 [ $\therefore A$  {from 2}
  - \* 6 [ $\therefore \sim(A \cdot B)$  {from 2}
  - 7 [ $\therefore B$  {from 3 and 5}
  - 8 [ $\therefore \sim B$  {from 5 and 6}
  - 9  $\therefore (A \supset (A \cdot B))$  {from 2; 7 contradicts 8}

- 8. Valid
  - \* 1  $\sim(A \vee B)$
  - \* 2  $(C \vee B)$
  - \* 3  $\sim(D \cdot C)$
  - [ $\therefore \sim D$
  - 4 [asm: D
  - 5 [ $\therefore \sim A$  {from 1}
  - 6 [ $\therefore \sim B$  {from 1}
  - 7 [ $\therefore C$  {from 2 and 6}
  - 8 [ $\therefore \sim C$  {from 3 and 4}
  - 9  $\therefore \sim D$  {from 4; 7 contradicts 8}

- 9. Valid
  - \* 1  $(A \supset B)$
  - 2  $\sim B$
  - [ $\therefore (A \equiv B)$
  - \* 3 [asm:  $\sim(A \equiv B)$
  - \* 4 [ $\therefore (A \vee B)$  {from 3}
  - 5 [ $\therefore \sim(A \cdot B)$  {from 3}
  - 6 [ $\therefore \sim A$  {from 1 and 2}
  - 7 [ $\therefore A$  {from 2 and 4}
  - 8  $\therefore (A \equiv B)$  {from 3; 6 contradicts 7}

## 7.1b

- 2. Valid
  - \* 1  $(P \supset I)$
  - \* 2  $(I \supset \sim F)$
  - [ $\therefore (F \supset \sim P)$
  - \* 3 [asm:  $\sim(F \supset \sim P)$
  - 4 [ $\therefore F$  {from 3}
  - 5 [ $\therefore P$  {from 3}
  - 6 [ $\therefore I$  {from 1 and 5}
  - 7 [ $\therefore \sim I$  {from 2 and 4}
  - 8  $\therefore (F \supset \sim P)$  {from 3; 6 contradicts 7}
- 4. Valid
  - 1 U

- 2 M  
 3 W  
 \* 4  $((M \cdot W) \supset P)$   
 \* 5  $((U \cdot P) \supset D)$   
 $[\therefore D$   
 6 asm:  $\sim D$   
 \* 7  $[\therefore \sim(U \cdot P)$  {from 5 and 6}  
 8  $[\therefore \sim P$  {from 1 and 7}  
 \* 9  $[\therefore \sim(M \cdot W)$  {from 4 and 8}  
 10  $[\therefore \sim W$  {from 2 and 9}  
 11  $\therefore D$  {from 6; 3 contradicts 10}

6. Valid

- \* 1  $(L \supset B)$   
 \* 2  $(L \supset \sim B)$   
 $[\therefore \sim L$   
 3 asm: L  
 4  $[\therefore B$  {from 1 and 3}  
 5  $[\therefore \sim B$  {from 2 and 3}  
 6  $\therefore \sim L$  {from 3; 4 contradicts 5}

7. Valid

- 1 B  
 \* 2  $(B \supset C)$   
 \* 3  $(C \supset P)$   
 $[\therefore P$   
 4 asm:  $\sim P$   
 5  $[\therefore C$  {from 1 and 2}  
 6  $[\therefore \sim C$  {from 3 and 4}  
 7  $\therefore P$  {from 4; 5 contradicts 6}

8. Valid

- \* 1  $((B \cdot \sim P) \supset C)$   
 \* 2  $(C \supset G)$   
 3  $\sim G$   
 $[\therefore (\sim B \vee P)$   
 \* 4 asm:  $\sim(\sim B \vee P)$   
 5  $[\therefore B$  {from 4}  
 6  $[\therefore \sim P$  {from 4}  
 7  $[\therefore \sim C$  {from 2 and 3}  
 \* 8  $[\therefore \sim(B \cdot \sim P)$  {from 1 and 7}  
 9  $[\therefore P$  {from 5 and 8}  
 10  $\therefore (\sim B \vee P)$  {from 4; 6 contradicts 9}

9. Valid

- 1 G  
 \* 2  $((G \cdot E) \supset C)$   
 3  $\sim C$   
 \* 4  $(\sim E \supset B)$   
 $[\therefore B$   
 5  $\lceil$  asm:  $\sim B$

- \* 6  $[\therefore \sim(G \cdot E)$  {from 2 and 3}  
 7  $[\therefore E$  {from 4 and 5}  
 8  $[\therefore \sim E$  {from 1 and 6}  
 9  $\therefore B$  {from 5; 7 contradicts 8}

11. Valid

- \* 1  $(L \supset (R \supset (A \cdot W)))$   
 2 R  
 $[\therefore (L \supset W)$   
 \* 3 asm:  $\sim(L \supset W)$   
 4  $[\therefore L$  {from 3}  
 5  $[\therefore \sim W$  {from 3}  
 \* 6  $[\therefore (R \supset (A \cdot W))$  {from 1 and 4}  
 \* 7  $[\therefore (A \cdot W)$  {from 2 and 6}  
 8  $[\therefore A$  {from 7}  
 9  $[\therefore W$  {from 7}  
 10  $\therefore (L \supset W)$  {from 3; 5 contradicts 9}

12. Valid

- \* 1  $(N \supset (C \cdot F))$   
 2 O  
 \* 3  $((F \cdot O) \supset E)$   
 $[\therefore (N \supset E)$   
 \* 4 asm:  $\sim(N \supset E)$   
 5  $[\therefore N$  {from 4}  
 6  $[\therefore \sim E$  {from 4}  
 \* 7  $[\therefore (C \cdot F)$  {from 1 and 5}  
 8  $[\therefore C$  {from 7}  
 9  $[\therefore F$  {from 7}  
 \* 10  $[\therefore \sim(F \cdot O)$  {from 3 and 6}  
 11  $[\therefore \sim F$  {from 2 and 10}  
 12  $\therefore (N \supset E)$  {from 4; 9 contradicts 11}

13. Valid

- \* 1  $(I \supset (U \cdot \sim C))$   
 \* 2  $(U \supset (D \vee E))$   
 \* 3  $(D \supset A)$   
 4  $\sim A$   
 \* 5  $(E \supset C)$   
 $[\therefore \sim I$   
 6 asm: I  
 \* 7  $[\therefore (U \cdot \sim C)$  {from 1 and 6}  
 8  $[\therefore U$  {from 7}  
 9  $[\therefore \sim C$  {from 7}  
 \* 10  $[\therefore (D \vee E)$  {from 2 and 8}  
 11  $[\therefore \sim D$  {from 3 and 4}  
 12  $[\therefore \sim E$  {from 5 and 9}  
 13  $[\therefore E$  {from 10 and 11}  
 14  $\therefore \sim I$  {from 6; 12 contradicts 13}

## 14. Valid

- \* 1  $(G \supset N)$
- \* 2  $(N \supset (P \vee (\sim P \cdot F)))$
- \* 3  $(P \supset \sim G)$
- \* 4  $(F \supset \sim G)$
- [ $\therefore \sim G$
- 5  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } G \\ \therefore N \quad \{\text{from 1 and 5}\} \end{array} \right.$
- \* 7  $\therefore (P \vee (\sim P \cdot F)) \quad \{\text{from 2 and 6}\}$
- 8  $\therefore \sim P \quad \{\text{from 3 and 5}\}$
- 9  $\therefore \sim F \quad \{\text{from 4 and 5}\}$
- \* 10  $\therefore (\sim P \cdot F) \quad \{\text{from 7 and 8}\}$
- 11  $\therefore F \quad \{\text{from 10}\}$
- 12  $\therefore \sim G \quad \{\text{from 5; 9 contradicts 11}\}$

## 7.2a

## 2. Invalid

- \* 1  $(A \supset B)$
- 2  $(C \supset B)$
- [ $\therefore (A \supset C)$
- \* 3  $\text{asm: } \sim(A \supset C)$
- 4  $\therefore A \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$
- 5  $\therefore \sim C \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$
- 6  $\therefore B \quad \{\text{from 1 and 4}\}$

A,  $\sim C$ , B

## 4. Invalid

- 1  $(A \supset (B \cdot C))$
- \* 2  $(\sim C \supset D)$
- [ $\therefore ((B \cdot \sim D) \supset A)$
- \* 3  $\text{asm: } \sim((B \cdot \sim D) \supset A)$
- \* 4  $\therefore (B \cdot \sim D) \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$
- 5  $\therefore \sim A \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$
- 6  $\therefore B \quad \{\text{from 4}\}$
- 7  $\therefore \sim D \quad \{\text{from 4}\}$
- 8  $\therefore C \quad \{\text{from 2 and 7}\}$

 $\sim A$ , B,  $\sim D$ , C

## 6. Invalid

- \* 1  $(A \equiv B)$
- 2  $(C \supset B)$
- \* 3  $\sim(C \cdot D)$
- 4 D
- [ $\therefore \sim A$
- 5  $\text{asm: } A$
- \* 6  $\therefore (A \supset B) \quad \{\text{from 1}\}$
- 7  $\therefore (B \supset A) \quad \{\text{from 1}\}$
- 8  $\therefore \sim C \quad \{\text{from 3 and 4}\}$
- 9  $\therefore B \quad \{\text{from 5 and 6}\}$

D, A,  $\sim C$ , B

## 7. Invalid

- \* 1  $((A \cdot B) \supset C)$
- [ $\therefore (B \supset C)$
- \* 2  $\text{asm: } \sim(B \supset C)$
- 3  $\therefore B \quad \{\text{from 2}\}$
- 4  $\therefore \sim C \quad \{\text{from 2}\}$
- \* 5  $\therefore \sim(A \cdot B) \quad \{\text{from 1 and 4}\}$
- 6  $\therefore \sim A \quad \{\text{from 3 and 5}\}$

B,  $\sim C$ ,  $\sim A$ 

## 8. Invalid

- \* 1  $((A \cdot B) \supset C)$
- \* 2  $((C \vee D) \supset \sim E)$
- [ $\therefore \sim(A \cdot E)$
- \* 3  $\text{asm: } (A \cdot E)$
- 4  $\therefore A \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$
- 5  $\therefore E \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$
- \* 6  $\therefore \sim(C \vee D) \quad \{\text{from 2 and 5}\}$
- 7  $\therefore \sim C \quad \{\text{from 6}\}$
- 8  $\therefore \sim D \quad \{\text{from 6}\}$
- \* 9  $\therefore \sim(A \cdot B) \quad \{\text{from 1 and 7}\}$
- 10  $\therefore \sim B \quad \{\text{from 4 and 9}\}$

A, E,  $\sim C$ ,  $\sim D$ ,  $\sim B$ 

## 9. Invalid

- \* 1  $\sim(A \cdot B)$
- 2  $(\sim A \vee C)$
- [ $\therefore \sim(C \cdot B)$
- \* 3  $\text{asm: } (C \cdot B)$
- 4  $\therefore C \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$
- 5  $\therefore B \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$
- 6  $\therefore \sim A \quad \{\text{from 1 and 5}\}$

C, B,  $\sim A$ 

## 7.2b

## 2. Valid

- \* 1  $(V \supset (P \vee A))$
- \* 2  $(P \supset S)$
- \* 3  $(A \supset N)$
- \* 4  $(\sim S \cdot \sim N)$
- [ $\therefore \sim V$
- 5  $\text{asm: } V$
- 6  $\therefore \sim S \quad \{\text{from 4}\}$
- 7  $\therefore \sim N \quad \{\text{from 4}\}$
- \* 8  $\therefore (P \vee A) \quad \{\text{from 1 and 5}\}$
- 9  $\therefore \sim P \quad \{\text{from 2 and 6}\}$
- 10  $\therefore \sim A \quad \{\text{from 3 and 7}\}$
- 11  $\therefore A \quad \{\text{from 8 and 9}\}$
- 12  $\therefore \sim V \quad \{\text{from 5; 10 contradicts 11}\}$

## 4. Invalid

- 1  $((M \cdot \sim A) \supset I)$

W, M, A

2  $(I \supset W)$   
 $[\therefore ((M \cdot A) \supset \sim W)$   
 \* 3 asm:  $\sim((M \cdot A) \supset \sim W)$   
 \* 4  $\therefore (M \cdot A)$  {from 3}  
 5  $\therefore W$  {from 3}  
 6  $\therefore M$  {from 4}  
 7  $\therefore A$  {from 4}  
 “ $((M \cdot \sim A) \supset W)$ ” follows from the premises and is a more plausible conclusion.

6. Invalid

F,  $\sim P$ ,  $\sim B$ ,  $\sim G$ 

\* 1  $(P \vee (G \supset B))$   
 \* 2  $(P \supset \sim F)$   
 \* 3  $(B \supset \sim F)$   
 $[\therefore \sim F$   
 4 asm: F  
 5  $\therefore \sim P$  {from 2 and 4}  
 \* 6  $\therefore (G \supset B)$  {from 1 and 5}  
 7  $\therefore \sim B$  {from 3 and 4}  
 8  $\therefore \sim G$  {from 6 and 7}

An added “G” premise would make it valid.

7. Valid

\* 1  $(P \supset C)$   
 \* 2  $((C \cdot D) \supset \sim G)$   
 $[\therefore (G \supset (\sim P \vee \sim D))$   
 \* 3 [asm:  $\sim(G \supset (\sim P \vee \sim D))$   
 4  $\therefore G$  {from 3}  
 \* 5  $\therefore \sim(\sim P \vee \sim D)$  {from 3}  
 6  $\therefore P$  {from 5}  
 7  $\therefore D$  {from 5}  
 8  $\therefore C$  {from 1 and 6}  
 \* 9  $\therefore \sim(C \cdot D)$  {from 2 and 4}  
 10  $\therefore \sim C$  {from 7 and 9}  
 11  $\therefore (G \supset (\sim P \vee \sim D))$  {from 3; 8 contradicts 10}

8. Invalid

H,  $\sim F$ , E,  $\sim D$ 

1  $(D \supset \sim F)$   
 \* 2  $(H \supset E)$   
 \* 3  $(E \supset \sim D)$   
 $[\therefore (H \supset F)$   
 \* 4 asm:  $\sim(H \supset F)$   
 5  $\therefore H$  {from 4}  
 6  $\therefore \sim F$  {from 4}  
 7  $\therefore E$  {from 2 and 5}  
 8  $\therefore \sim D$  {from 3 and 7}

9. Valid

1 G

2  $\sim B$   
 3 O  
 \* 4  $((G \cdot \sim B) \supset C)$   
 \* 5  $((C \cdot O) \supset R)$   
 $[\therefore R$   
 6 [asm:  $\sim R$   
 \* 7  $\therefore \sim(C \cdot O)$  {from 5 and 6}  
 8  $\therefore \sim C$  {from 3 and 7}  
 \* 9  $\therefore \sim(G \cdot \sim B)$  {from 4 and 8}  
 10  $\therefore B$  {from 1 and 9}  
 11  $\therefore R$  {from 6; 2 contradicts 10}

11. Invalid

T,  $\sim I$ , E,  $\sim M$ 

1  $(M \supset \sim I)$   
 2  $(I \supset \sim M)$   
 \* 3  $(E \supset \sim M)$   
 \* 4  $(T \supset E)$   
 $[\therefore (T \supset I)$   
 \* 5 asm:  $\sim(T \supset I)$   
 6  $\therefore T$  {from 5}  
 7  $\therefore \sim I$  {from 5}  
 8  $\therefore E$  {from 4 and 6}  
 9  $\therefore \sim M$  {from 3 and 8}

12. Valid

\* 1  $((D \cdot C) \supset U)$   
 \* 2  $(U \supset O)$   
 \* 3  $((D \cdot R) \supset U)$   
 $[\therefore (D \supset (O \vee (\sim C \cdot \sim R)))$   
 \* 4 [asm:  $\sim(D \supset (O \vee (\sim C \cdot \sim R)))$   
 5  $\therefore D$  {from 4}  
 \* 6  $\therefore \sim(O \vee (\sim C \cdot \sim R))$  {from 4}  
 7  $\therefore \sim O$  {from 6}  
 \* 8  $\therefore \sim(\sim C \cdot \sim R)$  {from 6}  
 9  $\therefore \sim U$  {from 2 and 7}  
 \* 10  $\therefore \sim(D \cdot C)$  {from 1 and 9}  
 \* 11  $\therefore \sim(D \cdot R)$  {from 3 and 9}  
 12  $\therefore \sim C$  {from 5 and 10}  
 13  $\therefore R$  {from 8 and 12}  
 14  $\therefore \sim R$  {from 5 and 11}  
 15  $\therefore (D \supset (O \vee (\sim C \cdot \sim R)))$  {from 4; 13 contradicts 14}

13. Invalid

 $\sim W$ ,  $\sim P$ , V, D

\* 1  $(P \supset W)$   
 \* 2  $((\sim D \cdot V) \supset W)$   
 3  $(P \supset \sim D)$   
 $[\therefore ((P \vee V) \supset W)$   
 \* 4 asm:  $\sim((P \vee V) \supset W)$   
 \* 5  $\therefore (P \vee V)$  {from 4}

- 6  $\therefore \sim W$  {from 4}  
 7  $\therefore \sim P$  {from 1 and 6}  
 \* 8  $\therefore \sim(\sim D \cdot V)$  {from 2 and 6}  
 9  $\therefore V$  {from 5 and 7}  
 10  $\therefore D$  {from 8 and 9}
14. Valid  
 \* 1  $((C \cdot N) \supset Y)$   
 2  $\sim Y$   
 $[\therefore (C \supset \sim N)]$   
 \* 3  $\text{asm: } \sim(C \supset \sim N)$   
 4  $\therefore C$  {from 3}  
 5  $\therefore N$  {from 3}  
 \* 6  $\therefore \sim(C \cdot N)$  {from 1 and 2}  
 7  $\therefore \sim N$  {from 4 and 6}  
 8  $\therefore (C \supset \sim N)$  {from 3; 5 contradicts 7}

16. Valid  
 1 A  
 \* 2  $(A \supset (C \cdot \sim N))$   
 \* 3  $(\sim N \supset \sim K)$   
 $[\therefore \sim K]$   
 4  $\text{asm: } K$   
 \* 5  $\therefore (C \cdot \sim N)$  {from 1 and 2}  
 6  $\therefore C$  {from 5}  
 7  $\therefore \sim N$  {from 5}  
 8  $\therefore N$  {from 3 and 4}  
 9  $\therefore \sim K$  {from 4; 7 contradicts 8}

17. Valid  
 \* 1  $(C \supset (W \vee B))$   
 \* 2  $(P \supset \sim W)$   
 \* 3  $(B \supset \sim P)$   
 $[\therefore (P \supset \sim C)]$   
 \* 4  $\text{asm: } \sim(P \supset \sim C)$   
 5  $\therefore P$  {from 4}  
 6  $\therefore C$  {from 4}  
 \* 7  $\therefore (W \vee B)$  {from 1 and 6}  
 8  $\therefore \sim B$  {from 3 and 5}  
 9  $\therefore \sim W$  {from 2 and 5}  
 10  $\therefore W$  {from 7 and 8}  
 11  $\therefore (P \supset \sim C)$  {from 4; 9 contradicts 10}

18. Invalid  $\sim D, R, \sim B$   
 1  $(B \supset R)$   
 2  $\sim D$   
 \* 3  $(B \supset D)$   
 $[\therefore \sim R]$   
 4  $\text{asm: } R$   
 5  $\therefore \sim B$  {from 2 and 3}

19. Valid  
 1 E  
 \* 2  $(\sim R \supset F)$   
 \* 3  $((E \cdot F) \supset H)$   
 $[\therefore (R \vee H)]$   
 \* 4  $\text{asm: } \sim(R \vee H)$   
 5  $\therefore \sim R$  {from 4}  
 6  $\therefore \sim H$  {from 4}  
 7  $\therefore F$  {from 2 and 5}  
 \* 8  $\therefore \sim(E \cdot F)$  {from 3 and 6}  
 9  $\therefore \sim F$  {from 1 and 8}  
 10  $\therefore (R \vee H)$  {from 4; 7 contradicts 9}

21. Valid  
 \* 1  $((R \cdot \sim K) \supset O)$   
 \* 2  $((\sim R \cdot \sim K) \supset O)$   
 3  $\sim K$   
 $[\therefore O]$   
 4  $\text{asm: } \sim O$   
 \* 5  $\therefore \sim(R \cdot \sim K)$  {from 1 and 4}  
 \* 6  $\therefore \sim(\sim R \cdot \sim K)$  {from 2 and 4}  
 7  $\therefore \sim R$  {from 3 and 5}  
 8  $\therefore R$  {from 3 and 6}  
 9  $\therefore O$  {from 4; 7 contradicts 8}

22. Invalid  $\sim E, \sim S, \sim K$   
 1  $(K \supset \sim E)$   
 \* 2  $(K \supset S)$   
 \* 3  $(S \supset E)$   
 $[\therefore E]$   
 4  $\text{asm: } \sim E$   
 5  $\therefore \sim S$  {from 3 and 4}  
 6  $\therefore \sim K$  {from 2 and 5}

23. Invalid  $I, \sim G, \sim P, W$   
 1 I  
 \* 2  $(I \supset (W \vee P))$   
 \* 3  $(P \supset G)$   
 $[\therefore G]$   
 4  $\text{asm: } \sim G$   
 \* 5  $\therefore (W \vee P)$  {from 1 and 2}  
 6  $\therefore \sim P$  {from 3 and 4}  
 7  $\therefore W$  {from 5 and 6}  
 An added " $\sim W$ " premise would make it valid.

24. Valid  
 1 D  
 2 O  
 \* 3  $(O \supset \sim C)$   
 \* 4  $((D \cdot \sim C) \supset \sim M)$

- \* 5  $(R \supset M)$   
 $[\therefore \sim R$   
 6  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } R \\ 7 \therefore \sim C \text{ \{from 2 and 3\}} \\ 8 \therefore M \text{ \{from 5 and 6\}} \end{array} \right.$   
 \* 9  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \therefore \sim(D \cdot \sim C) \text{ \{from 4 and 8\}} \\ 10 \therefore C \text{ \{from 1 and 9\}} \\ 11 \therefore \sim R \text{ \{from 6; 7 contradicts 10\}} \end{array} \right.$

## 7.3a

## 2. Valid

- \* 1  $((A \cdot B) \supset C) \supset (D \supset E)$   
 2  $D$   
 $[\therefore (C \supset E)$   
 \* 3  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim(C \supset E) \\ 4 \therefore C \text{ \{from 3\}} \\ 5 \therefore \sim E \text{ \{from 3\}} \\ 6 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim((A \cdot B) \supset C) \text{ \{break 1\}} \\ 7 \therefore (A \cdot B) \text{ \{from 6\}} \\ 8 \therefore \sim C \text{ \{from 6\}} \\ 9 \therefore ((A \cdot B) \supset C) \text{ \{from 6; 4 contradicts 8\}} \end{array} \right. \\ * 10 \therefore (D \supset E) \text{ \{from 1 and 9\}} \\ 11 \therefore E \text{ \{from 2 and 10\}} \\ 12 \therefore (C \supset E) \text{ \{from 3; 5 contradicts 11\}} \end{array} \right.$

## 4. Valid

- \* 1  $(A \vee (D \cdot E))$   
 2  $(A \supset (B \cdot C))$   
 $[\therefore (D \vee C)$   
 \* 3  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim(D \vee C) \\ 4 \therefore \sim D \text{ \{from 3\}} \\ 5 \therefore \sim C \text{ \{from 3\}} \\ 6 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } A \text{ \{break 1\}} \\ 7 \therefore (B \cdot C) \text{ \{from 2 and 6\}} \\ 8 \therefore B \text{ \{from 7\}} \\ 9 \therefore C \text{ \{from 7\}} \\ 10 \therefore \sim A \text{ \{from 6; 5 contradicts 9\}} \\ 11 \therefore (D \cdot E) \text{ \{from 1 and 10\}} \\ 12 \therefore D \text{ \{from 11\}} \\ 13 \therefore (D \vee C) \text{ \{from 3; 4 contradicts 12\}} \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right.$

## 6. Valid

- \* 1  $(\sim(A \vee B) \supset (C \supset D))$   
 \* 2  $(\sim A \cdot \sim D)$   
 $[\therefore (\sim B \supset \sim C)$   
 \* 3  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim(\sim B \supset \sim C) \\ 4 \therefore \sim A \text{ \{from 2\}} \\ 5 \therefore \sim D \text{ \{from 2\}} \\ 6 \therefore \sim B \text{ \{from 3\}} \end{array} \right.$

- 7  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \therefore C \text{ \{from 3\}} \\ 8 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } (A \vee B) \text{ \{break 1\}} \\ 9 \therefore B \text{ \{from 4 and 8\}} \end{array} \right. \\ 10 \therefore \sim(A \vee B) \text{ \{from 8; 6 contradicts 9\}} \\ * 11 \therefore (C \supset D) \text{ \{from 1 and 10\}} \\ 12 \therefore \sim C \text{ \{from 5 and 11\}} \\ 13 \therefore (\sim B \supset \sim C) \text{ \{from 3; 7 contradicts 12\}} \end{array} \right.$

## 7. Valid

- \* 1  $(\sim A \equiv B)$   
 $[\therefore \sim(A \equiv B)$   
 \* 2  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } (A \equiv B) \\ * 3 \therefore (\sim A \supset B) \text{ \{from 1\}} \\ 4 \therefore (B \supset \sim A) \text{ \{from 1\}} \\ 5 \therefore (A \supset B) \text{ \{from 2\}} \\ * 6 \therefore (B \supset A) \text{ \{from 2\}} \\ 7 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } A \text{ \{break 3\}} \\ 8 \therefore \sim B \text{ \{from 4 and 7\}} \\ 9 \therefore B \text{ \{from 5 and 7\}} \\ 10 \therefore \sim A \text{ \{from 7; 8 contradicts 9\}} \\ 11 \therefore B \text{ \{from 3 and 10\}} \\ 12 \therefore \sim B \text{ \{from 6 and 10\}} \\ 13 \therefore \sim(A \equiv B) \text{ \{from 2; 11 contradicts 12\}} \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right.$

## 8. Valid

- \* 1  $(A \supset (B \cdot \sim C))$   
 2  $C$   
 3  $((D \cdot \sim E) \vee A)$   
 $[\therefore D$   
 4  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim D \\ 5 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim A \text{ \{break 1\}} \\ 6 \therefore (D \cdot \sim E) \text{ \{from 3 and 5\}} \\ 7 \therefore D \text{ \{from 6\}} \\ 8 \therefore A \text{ \{from 5; 4 contradicts 7\}} \end{array} \right. \\ * 9 \therefore (B \cdot \sim C) \text{ \{from 1 and 8\}} \\ 10 \therefore B \text{ \{from 9\}} \\ 11 \therefore \sim C \text{ \{from 9\}} \\ 12 \therefore D \text{ \{from 4; 2 contradicts 11\}} \end{array} \right.$

## 7.3b

## 2. Valid

- \* 1  $((C \cdot E) \supset (W \cdot A))$   
 2  $(\sim E \supset (D \cdot A))$   
 $[\therefore (C \supset A)$   
 \* 3  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim(C \supset A) \\ 4 \therefore C \text{ \{from 3\}} \\ 5 \therefore \sim A \text{ \{from 3\}} \\ 6 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim(C \cdot E) \text{ \{break 1\}} \\ 7 \therefore \sim E \text{ \{from 4 and 6\}} \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right.$

- $$\begin{array}{l}
 8 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \therefore (D \cdot A) \quad \{\text{from 2 and 7}\} \\ \therefore D \quad \{\text{from 8}\} \\ \therefore A \quad \{\text{from 8}\} \end{array} \right. \\
 * 11 \therefore (C \cdot E) \quad \{\text{from 6; 5 contradicts 10}\} \\
 12 \therefore E \quad \{\text{from 11}\} \\
 * 13 \therefore (W \cdot A) \quad \{\text{from 1 and 11}\} \\
 14 \therefore W \quad \{\text{from 13}\} \\
 15 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \therefore A \quad \{\text{from 13}\} \\ \therefore (C \supset A) \quad \{\text{from 3; 5 contradicts 15}\} \end{array} \right.
 \end{array}$$

## 4. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l}
 * 1 (K \supset (L \cdot R)) \\
 2 (\sim K \supset (I \cdot R)) \\
 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \therefore R \\ \text{asm: } \sim R \\ \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim K \quad \{\text{break 1}\} \\ \therefore (I \cdot R) \quad \{\text{from 2 and 4}\} \\ \therefore I \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ \therefore R \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ \therefore K \quad \{\text{from 4; 3 contradicts 7}\} \end{array} \right. \\ * 9 \therefore (L \cdot R) \quad \{\text{from 1 and 8}\} \\ 10 \therefore L \quad \{\text{from 9}\} \\ 11 \therefore R \quad \{\text{from 9}\} \\ 12 \therefore R \quad \{\text{from 3; 3 contradicts 11}\} \end{array} \right.
 \end{array}$$

## 6. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l}
 * 1 (T \vee F) \\
 2 (T \supset (S \vee O)) \\
 3 \sim S \\
 4 \sim O \\
 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \therefore (F \cdot \sim T) \\ \text{asm: } \sim (F \cdot \sim T) \\ \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } T \quad \{\text{break 1}\} \\ \therefore (S \vee O) \quad \{\text{from 2 and 6}\} \\ \therefore O \quad \{\text{from 3 and 7}\} \\ \therefore \sim T \quad \{\text{from 6; 4 contradicts 8}\} \\ \therefore F \quad \{\text{from 1 and 9}\} \\ \therefore \sim F \quad \{\text{from 5 and 9}\} \\ \therefore (F \cdot \sim T) \quad \{\text{from 5; 10 contradicts 11}\} \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right.
 \end{array}$$

## 7. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l}
 * 1 ((W \vee T) \supset (R \cdot H)) \\
 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \therefore (\sim H \supset \sim T) \\ \text{asm: } \sim (\sim H \supset \sim T) \\ \therefore \sim H \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ \therefore T \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim (W \vee T) \quad \{\text{break 1}\} \\ \therefore \sim W \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ \therefore \sim T \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ \therefore (W \vee T) \quad \{\text{from 5; 4 contradicts 7}\} \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right.
 \end{array}$$

- $$\begin{array}{l}
 * 9 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \therefore (R \cdot H) \quad \{\text{from 1 and 8}\} \\ \therefore R \quad \{\text{from 9}\} \\ \therefore H \quad \{\text{from 9}\} \end{array} \right. \\
 12 \therefore (\sim H \supset \sim T) \quad \{\text{from 2; 3 contradicts 11}\}
 \end{array}$$

## 8. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l}
 1 M \\
 * 2 ((M \cdot E) \supset (B \vee G)) \\
 3 \sim G \\
 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \therefore (\sim E \vee B) \\ \text{asm: } \sim (\sim E \vee B) \\ \therefore E \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ \therefore \sim B \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim (M \cdot E) \quad \{\text{break 2}\} \\ \therefore \sim E \quad \{\text{from 1 and 7}\} \\ \therefore (M \cdot E) \quad \{\text{from 7; 5 contradicts 8}\} \end{array} \right. \\ * 10 \therefore (B \vee G) \quad \{\text{from 2 and 9}\} \\ 11 \therefore B \quad \{\text{from 3 and 10}\} \\ 12 \therefore (\sim E \vee B) \quad \{\text{from 4; 6 contradicts 11}\} \end{array} \right.
 \end{array}$$

## 9. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l}
 * 1 ((D \cdot P) \supset (T \supset E)) \\
 * 2 ((T \cdot E) \supset \sim P) \\
 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \therefore (D \supset (\sim P \vee \sim T)) \\ \text{asm: } \sim (D \supset (\sim P \vee \sim T)) \\ \therefore D \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ \therefore \sim (\sim P \vee \sim T) \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ \therefore P \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ \therefore T \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ \therefore \sim (T \cdot E) \quad \{\text{from 2 and 6}\} \\ \therefore \sim E \quad \{\text{from 7 and 8}\} \\ \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim (D \cdot P) \quad \{\text{break 1}\} \\ \therefore \sim P \quad \{\text{from 4 and 10}\} \\ \therefore (D \cdot P) \quad \{\text{from 10; 6 contradicts 11}\} \end{array} \right. \\ * 13 \therefore (T \supset E) \quad \{\text{from 1 and 12}\} \\ 14 \therefore E \quad \{\text{from 7 and 13}\} \\ 15 \therefore (D \supset (\sim P \vee \sim T)) \quad \{\text{from 3; 9 contradicts 14}\} \end{array} \right.
 \end{array}$$

## 7.4a

## 2. Invalid

- $$\begin{array}{l}
 1 (A \supset \sim B) \\
 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \therefore \sim (A \supset B) \\ \text{asm: } (A \supset B) \\ \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } A \quad \{\text{break 1}\} \\ \therefore \sim B \quad \{\text{from 1 and 3}\} \\ \therefore B \quad \{\text{from 2 and 3}\} \\ \therefore \sim A \quad \{\text{from 2; 4 contradicts 5}\} \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right.
 \end{array}$$

~A

## 4. Invalid

- 1  $\sim(A \cdot B)$
- [ $\therefore \sim(A \equiv B)$ ]
- \* 2 asm:  $(A \equiv B)$
- 3  $\therefore (A \supset B)$  {from 2}
- \*\*4  $\therefore (B \supset A)$  {from 2}
- 5 asm:  $\sim A$  {break 1}
- 6  $\therefore \sim B$  {from 4 and 5}

 $\sim A, \sim B$ 

## 6. Invalid

- 1  $(\sim A \vee \sim B)$
- [ $\therefore \sim(A \vee B)$ ]
- \*\*2 asm:  $(A \vee B)$
- 3 asm:  $\sim A$  {break 1}
- 4  $\therefore B$  {from 2 and 3}

 $\sim A, B$ 

## 7. Invalid

- 1  $((A \cdot B) \supset \sim(C \cdot D))$
- 2 C
- \* 3  $(E \supset B)$
- [ $\therefore \sim E$ ]
- 4 asm: E
- 5  $\therefore B$  {from 3 and 4}
- \*\*6 asm:  $\sim(A \cdot B)$  {break 1}
- 7  $\therefore \sim A$  {from 5 and 6}

 $C, E, B, \sim A$ 

## 8. Invalid

- 1  $(A \supset (B \supset C))$
- 2  $(B \vee \sim(C \supset D))$
- [ $\therefore (D \supset \sim(A \vee B))$ ]
- \* 3 asm:  $\sim(D \supset \sim(A \vee B))$
- 4  $\therefore D$  {from 3}
- \*\*5  $\therefore (A \vee B)$  {from 3}
- 6 asm:  $\sim A$  {break 1}
- 7  $\therefore B$  {from 5 and 6}

 $D, \sim A, B$ 

## 7.4b

## 2. Valid

- \* 1  $(L \supset (I \cdot T))$
- 2  $(\sim L \supset (D \cdot T))$
- [ $\therefore T$ ]
- 3 asm:  $\sim T$
- 4 [asm:  $\sim L$  {break 1}]
- 5  $\therefore (D \cdot T)$  {from 2 and 4}
- 6  $\therefore D$  {from 5}
- 7  $\therefore T$  {from 5}
- 8  $\therefore L$  {from 4; 3 contradicts 7}
- \* 9  $\therefore (I \cdot T)$  {from 1 and 8}
- 10  $\therefore I$  {from 9}

- 11  $\therefore T$  {from 9}
- 12  $\therefore T$  {from 3; 3 contradicts 11}

## 4. Valid

- \* 1  $(\sim A \supset (L \vee C))$
- 2  $((\sim L \cdot \sim C) \supset O)$
- 3  $\sim L$
- [ $\therefore (\sim C \supset (A \cdot O))$ ]
- \* 4 [asm:  $\sim(\sim C \supset (A \cdot O))$ ]
- 5  $\therefore \sim C$  {from 4}
- 6  $\therefore \sim(A \cdot O)$  {from 4}
- 7 [asm: A {break 1}]
- 8  $\therefore \sim O$  {from 6 and 7}
- 9  $\therefore \sim(\sim L \cdot \sim C)$  {from 2 and 8}
- 10  $\therefore C$  {from 3 and 9}
- 11  $\therefore \sim A$  {from 7; 5 contradicts 10}
- \* 12  $\therefore (L \vee C)$  {from 1 and 11}
- 13  $\therefore C$  {from 3 and 12}
- 14  $\therefore (\sim C \supset (A \cdot O))$  {from 4; 5 contradicts 13}

## 6. Valid

- \* 1  $((T \cdot G) \supset (E \vee D))$
- 2  $\sim E$
- 3  $\sim D$
- \* 4  $(\sim G \supset \sim T)$
- [ $\therefore \sim T$ ]
- 5 [asm: T]
- 6  $\therefore G$  {from 4 and 5}
- 7 [asm:  $\sim(T \cdot G)$  {break 1}]
- 8  $\therefore \sim G$  {from 5 and 7}
- 9  $\therefore (T \cdot G)$  {from 7; 6 contradicts 8}
- \* 10  $\therefore (E \vee D)$  {from 1 and 9}
- 11  $\therefore D$  {from 2 and 10}
- 12  $\therefore \sim T$  {from 5; 3 contradicts 11}

## 7. Valid

- \* 1  $(T \supset (W \vee P))$
- \* 2  $(W \supset (E \cdot F))$
- 3  $(P \supset (L \cdot F))$
- [ $\therefore (T \supset F)$ ]
- \* 4 [asm:  $\sim(T \supset F)$ ]
- 5  $\therefore T$  {from 4}
- 6  $\therefore \sim F$  {from 4}
- 7  $\therefore (W \vee P)$  {from 1 and 5}
- 8 [asm:  $\sim W$  {break 2}]
- 9  $\therefore P$  {from 7 and 8}
- 10  $\therefore (L \cdot F)$  {from 3 and 9}
- 11  $\therefore L$  {from 10}
- 12  $\therefore F$  {from 10}

- 13  $\vdash W$  {from 8; 6 contradicts 12}  
 \* 14  $\vdash (E \cdot F)$  {from 2 and 13}  
 15  $\vdash E$  {from 14}  
 16  $\vdash F$  {from 14}  
 17  $\vdash (T \supset F)$  {from 4; 6 contradicts 16}

## 8. Invalid

 $\sim C, \sim M, \sim S$ 

- 1  $(M \supset (F \cdot S))$   
 2  $(S \supset (W \cdot C))$   
 $\vdash (\sim M \supset C)$   
 \* 3 asm:  $\sim(\sim M \supset C)$   
 4  $\vdash \sim M$  {from 3}  
 5  $\vdash \sim C$  {from 3}  
 6 asm:  $\sim S$  {break 2}

## 9. Valid

- \* 1  $(F \equiv (H \cdot L))$   
 \* 2  $(A \supset H)$   
 3 A  
 $\vdash (F \equiv L)$   
 \* 4 asm:  $\sim(F \equiv L)$   
 \* 5  $\vdash (F \supset (H \cdot L))$  {from 1}  
 6  $\vdash ((H \cdot L) \supset F)$  {from 1}  
 7  $\vdash (F \vee L)$  {from 4}  
 \* 8  $\vdash \sim(F \cdot L)$  {from 4}  
 9  $\vdash H$  {from 2 and 3}  
 10 asm:  $\sim F$  {break 5}  
 11  $\vdash \sim(H \cdot L)$  {from 6 and 10}  
 12  $\vdash L$  {from 7 and 10}  
 13  $\vdash \sim L$  {from 9 and 11}  
 14  $\vdash F$  {from 10; 12 contradicts 13}  
 \* 15  $\vdash (H \cdot L)$  {from 5 and 14}  
 16  $\vdash L$  {from 15}  
 17  $\vdash \sim L$  {from 8 and 14}  
 18  $\vdash (F \equiv L)$  {from 4; 16 contradicts 17}

## 11. Invalid

 $H, \sim C, \sim A$ 

- 1  $(A \supset (H \cdot L))$   
 2  $(C \supset A)$   
 $\vdash (\sim C \supset \sim H)$   
 \* 3 asm:  $\sim(\sim C \supset \sim H)$   
 4  $\vdash \sim C$  {from 3}  
 5  $\vdash H$  {from 3}  
 6 asm:  $\sim A$  {break 1}

## 12. Valid

- \* 1  $(K \supset (E \vee L))$   
 \* 2  $(\sim M \supset (\sim E \cdot \sim L))$   
 3  $(M \supset (S \cdot F))$   
 4  $\sim F$   
 $\vdash \sim K$

- 5 asm: K  
 \* 6  $\vdash (E \vee L)$  {from 1 and 5}  
 7 asm: M {break 2}  
 8  $\vdash (S \cdot F)$  {from 3 and 7}  
 9  $\vdash S$  {from 8}  
 10  $\vdash F$  {from 8}  
 11  $\vdash \sim M$  {from 7; 4 contradicts 10}  
 \* 12  $\vdash (\sim E \cdot \sim L)$  {from 2 and 11}  
 13  $\vdash \sim E$  {from 12}  
 14  $\vdash \sim L$  {from 12}  
 15  $\vdash L$  {from 6 and 13}  
 16  $\vdash \sim K$  {from 5; 14 contradicts 15}

## 13. Valid

- \* 1  $(P \supset (D \vee V))$   
 \* 2  $(D \supset \sim M)$   
 \* 3  $((V \cdot M) \supset Q)$   
 4  $\sim Q$   
 \* 5  $((P \cdot \sim M) \supset S)$   
 $\vdash (P \supset (S \cdot \sim M))$   
 \* 6 asm:  $\sim(P \supset (S \cdot \sim M))$   
 7  $\vdash P$  {from 6}  
 \* 8  $\vdash \sim(S \cdot \sim M)$  {from 6}  
 9  $\vdash (D \vee V)$  {from 1 and 7}  
 10  $\vdash \sim(V \cdot M)$  {from 3 and 4}  
 11 asm:  $\sim D$  {break 2}  
 12  $\vdash V$  {from 9 and 11}  
 13  $\vdash \sim M$  {from 10 and 12}  
 14  $\vdash \sim S$  {from 8 and 13}  
 15  $\vdash \sim(P \cdot \sim M)$  {from 5 and 14}  
 16  $\vdash M$  {from 7 and 15}  
 17  $\vdash D$  {from 11; 13 contradicts 16}  
 18  $\vdash \sim M$  {from 2 and 17}  
 19  $\vdash \sim S$  {from 8 and 18}  
 \* 20  $\vdash \sim(P \cdot \sim M)$  {from 5 and 19}  
 21  $\vdash \sim P$  {from 18 and 20}  
 22  $\vdash (P \supset (S \cdot \sim M))$  {from 6; 7 contradicts 21}

## 14. Valid

- \* 1  $((R \cdot I) \supset (F \cdot M))$   
 \* 2  $(I \supset R)$   
 $\vdash (I \supset M)$   
 \* 3 asm:  $\sim(I \supset M)$   
 4  $\vdash I$  {from 3}  
 5  $\vdash \sim M$  {from 3}  
 6  $\vdash R$  {from 2 and 4}  
 7 asm:  $\sim(R \cdot I)$  {break 1}  
 8  $\vdash \sim R$  {from 4 and 7}  
 9  $\vdash (R \cdot I)$  {from 7; 6 contradicts 8}  
 \* 10  $\vdash (F \cdot M)$  {from 1 and 9}

- 11  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \therefore F \quad \{\text{from 10}\} \\ \therefore M \quad \{\text{from 10}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 13  $\therefore (I \supset M) \quad \{\text{from 3; 5 contradicts 12}\}$

## 8.1a

2.  $(\exists x)Cx$   
 4.  $\sim(\exists x)\sim Cx$  [This is equivalent to “ $(x)Cx$ .”]  
 6.  $(Dx \supset Ax)$   
 7.  $(x)(Dx \supset Ax)$   
 8.  $\sim(\exists x)Ex$   
 9.  $(\exists x)(Lx \cdot Ex)$   
 11.  $(x)((Bx \cdot Cx) \supset Ux)$   
 12.  $(\exists x)(Dx \cdot (Lx \cdot Hx))$   
 13.  $\sim(x)((Hx \cdot Dx) \supset Bx)$   
 14.  $(\exists x)(Ax \cdot \sim(Bx \cdot Dx))$   
 16.  $(x)((Dx \cdot Bx) \supset Fx)$   
 17.  $\sim(x)(\sim Dx \supset Cx)$   
 18.  $(\exists x)((Cx \cdot \sim Bx) \cdot Ux)$   
 19.  $(\exists x)(Cx \cdot \sim Px)$   
 21.  $\sim(x)(Ax \supset (Dx \vee Cx))$   
 22.  $(x)((Dx \vee Cx) \supset Ax)$   
 23.  $(x)((Dx \cdot Cx) \supset Ax)$   
 24.  $(x)((Dx \vee Cx) \supset Ax)$  [Here the English “and” really means “or.” We could equivalently translate this one as “ $((x)(Dx \supset Ax) \cdot (x)(Cx \supset Ax))$ .”]

## 8.2a

2. Valid  
 \* 1  $\sim(\exists x)(Fx \cdot \sim Gx)$   
 $\left[ \therefore (x)(Fx \supset Gx) \right.$   
 \* 2  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim(x)(Fx \supset Gx) \\ \therefore (x)\sim(Fx \cdot \sim Gx) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ \therefore (\exists x)\sim(Fx \supset Gx) \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ \therefore \sim(Fa \supset Ga) \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ \therefore Fa \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ \therefore \sim Ga \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ \therefore \sim(Fa \cdot \sim Ga) \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ \therefore Ga \quad \{\text{from 6 and 8}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 10  $\therefore (x)(Fx \supset Gx) \quad \{\text{from 2; 7 contradicts 9}\}$   
 4. Valid  
 1  $(x)((Fx \vee Gx) \supset Hx)$   
 $\left[ \therefore (x)(\sim Hx \supset \sim Fx) \right.$   
 \* 2  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim(x)(\sim Hx \supset \sim Fx) \\ \therefore (\exists x)\sim(\sim Hx \supset \sim Fx) \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ \therefore \sim(\sim Ha \supset \sim Fa) \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ \therefore \sim Ha \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \end{array} \right.$

- 6  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \therefore Fa \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ \therefore ((Fa \vee Ga) \supset Ha) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ \therefore \sim(Fa \vee Ga) \quad \{\text{from 5 and 7}\} \\ \therefore \sim Fa \quad \{\text{from 8}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 10  $\therefore (x)(\sim Hx \supset \sim Fx) \quad \{\text{from 2; 6 contradicts 9}\}$

## 6. Valid

- 1  $(x)(Fx \vee Gx)$   
 \* 2  $\sim(x)Fx$   
 $\left[ \therefore (\exists x)Gx \right.$   
 \* 3  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim(\exists x)Gx \\ \therefore (\exists x)\sim Fx \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ \therefore (x)\sim Gx \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ \therefore \sim Fa \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ \therefore (Fa \vee Ga) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ \therefore Ga \quad \{\text{from 6 and 7}\} \\ \therefore \sim Ga \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 10  $\therefore (\exists x)Gx \quad \{\text{from 3; 8 contradicts 9}\}$

## 7. Valid

- 1  $(x)\sim(Fx \vee Gx)$   
 $\left[ \therefore (x)\sim Fx \right.$   
 \* 2  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim(x)\sim Fx \\ \therefore (\exists x)Fx \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ \therefore Fa \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ \therefore \sim(Fa \vee Ga) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ \therefore \sim Fa \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ \therefore (x)\sim Fx \quad \{\text{from 2; 4 contradicts 6}\} \end{array} \right.$

## 8. Valid

- 1  $(x)(Fx \supset Gx)$   
 2  $(x)(Fx \supset \sim Gx)$   
 $\left[ \therefore (x)\sim Fx \right.$   
 \* 3  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim(x)\sim Fx \\ \therefore (\exists x)Fx \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ \therefore Fa \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ \therefore (Fa \supset Ga) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ \therefore Ga \quad \{\text{from 5 and 6}\} \\ \therefore (Fa \supset \sim Ga) \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ \therefore \sim Ga \quad \{\text{from 5 and 8}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 10  $\therefore (x)\sim Fx \quad \{\text{from 3; 7 contradicts 9}\}$   
 9. Valid  
 1  $(x)(Fx \supset Gx)$   
 2  $(x)(\sim Fx \supset Hx)$   
 $\left[ \therefore (x)(Gx \vee Hx) \right.$   
 \* 3  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim(x)(Gx \vee Hx) \\ \therefore (\exists x)\sim(Gx \vee Hx) \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ \therefore \sim(Ga \vee Ha) \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ \therefore \sim Ga \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \end{array} \right.$

- $$\begin{array}{l}
 7 \quad \vdash \sim Ha \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\
 * 8 \quad \vdash (Fa \supset Ga) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\
 9 \quad \vdash \sim Fa \quad \{\text{from 6 and 8}\} \\
 * 10 \quad \vdash (\sim Fa \supset Ha) \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\
 11 \quad \vdash Fa \quad \{\text{from 7 and 10}\} \\
 12 \quad \vdash (x)(Gx \vee Hx) \quad \{\text{from 3; 9 contradicts 11}\}
 \end{array}$$

## 8.2b

## 2. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l}
 1 \quad (x)Mx \\
 \quad [\vdash (x)(Lx \supset Mx)] \\
 * 2 \quad \text{asm: } \sim(x)(Lx \supset Mx) \\
 * 3 \quad \vdash (\exists x)\sim(Lx \supset Mx) \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\
 * 4 \quad \vdash \sim(La \supset Ma) \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\
 5 \quad \vdash La \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\
 6 \quad \vdash \sim Ma \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\
 7 \quad \vdash Ma \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\
 8 \quad \vdash (x)(Lx \supset Mx) \quad \{\text{from 2; 6 contradicts 7}\}
 \end{array}$$

## 4. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l}
 1 \quad (x)(Jx \supset Ux) \\
 2 \quad (x)(\sim Jx \supset Dx) \\
 \quad [\vdash (x)(Ux \vee Dx)] \\
 * 3 \quad \text{asm: } \sim(x)(Ux \vee Dx) \\
 * 4 \quad \vdash (\exists x)\sim(Ux \vee Dx) \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\
 * 5 \quad \vdash \sim(Ua \vee Da) \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\
 6 \quad \vdash \sim Ua \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\
 7 \quad \vdash \sim Da \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\
 * 8 \quad \vdash (Ja \supset Ua) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\
 9 \quad \vdash \sim Ja \quad \{\text{from 6 and 8}\} \\
 * 10 \quad \vdash (\sim Ja \supset Da) \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\
 11 \quad \vdash Ja \quad \{\text{from 7 and 10}\} \\
 12 \quad \vdash (x)(Ux \vee Dx) \quad \{\text{from 3; 9 contradicts 11}\}
 \end{array}$$

## 6. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l}
 * 1 \quad \sim(\exists x)(Px \cdot Bx) \\
 * 2 \quad (\exists x)(Cx \cdot Bx) \\
 \quad [\vdash (\exists x)(Cx \cdot \sim Px)] \\
 * 3 \quad \text{asm: } \sim(\exists x)(Cx \cdot \sim Px) \\
 4 \quad \vdash (x)\sim(Px \cdot Bx) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\
 * 5 \quad \vdash (Ca \cdot Ba) \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\
 6 \quad \vdash (x)\sim(Cx \cdot \sim Px) \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\
 7 \quad \vdash Ca \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\
 8 \quad \vdash Ba \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\
 * 9 \quad \vdash \sim(Pa \cdot Ba) \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\
 10 \quad \vdash \sim Pa \quad \{\text{from 8 and 9}\} \\
 * 11 \quad \vdash \sim(Ca \cdot \sim Pa) \quad \{\text{from 6}\} \\
 12 \quad \vdash Pa \quad \{\text{from 7 and 11}\}
 \end{array}$$

- $$13 \quad \vdash (\exists x)(Cx \cdot \sim Px) \quad \{\text{from 3; 10 contradicts 12}\}$$

## 7. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l}
 1 \quad (x)(\sim Wx \supset Ax) \\
 \quad [\vdash (x)(\sim Ax \supset Wx)] \\
 * 2 \quad \text{asm: } \sim(x)(\sim Ax \supset Wx) \\
 * 3 \quad \vdash (\exists x)\sim(\sim Ax \supset Wx) \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\
 * 4 \quad \vdash \sim(\sim Aa \supset Wa) \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\
 5 \quad \vdash \sim Aa \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\
 6 \quad \vdash \sim Wa \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\
 * 7 \quad \vdash (\sim Wa \supset Aa) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\
 8 \quad \vdash Wa \quad \{\text{from 5 and 7}\} \\
 9 \quad \vdash (x)(\sim Ax \supset Wx) \quad \{\text{from 2; 6 contradicts 8}\}
 \end{array}$$

## 8. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l}
 1 \quad (x)(Bx \supset Dx) \\
 \quad [\vdash (x)((Bx \cdot Mx) \supset Dx)] \\
 * 2 \quad \text{asm: } \sim(x)((Bx \cdot Mx) \supset Dx) \\
 * 3 \quad \vdash (\exists x)\sim((Bx \cdot Mx) \supset Dx) \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\
 * 4 \quad \vdash \sim((Ba \cdot Ma) \supset Da) \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\
 * 5 \quad \vdash (Ba \cdot Ma) \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\
 6 \quad \vdash \sim Da \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\
 7 \quad \vdash Ba \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\
 8 \quad \vdash Ma \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\
 * 9 \quad \vdash (Ba \supset Da) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\
 10 \quad \vdash \sim Ba \quad \{\text{from 6 and 9}\} \\
 11 \quad \vdash (x)((Bx \cdot Mx) \supset Dx) \quad \{\text{from 2; 7 contradicts 10}\}
 \end{array}$$

## 9. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l}
 * 1 \quad (\exists x)((Lx \cdot Ux) \cdot \sim Wx) \\
 \quad [\vdash \sim(x)(Lx \supset Wx)] \\
 2 \quad \text{asm: } (x)(Lx \supset Wx) \\
 * 3 \quad \vdash ((La \cdot Ua) \cdot \sim Wa) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\
 * 4 \quad \vdash (La \cdot Ua) \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\
 5 \quad \vdash \sim Wa \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\
 6 \quad \vdash La \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\
 7 \quad \vdash Ua \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\
 * 8 \quad \vdash (La \supset Wa) \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\
 9 \quad \vdash \sim La \quad \{\text{from 5 and 8}\} \\
 10 \quad \vdash \sim(x)(Lx \supset Wx) \quad \{\text{from 2; 6 contradicts 9}\}
 \end{array}$$

## 11. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l}
 * 1 \quad \sim(\exists x)(Tx \cdot Mx) \\
 2 \quad (x)(Cx \supset Mx) \\
 3 \quad (x)(Cx \supset Tx) \\
 \quad [\vdash \sim(\exists x)Cx] \\
 * 4 \quad \text{asm: } (\exists x)Cx \\
 5 \quad \vdash (x)\sim(Tx \cdot Mx) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\
 6 \quad \vdash Ca \quad \{\text{from 4}\}
 \end{array}$$

- \* 7  $\therefore (Ca \supset Ma)$  {from 2}
- 8  $\therefore Ma$  {from 6 and 7}
- \* 9  $\therefore (Ca \supset Ta)$  {from 3}
- 10  $\therefore Ta$  {from 6 and 9}
- \* 11  $\therefore \sim(Ta \cdot Ma)$  {from 5}
- 12  $\therefore \sim Ta$  {from 8 and 11}
- 13  $\therefore \sim(\exists x)Cx$  {from 4; 10 contradicts 12}

## 12. Valid

- 1  $(x)(Gx \supset (Ex \vee Dx))$
- \* 2  $\sim(\exists x)(Mx \cdot Ex)$
- \* 3  $\sim(\exists x)(Mx \cdot Dx)$
- $[\therefore \sim(\exists x)(Mx \cdot Gx)]$
- \* 4  $\text{asm: } (\exists x)(Mx \cdot Gx)$
- 5  $\therefore (x)\sim(Mx \cdot Ex)$  {from 2}
- 6  $\therefore (x)\sim(Mx \cdot Dx)$  {from 3}
- \* 7  $\therefore (Ma \cdot Ga)$  {from 4}
- 8  $\therefore Ma$  {from 7}
- 9  $\therefore Ga$  {from 7}
- \* 10  $\therefore (Ga \supset (Ea \vee Da))$  {from 1}
- \* 11  $\therefore (Ea \vee Da)$  {from 9 and 10}
- \* 12  $\therefore \sim(Ma \cdot Ea)$  {from 5}
- 13  $\therefore \sim Ea$  {from 8 and 12}
- 14  $\therefore Da$  {from 11 and 13}
- \* 15  $\therefore \sim(Ma \cdot Da)$  {from 6}
- 16  $\therefore \sim Da$  {from 8 and 15}
- 17  $\therefore \sim(\exists x)(Mx \cdot Gx)$  {from 4; 14 contradicts 16}

## 13. Valid

- 1  $(x)(Tx \supset Wx)$
- 2  $(x)(Wx \supset Ox)$
- 3  $(x)(\sim Tx \supset Ox)$
- $[\therefore (x)Ox]$
- \* 4  $\text{asm: } \sim(x)Ox$
- \* 5  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim Ox$  {from 4}
- 6  $\therefore \sim Oa$  {from 5}
- \* 7  $\therefore (Ta \supset Wa)$  {from 1}
- \* 8  $\therefore (Wa \supset Oa)$  {from 2}
- 9  $\therefore \sim Wa$  {from 6 and 8}
- 10  $\therefore \sim Ta$  {from 7 and 9}
- \* 11  $\therefore (\sim Ta \supset Oa)$  {from 3}
- 12  $\therefore Ta$  {from 6 and 11}
- 13  $\therefore (x)Ox$  {from 4; 10 contradicts 12}

## 8.3a

## 2. Invalid

- \* 1  $(\exists x)Fx$
- \* 2  $(\exists x)Gx$

a, b

 Fa, ~Ga  
 Gb, ~Fb

- $[\therefore (\exists x)(Fx \cdot Gx)]$
- \* 3  $\text{asm: } \sim(\exists x)(Fx \cdot Gx)$
- 4  $\therefore Fa$  {from 1}
- 5  $\therefore Gb$  {from 2}
- 6  $\therefore (x)\sim(Fx \cdot Gx)$  {from 3}
- \* 7  $\therefore \sim(Fa \cdot Ga)$  {from 6}
- 8  $\therefore \sim Ga$  {from 4 and 7}
- \* 9  $\therefore \sim(Fb \cdot Gb)$  {from 6}
- 10  $\therefore \sim Fb$  {from 5 and 9}

## 4. Invalid

- \* 1  $(\exists x)Fx$
- $[\therefore (\exists x)\sim Fx]$
- \* 2  $\text{asm: } \sim(\exists x)\sim Fx$
- 3  $\therefore Fa$  {from 1}
- 4  $\therefore (x)Fx$  {from 2}

a

Fa

## 6. Invalid

- 1  $(x)(Fx \supset Gx)$
- \* 2  $\sim(x)Gx$
- $[\therefore (x)\sim(Fx \cdot Gx)]$
- \* 3  $\text{asm: } \sim(x)\sim(Fx \cdot Gx)$
- \* 4  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim Gx$  {from 2}
- \* 5  $\therefore (\exists x)(Fx \cdot Gx)$  {from 3}
- 6  $\therefore \sim Ga$  {from 4}
- \* 7  $\therefore (Fb \cdot Gb)$  {from 5}
- 8  $\therefore Fb$  {from 7}
- 9  $\therefore Gb$  {from 7}
- \* 10  $\therefore (Fa \supset Ga)$  {from 1}
- 11  $\therefore \sim Fa$  {from 6 and 10}
- 12  $\therefore (Fb \supset Gb)$  {from 1}

a, b

 ~Fa, ~Ga  
 Fb, Gb

## 7. Invalid

- 1  $(x)((Fx \cdot Gx) \supset Hx)$
- \* 2  $(\exists x)Fx$
- \* 3  $(\exists x)Gx$
- $[\therefore (\exists x)Hx]$
- \* 4  $\text{asm: } \sim(\exists x)Hx$
- 5  $\therefore Fa$  {from 2}
- 6  $\therefore Gb$  {from 3}
- 7  $\therefore (x)\sim Hx$  {from 4}
- \* 8  $\therefore ((Fa \cdot Ga) \supset Ha)$  {from 1}
- \* 9  $\therefore ((Fb \cdot Gb) \supset Hb)$  {from 1}
- 10  $\therefore \sim Ha$  {from 7}
- \* 11  $\therefore \sim(Fa \cdot Ga)$  {from 8 and 10}
- 12  $\therefore \sim Ga$  {from 5 and 11}
- 13  $\therefore \sim Hb$  {from 7}
- \* 14  $\therefore \sim(Fb \cdot Gb)$  {from 9 and 13}
- 15  $\therefore \sim Fb$  {from 6 and 14}

a, b

 Fa, ~Ga, ~Ha  
 Gb, ~Fb, ~Hb

8. Invalid

- \* 1  $(\exists x)(Fx \vee \sim Gx)$
- 2  $(x)(\sim Gx \supset Hx)$
- \* 3  $(\exists x)(Fx \supset Hx)$   
[ $\therefore (\exists x)Hx$ ]
- \* 4 asm:  $\sim(\exists x)Hx$
- \* 5  $\therefore (Fa \vee \sim Ga)$  {from 1}
- \* 6  $\therefore (Fb \supset Hb)$  {from 3}
- 7  $\therefore (x)\sim Hx$  {from 4}
- \* 8  $\therefore (\sim Ga \supset Ha)$  {from 2}
- \* 9  $\therefore (\sim Gb \supset Hb)$  {from 2}
- 10  $\therefore \sim Ha$  {from 7}
- 11  $\therefore Ga$  {from 8 and 10}
- 12  $\therefore Fa$  {from 5 and 11}
- 13  $\therefore \sim Hb$  {from 7}
- 14  $\therefore \sim Fb$  {from 6 and 13}
- 15  $\therefore Gb$  {from 9 and 13}

a, b

$Fa, Ga, \sim Ha$   
 $Gb, \sim Fb, \sim Hb$

9. Invalid

- \* 1  $(\exists x)\sim(Fx \vee Gx)$
- \* 2  $(\exists x)Hx$
- \* 3  $\sim(\exists x)Fx$   
[ $\therefore \sim(x)(Hx \supset Gx)$ ]
- 4 asm:  $(x)(Hx \supset Gx)$
- \* 5  $\therefore \sim(Fa \vee Ga)$  {from 1}
- 6  $\therefore Hb$  {from 2}
- 7  $\therefore (x)\sim Fx$  {from 3}
- 8  $\therefore \sim Fa$  {from 5}
- 9  $\therefore \sim Ga$  {from 5}
- \* 10  $\therefore (Ha \supset Ga)$  {from 4}
- 11  $\therefore \sim Ha$  {from 9 and 10}
- \* 12  $\therefore (Hb \supset Gb)$  {from 4}
- 13  $\therefore Gb$  {from 6 and 12}
- 14  $\therefore \sim Fb$  {from 7}

$\sim Fa, \sim Ga, \sim Ha$   
 $Gb, Hb, \sim Fb$

8.3b

2. Invalid

- \* 1  $\sim(\exists x)(Mx \cdot Ix)$
- \* 2  $\sim(x)Mx$   
[ $\therefore (\exists x)Ix$ ]
- \* 3 asm:  $\sim(\exists x)Ix$
- 4  $\therefore (x)\sim(Mx \cdot Ix)$  {from 1}
- \* 5  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim Mx$  {from 2}
- 6  $\therefore (x)\sim Ix$  {from 3}
- 7  $\therefore \sim Ma$  {from 5}
- 8  $\therefore \sim(Ma \cdot Ia)$  {from 4}
- 9  $\therefore \sim Ia$  {from 6}

a

$\sim Ma, \sim Ia$

4. Invalid

- \* 1  $(\exists x)(Mx \cdot Px)$
- \* 2  $(\exists x)(Fx \cdot Mx)$   
[ $\therefore (\exists x)(Fx \cdot Px)$ ]
- \* 3 asm:  $\sim(\exists x)(Fx \cdot Px)$
- \* 4  $\therefore (Ma \cdot Pa)$  {from 1}
- \* 5  $\therefore (Fb \cdot Mb)$  {from 2}
- 6  $\therefore (x)\sim(Fx \cdot Px)$  {from 3}
- 7  $\therefore Ma$  {from 4}
- 8  $\therefore Pa$  {from 4}
- 9  $\therefore Fb$  {from 5}
- 10  $\therefore Mb$  {from 5}
- \* 11  $\therefore \sim(Fa \cdot Pa)$  {from 6}
- 12  $\therefore \sim Fa$  {from 8 and 11}
- \* 13  $\therefore \sim(Fb \cdot Pb)$  {from 6}
- 14  $\therefore \sim Pb$  {from 9 and 13}

a, b

$Ma, Pa, \sim Fa$   
 $Mb, Fb, \sim Pb$

6. Invalid

- 1  $(x)((Kx \cdot Sx) \supset Fx)$
- [ $\therefore (x)((Kx \cdot Fx) \supset Sx)$ ]
- \* 2 asm:  $\sim(x)((Kx \cdot Fx) \supset Sx)$
- \* 3  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim((Kx \cdot Fx) \supset Sx)$  {from 2}
- \* 4  $\therefore \sim((Ka \cdot Fa) \supset Sa)$  {from 3}
- \* 5  $\therefore (Ka \cdot Fa)$  {from 4}
- 6  $\therefore \sim Sa$  {from 4}
- 7  $\therefore Ka$  {from 5}
- 8  $\therefore Fa$  {from 5}
- 9  $\therefore ((Ka \cdot Sa) \supset Fa)$  {from 1}

a

$Ka, Fa, \sim Sa$

7. Valid

- 1  $(x)(Ex \supset Bx)$
- 2  $(x)(\sim Ex \supset Bx)$   
[ $\therefore (x)Bx$ ]
- \* 3 asm:  $\sim(x)Bx$
- \* 4  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim Bx$  {from 3}
- 5  $\therefore \sim Ba$  {from 4}
- \* 6  $\therefore (Ea \supset Ba)$  {from 1}
- 7  $\therefore \sim Ea$  {from 5 and 6}
- \* 8  $\therefore (\sim Ea \supset Ba)$  {from 2}
- 9  $\therefore Ea$  {from 5 and 8}
- 10  $\therefore (x)Bx$  {from 3; 7 contradicts 9}

8. Invalid

- 1  $(x)(\sim Cx \supset Ax)$
- [ $\therefore \sim(\exists x)(Cx \cdot Ax)$ ]
- \* 2 asm:  $(\exists x)(Cx \cdot Ax)$
- \* 3  $\therefore (Ca \cdot Aa)$  {from 2}
- 4  $\therefore Ca$  {from 3}
- 5  $\therefore Aa$  {from 3}
- 6  $\therefore (\sim Ca \supset Aa)$  {from 1}

a

$Aa, Ca$

## 9. Valid

- 1  $(x)Cx$
- 2  $(x)(Cx \supset Mx)$
- [ $\therefore (x)Mx$
- \* 3  $\text{asm: } \sim(x)Mx$
- \* 4  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim Mx$  {from 3}
- 5  $\therefore \sim Ma$  {from 4}
- 6  $\therefore Ca$  {from 1}
- \* 7  $\therefore (Ca \supset Ma)$  {from 2}
- 8  $\therefore \sim Ca$  {from 5 and 7}
- 9  $\therefore (x)Mx$  {from 3; 6 contradicts 8}

## 11. Invalid

- 1  $(x)(Tx \supset Ex)$
- [ $\therefore (\exists x)(Tx \cdot Ex)$
- \* 2  $\text{asm: } \sim(\exists x)(Tx \cdot Ex)$
- 3  $\therefore (x)\sim(Tx \cdot Ex)$  {from 2}
- 4  $\therefore (Ta \supset Ea)$  {from 1}
- 5  $\therefore \sim(Ta \cdot Ea)$  {from 3}
- 6  $\text{asm: } \sim Ta$  {break 4}

## 12. Valid

- \* 1  $(\exists x)Nx$
- 2  $(x)(Nx \supset Px)$
- [ $\therefore (\exists x)Px$
- \* 3  $\text{asm: } \sim(\exists x)Px$
- 4  $\therefore Na$  {from 1}
- 5  $\therefore (x)\sim Px$  {from 3}
- \* 6  $\therefore (Na \supset Pa)$  {from 2}
- 7  $\therefore Pa$  {from 4 and 6}
- 8  $\therefore \sim Pa$  {from 5}
- 9  $\therefore (\exists x)Px$  {from 3; 7 contradicts 8}

## 13. Invalid

- 1  $(x)(Nx \supset Px)$
- [ $\therefore (\exists x)(Px \cdot Nx)$
- \* 2  $\text{asm: } \sim(\exists x)(Px \cdot Nx)$
- 3  $\therefore (x)\sim(Px \cdot Nx)$  {from 2}
- 4  $\therefore (Na \supset Pa)$  {from 1}
- 5  $\therefore \sim(Pa \cdot Na)$  {from 3}
- 6  $\text{asm: } \sim Na$  {break 4}

## 14. Valid

- \* 1  $\sim(\exists x)(\sim Lx \cdot Hx)$
- [ $\therefore (x)(Hx \supset Lx)$
- \* 2  $\text{asm: } \sim(x)(Hx \supset Lx)$
- 3  $\therefore (x)\sim(\sim Lx \cdot Hx)$  {from 1}
- \* 4  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim(Hx \supset Lx)$  {from 2}
- \* 5  $\therefore \sim(Ha \supset La)$  {from 4}
- 6  $\therefore Ha$  {from 5}

- 7  $\therefore \sim La$  {from 5}
- \* 8  $\therefore \sim(\sim La \cdot Ha)$  {from 3}
- 9  $\therefore La$  {from 6 and 8}
- 10  $\therefore (x)(Hx \supset Lx)$  {from 2; 7 contradicts 9}

## 8.4a

2.  $(Lg \supset (\exists x)(Lx \cdot Ex))$
4.  $((x)(Lx \supset Ex) \supset (\exists x)(Lx \cdot Ex))$
6.  $((x)Ex \supset R)$
7.  $((\exists x)Ex \supset R)$  or, equivalently,  $(x)(Ex \supset R)$
8.  $(Lg \supset (\exists x)Lx)$
9.  $(\sim(\exists x)Ex \supset \sim(\exists x)(Ex \cdot Lx))$
11.  $((\exists x)Lx \supset (\exists x)Ex)$
12.  $(x)((Cx \cdot Lx) \supset Ex)$
13.  $(x)(\sim Lx \supset Ex)$
14.  $\sim(x)Ex$
16.  $(Lg \supset Eg)$
17.  $(x)(Lx \supset Lg)$  or, equivalently,  $((\exists x)Lx \supset Lg)$
18.  $(x)(Lx \supset Ex)$  [This is an exception; "if someone is ... then that person is ..." just means "all ... are ...."]
19.  $(x)(Ex \cdot Lx)$

## 8.5a

## 2. Valid

- 1  $(x)(Ex \supset R)$
- [ $\therefore ((\exists x)Ex \supset R)$
- \* 2  $\text{asm: } \sim((\exists x)Ex \supset R)$
- \* 3  $\therefore (\exists x)Ex$  {from 2}
- 4  $\therefore \sim R$  {from 2}
- 5  $\therefore Ea$  {from 3}
- \* 6  $\therefore (Ea \supset R)$  {from 1}
- 7  $\therefore \sim Ea$  {from 4 and 6}
- 8  $\therefore ((\exists x)Ex \supset R)$  {from 2; 5 contradicts 7}

## 4. Valid

- \* 1  $((\exists x)Fx \vee (\exists x)Gx)$
- [ $\therefore (\exists x)(Fx \vee Gx)$
- \* 2  $\text{asm: } \sim(\exists x)(Fx \vee Gx)$
- 3  $\therefore (x)\sim(Fx \vee Gx)$  {from 2}
- 4  $\text{asm: } (\exists x)Fx$  {break 1}
- 5  $\therefore Fa$  {from 4}
- 6  $\therefore \sim(Fa \vee Ga)$  {from 3}
- 7  $\therefore \sim Fa$  {from 6}
- \* 8  $\therefore \sim(\exists x)Fx$  {from 4; 5 contradicts 7}
- 9  $\therefore (x)\sim Fx$  {from 8}
- \* 10  $\therefore (\exists x)Gx$  {from 1 and 8}

a

 $\sim Ta$ 

a

 $\sim Na$

- 11  $\vdash \therefore Ga$  {from 10}
- \* 12  $\vdash \therefore \sim(Fa \vee Ga)$  {from 3}
- 13  $\vdash \therefore \sim Fa$  {from 12}
- 14  $\vdash \therefore \sim Ga$  {from 12}
- 15  $\therefore (\exists x)(Fx \vee Gx)$  {from 2; 11 contradicts 14}

6. Valid

- 1  $(x)((Fx \vee Gx) \supset Hx)$
- 2  $Fm$
- $\vdash \therefore Hm$
- 3  $\lceil$  asm:  $\sim Hm$
- \* 4  $\vdash \therefore ((Fm \vee Gm) \supset Hm)$  {from 1}
- 5  $\vdash \therefore \sim(Fm \vee Gm)$  {from 3 and 4}
- 6  $\vdash \therefore \sim Fm$  {from 5}
- 7  $\therefore Hm$  {from 3; 2 contradicts 6}

7. Invalid

- 1  $Fj$
- \* 2  $(\exists x)Gx$
- 3  $(x)((Fx \cdot Gx) \supset Hx)$
- $\vdash \therefore (\exists x)Hx$
- \* 4  $\lceil$  asm:  $\sim(\exists x)Hx$
- 5  $\therefore Ga$  {from 2}
- 6  $\therefore (x)\sim Hx$  {from 4}
- \* 7  $\therefore ((Fa \cdot Ga) \supset Ha)$  {from 3}
- \* 8  $\therefore ((Fj \cdot Gj) \supset Hj)$  {from 3}
- 9  $\therefore \sim Ha$  {from 6}
- \* 10  $\therefore \sim(Fa \cdot Ga)$  {from 7 and 9}
- 11  $\therefore \sim Fa$  {from 5 and 10}
- 12  $\therefore \sim Hj$  {from 6}
- \* 13  $\therefore \sim(Fj \cdot Gj)$  {from 8 and 12}
- 14  $\therefore \sim Gj$  {from 1 and 13}

a, j

$Ga, \sim Ha, \sim Fa$ $Fj, \sim Hj, \sim Gj$
--

8. Valid

- \* 1  $((\exists x)Fx \supset (x)Gx)$
- 2  $\sim Gp$
- $\vdash \therefore \sim Fp$
- 3  $\lceil$  asm:  $Fp$
- 4  $\lceil$  asm:  $\sim(\exists x)Fx$  {break 1}
- 5  $\vdash \therefore (x)\sim Fx$  {from 4}
- 6  $\vdash \therefore \sim Fp$  {from 5}
- 7  $\therefore (\exists x)Fx$  {from 4; 3 contradicts 6}
- 8  $\therefore (x)Gx$  {from 1 and 7}
- 9  $\vdash \therefore Gp$  {from 8}
- 10  $\therefore \sim Fp$  {from 3; 2 contradicts 9}

9. Valid

- \* 1  $(\exists x)(Fx \vee Gx)$
- $\vdash \therefore ((x)\sim Gx \supset (\exists x)Fx)$
- \* 2  $\lceil$  asm:  $\sim((x)\sim Gx \supset (\exists x)Fx)$

- \* 3  $\vdash \therefore (Fa \vee Ga)$  {from 1}
- 4  $\vdash \therefore (x)\sim Gx$  {from 2}
- \* 5  $\vdash \therefore \sim(\exists x)Fx$  {from 2}
- 6  $\vdash \therefore (x)\sim Fx$  {from 5}
- 7  $\vdash \therefore \sim Ga$  {from 4}
- 8  $\vdash \therefore Fa$  {from 3 and 7}
- 9  $\vdash \therefore \sim Fa$  {from 6}
- 10  $\therefore ((x)\sim Gx \supset (\exists x)Fx)$  {from 2; 8 contradicts 9}

11. Valid

- 1  $(x)(Ex \supset R)$
- $\vdash \therefore ((x)Ex \supset R)$
- \* 2  $\lceil$  asm:  $\sim((x)Ex \supset R)$
- 3  $\vdash \therefore (x)Ex$  {from 2}
- 4  $\vdash \therefore \sim R$  {from 2}
- \* 5  $\vdash \therefore (Ea \supset R)$  {from 1}
- 6  $\vdash \therefore \sim Ea$  {from 4 and 5}
- 7  $\vdash \therefore Ea$  {from 3}
- 8  $\therefore ((x)Ex \supset R)$  {from 2; 6 contradicts 7}

12. Valid

- 1  $(x)(Fx \cdot Gx)$
- $\vdash \therefore ((x)Fx \cdot (x)Gx)$
- \* 2  $\lceil$  asm:  $\sim((x)Fx \cdot (x)Gx)$
- 3  $\lceil$  asm:  $\sim(x)Fx$  {break 2}
- 4  $\vdash \therefore (\exists x)\sim Fx$  {from 3}
- 5  $\vdash \therefore \sim Fa$  {from 4}
- 6  $\vdash \therefore (Fa \cdot Ga)$  {from 1}
- 7  $\vdash \therefore Fa$  {from 6}
- 8  $\therefore (x)Fx$  {from 3; 5 contradicts 7}
- \* 9  $\vdash \therefore \sim(x)Gx$  {from 2 and 8}
- \* 10  $\vdash \therefore (\exists x)\sim Gx$  {from 9}
- 11  $\vdash \therefore \sim Ga$  {from 10}
- \* 12  $\vdash \therefore (Fa \cdot Ga)$  {from 1}
- 13  $\vdash \therefore Fa$  {from 12}
- 14  $\vdash \therefore Ga$  {from 12}
- 15  $\therefore ((x)Fx \cdot (x)Gx)$  {from 2; 11 contradicts 14}

13. Valid

- \* 1  $(R \supset (x)Ex)$
- $\vdash \therefore (x)(R \supset Ex)$
- \* 2  $\lceil$  asm:  $\sim(x)(R \supset Ex)$
- \* 3  $\vdash \therefore (\exists x)\sim(R \supset Ex)$  {from 2}
- \* 4  $\vdash \therefore \sim(R \supset Ea)$  {from 3}
- 5  $\vdash \therefore R$  {from 4}
- 6  $\vdash \therefore \sim Ea$  {from 4}
- 7  $\vdash \therefore (x)Ex$  {from 1 and 5}
- 8  $\vdash \therefore Ea$  {from 7}

9  $\therefore (x)(R \supset Ex)$  {from 2; 6 contradicts 8}

14. Valid

\* 1  $((x)Fx \vee (x)Gx)$   
 $[\therefore (x)(Fx \vee Gx)]$   
 \* 2  $\text{asm: } \sim(x)(Fx \vee Gx)$   
 \* 3  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim(Fx \vee Gx)$  {from 2}  
 \* 4  $\therefore \sim(Fa \vee Ga)$  {from 3}  
 5  $\therefore \sim Fa$  {from 4}  
 6  $\therefore \sim Ga$  {from 4}  
 7  $\text{asm: } (x)Fx$  {break 1}  
 8  $\therefore Fa$  {from 7}  
 \* 9  $\therefore \sim(x)Fx$  {from 7; 5 contradicts 8}  
 10  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim Fx$  {from 9}  
 11  $\therefore (x)Gx$  {from 1 and 9}  
 12  $\therefore Ga$  {from 11}  
 13  $\therefore (x)(Fx \vee Gx)$  {from 2; 6 contradicts 12}

8.5b

2. Valid

1  $(x)Cx$   
 \* 2  $(G \supset (\exists x)\sim Cx)$   
 $[\therefore \sim G]$   
 3  $\text{asm: } G$   
 \* 4  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim Cx$  {from 2 and 3}  
 5  $\therefore \sim Ca$  {from 4}  
 6  $\therefore Ca$  {from 1}  
 7  $\therefore \sim G$  {from 3; 5 contradicts 6}

4. Invalid

\* 1  $((x)Lx \supset D)$  a, u  
Lu,  $\sim La$ ,  $\sim D$   
 $[\therefore (Lu \supset D)]$   
 \* 2  $\text{asm: } \sim(Lu \supset D)$   
 3  $\therefore Lu$  {from 2}  
 4  $\therefore \sim D$  {from 2}  
 \* 5  $\therefore \sim(x)Lx$  {from 1 and 4}  
 \* 6  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim Lx$  {from 5}  
 7  $\therefore \sim La$  {from 6}

6. Valid

1  $(x)(Ex \supset (Sx \vee Fx))$   
 2  $\sim St$   
 $[\therefore (\sim Et \vee Ft)]$   
 \* 3  $\text{asm: } \sim(\sim Et \vee Ft)$   
 4  $\therefore Et$  {from 3}  
 5  $\therefore \sim Ft$  {from 3}  
 \* 6  $\therefore (Et \supset (St \vee Ft))$  {from 1}  
 \* 7  $\therefore (St \vee Ft)$  {from 4 and 6}  
 8  $\therefore Ft$  {from 2 and 7}

9  $\therefore (\sim Et \vee Ft)$  {from 3; 5 contradicts 8}

7. Valid

\* 1  $((\exists x)Kx \supset \sim(\exists x)Fx)$   
 $[\therefore \sim(\exists x)(Kx \cdot Fx)]$   
 \* 2  $\text{asm: } (\exists x)(Kx \cdot Fx)$   
 \* 3  $\therefore (Ka \cdot Fa)$  {from 2}  
 4  $\therefore Ka$  {from 3}  
 5  $\therefore Fa$  {from 3}  
 6  $\text{asm: } \sim(\exists x)Kx$  {break 1}  
 7  $\therefore (x)\sim Kx$  {from 6}  
 8  $\therefore \sim Ka$  {from 7}  
 9  $\therefore (\exists x)Kx$  {from 6; 4 contradicts 8}  
 \* 10  $\therefore \sim(\exists x)Fx$  {from 1 and 9}  
 11  $\therefore (x)\sim Fx$  {from 10}  
 12  $\therefore \sim Fa$  {from 11}  
 13  $\therefore \sim(\exists x)(Kx \cdot Fx)$  {from 2; 5 contradicts 12}

8. Invalid

a, b

1  $(x)Tx \supset (x)Sx$  Ta,  $\sim Sa$ ,  $\sim Tb$   
 $[\therefore (x)(Tx \supset Sx)]$   
 \* 2  $\text{asm: } \sim(x)(Tx \supset Sx)$   
 \* 3  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim(Tx \supset Sx)$  {from 2}  
 \* 4  $\therefore \sim(Ta \supset Sa)$  {from 3}  
 5  $\therefore Ta$  {from 4}  
 6  $\therefore \sim Sa$  {from 4}  
 \*\*7  $\text{asm: } \sim(x)Tx$  {break 1}  
 \*\*8  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim Tx$  {from 7}  
 9  $\therefore \sim Tb$  {from 8}

9. Invalid

a, b

\* 1  $\sim(\exists x)(Sx \cdot Nx)$  Ma, Sa,  $\sim Na$   
Mb, Nb,  $\sim Sb$   
 $[\therefore (\sim(\exists x)(Mx \cdot Sx) \vee \sim(\exists x)(Mx \cdot Nx))]$   
 \* 2  $\text{asm: } \sim(\sim(\exists x)(Mx \cdot Sx) \vee \sim(\exists x)(Mx \cdot Nx))$   
 3  $\therefore (x)\sim(Sx \cdot Nx)$  {from 1}  
 \* 4  $\therefore (\exists x)(Mx \cdot Sx)$  {from 2}  
 \* 5  $\therefore (\exists x)(Mx \cdot Nx)$  {from 2}  
 \* 6  $\therefore (Ma \cdot Sa)$  {from 4}  
 \* 7  $\therefore (Mb \cdot Nb)$  {from 5}  
 8  $\therefore Ma$  {from 6}  
 9  $\therefore Sa$  {from 6}  
 10  $\therefore Mb$  {from 7}  
 11  $\therefore Nb$  {from 7}  
 \* 12  $\therefore \sim(Sa \cdot Na)$  {from 3}  
 13  $\therefore \sim Na$  {from 9 and 12}  
 \* 14  $\therefore \sim(Sb \cdot Nb)$  {from 3}  
 15  $\therefore \sim Sb$  {from 11 and 14}

## 11. Invalid

- 1  $(\sim(\exists x)Nx \supset \sim(\exists x)Cx)$   
 $[\therefore (x)(Cx \supset Nx)]$  a, b  
Ca, ~Na, Nb
- \* 2 asm:  $\sim(x)(Cx \supset Nx)$   
 \* 3  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim(Cx \supset Nx)$  {from 2}  
 \* 4  $\therefore \sim(Ca \supset Na)$  {from 3}  
 5  $\therefore Ca$  {from 4}  
 6  $\therefore \sim Na$  {from 4}  
 \*\*7 asm:  $(\exists x)Nx$  {break 1}  
 8  $\therefore Nb$  {from 7}

## 12. Valid

- 1  $(x)((\sim Dx \cdot Vx) \supset Ox)$   
 2  $\sim Df$   
 $[\therefore (Vf \supset Of)]$
- \* 3 asm:  $\sim(Vf \supset Of)$   
 4  $\therefore Vf$  {from 3}  
 5  $\therefore \sim Of$  {from 3}  
 \* 6  $\therefore ((\sim Df \cdot Vf) \supset Of)$  {from 1}  
 \* 7  $\therefore \sim(\sim Df \cdot Vf)$  {from 5 and 6}  
 8  $\therefore \sim Vf$  {from 2 and 7}  
 9  $\therefore (Vf \supset Of)$  {from 3; 4 contradicts 8}

## 13. Valid

- \* 1  $(\sim Tw \supset (\exists x)(Mx \cdot Ix))$   
 \* 2  $\sim(\exists x)Ix$   
 $[\therefore Tw]$
- 3 asm:  $\sim Tw$   
 4  $\therefore (x)\sim Ix$  {from 2}  
 \* 5  $\therefore (\exists x)(Mx \cdot Ix)$  {from 1 and 3}  
 \* 6  $\therefore (Ma \cdot Ia)$  {from 5}  
 7  $\therefore Ma$  {from 6}  
 8  $\therefore Ia$  {from 6}  
 9  $\therefore \sim Ia$  {from 4}  
 10  $\therefore Tw$  {from 3; 8 contradicts 9}

## 14. Valid

- 1  $(x)(Tx \supset Cx)$   
 \* 2  $(Cw \supset B)$   
 \* 3  $(Tw \supset \sim B)$   
 $[\therefore \sim Tw]$
- 4 asm:  $Tw$   
 5  $\therefore \sim B$  {from 3 and 4}  
 6  $\therefore \sim Cw$  {from 2 and 5}  
 \* 7  $\therefore (Tw \supset Cw)$  {from 1}  
 8  $\therefore Cw$  {from 4 and 7}  
 9  $\therefore \sim Tw$  {from 4; 6 contradicts 8}

## 16. Valid

- \* 1  $((x)Mx \supset (x)(Px \supset Cx))$

- 2  $Ps$   
 3  $\sim Cs$   
 $[\therefore \sim(x)Mx]$
- 4 asm:  $(x)Mx$   
 5  $\therefore (x)(Px \supset Cx)$  {from 1 and 4}  
 6  $\therefore Ms$  {from 4}  
 \* 7  $\therefore (Ps \supset Cs)$  {from 5}  
 8  $\therefore Cs$  {from 2 and 7}  
 9  $\therefore \sim(x)Mx$  {from 4; 3 contradicts 8}

## 17. Invalid

- a, b
- \* 1  $((x)Lx \supset D)$   
 $[\therefore ((\exists x)Lx \supset D)]$  La, ~Lb, ~D
- \* 2 asm:  $\sim((\exists x)Lx \supset D)$   
 \* 3  $\therefore (\exists x)Lx$  {from 2}  
 4  $\therefore \sim D$  {from 2}  
 5  $\therefore La$  {from 3}  
 \* 6  $\therefore \sim(x)Lx$  {from 1 and 4}  
 \* 7  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim Lx$  {from 6}  
 8  $\therefore \sim Lb$  {from 7}

## 18. Valid

- 1  $(x)Mx$   
 2  $L$   
 \* 3  $(L \supset (x)(Mx \supset Bx))$   
 $[\therefore (x)Bx]$
- \* 4 asm:  $\sim(x)Bx$   
 \* 5  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim Bx$  {from 4}  
 6  $\therefore \sim Ba$  {from 5}  
 7  $\therefore (x)(Mx \supset Bx)$  {from 2 and 3}  
 8  $\therefore Ma$  {from 1}  
 \* 9  $\therefore (Ma \supset Ba)$  {from 7}  
 10  $\therefore \sim Ma$  {from 6 and 9}  
 11  $\therefore (x)Bx$  {from 4; 8 contradicts 10}

## 19. Valid

- 1  $Be$   
 \* 2  $(Te \cdot \sim Me)$   
 \* 3  $(De \supset Me)$   
 $[\therefore (\exists x)(Bx \cdot \sim Dx)]$
- \* 4 asm:  $\sim(\exists x)(Bx \cdot \sim Dx)$   
 5  $\therefore Te$  {from 2}  
 6  $\therefore \sim Me$  {from 2}  
 7  $\therefore (x)\sim(Bx \cdot \sim Dx)$  {from 4}  
 8  $\therefore \sim De$  {from 3 and 6}  
 \* 9  $\therefore \sim(Be \cdot \sim De)$  {from 7}  
 10  $\therefore De$  {from 1 and 9}  
 11  $\therefore (\exists x)(Bx \cdot \sim Dx)$  {from 4; 8 contradicts 10}

## 21. Invalid

- $$1 \quad ((x)Dx \supset (x)Bx)$$
- $$[\therefore (x)(Dx \supset Bx) \quad \boxed{Da, \sim Ba, \sim Db} \quad a, b]$$
- \* 2 asm:  $\sim(x)(Dx \supset Bx)$
- \* 3  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim(Dx \supset Bx)$  {from 2}
- \* 4  $\therefore \sim(Da \supset Ba)$  {from 3}
- 5  $\therefore Da$  {from 4}
- 6  $\therefore \sim Ba$  {from 4}
- \*\*7 asm:  $\sim(x)Dx$  {break 1}
- \*\*8  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim Dx$  {from 7}
- 9  $\therefore \sim Db$  {from 8}

## 22. Valid

- $$1 \quad (x)((Cx \cdot Px) \supset Ix)$$
- $$2 \quad \sim Iu$$
- $$[\therefore (Cu \supset \sim Pu)]$$
- \* 3 asm:  $\sim(Cu \supset \sim Pu)$
- 4  $\therefore Cu$  {from 3}
- 5  $\therefore Pu$  {from 3}
- \* 6  $\therefore ((Cu \cdot Pu) \supset Iu)$  {from 1}
- \* 7  $\therefore \sim(Cu \cdot Pu)$  {from 2 and 6}
- 8  $\therefore \sim Pu$  {from 4 and 7}
- 9  $\therefore (Cu \supset \sim Pu)$  {from 3; 5 contradicts 8}

## 9.1a

2.  $a=g$
4.  $(\exists x)(\sim x=a \cdot Lx)$
6.  $(La \cdot \sim(\exists x)(\sim x=a \cdot Lx))$
7.  $(x)((Lx \cdot \sim x=a) \supset Ex)$
8.  $\sim(\exists x)(\sim x=a \cdot Ex)$
9.  $p=a$
11.  $(\exists x)((Ex \cdot Lx) \cdot \sim(\exists y)(\sim y=x \cdot (Ey \cdot Ly)))$
12.  $(x)((\sim x=a \cdot \sim x=p) \supset Ex)$
13.  $(It \supset \sim u=t)$
14.  $c=m$
16.  $\sim(\exists x)(\exists y)(\sim x=y \cdot (Kx \cdot Ky))$
17. Bk [See Section 9.6 for this example and the next.]
18.  $(\exists x)((Kx \cdot \sim(\exists y)(\sim x=y \cdot Ky)) \cdot Bx)$

## 9.2a

## 2. Invalid

- $$1 \quad (a=b \supset \sim(\exists x)Fx)$$
- $$[\therefore (Fa \supset \sim Fb) \quad \boxed{Fa, \sim a=b, Fb} \quad a, b]$$
- \* 2 asm:  $\sim(Fa \supset \sim Fb)$
- 3  $\therefore Fa$  {from 2}
- 4  $\therefore Fb$  {from 2}
- 5 asm:  $\sim a=b$  {break 1}

## 4. Valid

- $$1 \quad \sim a=b$$
- $$2 \quad c=b$$
- $$[\therefore \sim a=c]$$
- 3 [asm:  $a=c$
- 4  $\therefore a=b$  {from 2 and 3}
- 5  $\therefore \sim a=c$  {from 3; 1 contradicts 4}
6. Valid
- $$1 \quad a=b$$
- $$[\therefore (Fa \equiv Fb)]$$
- \* 2 [asm:  $\sim(Fa \equiv Fb)$
- \* 3  $\therefore (Fa \vee Fb)$  {from 2}
- 4  $\therefore \sim(Fa \cdot Fb)$  {from 2}
- 5 [asm:  $Fa$  {break 3}
- 6  $\therefore Fb$  {from 1 and 5}
- 7  $\therefore \sim Fb$  {from 4 and 5}
- 8  $\therefore \sim Fa$  {from 5; 6 contradicts 7}
- 9  $\therefore Fb$  {from 3 and 8}
- 10  $\therefore \sim Fb$  {from 1 and 8}
- 11  $\therefore (Fa \equiv Fb)$  {from 2; 9 contradicts 10}

## 7. Valid

- $$1 \quad a=b$$
- $$2 \quad (x)(Fx \supset Gx)$$
- $$3 \quad \sim Ga$$
- $$[\therefore \sim Fb]$$
- 4 [asm:  $Fb$
- 5  $\therefore Fa$  {from 1 and 4}
- \* 6  $\therefore (Fa \supset Ga)$  {from 2}
- 7  $\therefore Ga$  {from 5 and 6}
- 8  $\therefore \sim Fb$  {from 4; 3 contradicts 7}

## 8. Valid

- $$1 \quad Fa$$
- $$[\therefore (x)(x=a \supset Fx)]$$
- \* 2 [asm:  $\sim(x)(x=a \supset Fx)$
- \* 3  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim(x=a \supset Fx)$  {from 2}
- \* 4  $\therefore \sim(b=a \supset Fb)$  {from 3}
- 5  $\therefore b=a$  {from 4}
- 6  $\therefore \sim Fb$  {from 4}
- 7  $\therefore \sim Fa$  {from 5 and 6}
- 8  $\therefore (x)(x=a \supset Fx)$  {from 2; 1 contradicts 7}

## 9. Invalid

- $$[\therefore (\exists x)(y)y=x \quad \boxed{\sim b=a} \quad a, b]$$
- \* 1 [asm:  $\sim(\exists x)(y)y=x$
- 2  $\therefore (x)\sim(y)y=x$  {from 1}
- \* 3  $\therefore \sim(y)y=a$  {from 2}
- 4  $\therefore (\exists y)\sim y=a$  {from 3}

$$5 \quad \therefore \sim b=a \quad \{\text{from 4}\}$$

If we keep going (and drop the universal in line 2 using "b"), we into an endless loop. What we derived so far refutes the argument.

## 9.2b

## 2. Valid

- \* 1  $(\exists x)Lx$
- \* 2  $(\exists x)\sim Lx$
- [  $\therefore (\exists x)(\exists y)\sim x=y$
- \* 3  $\text{asm: } \sim(\exists x)(\exists y)\sim x=y$
- 4  $\therefore La \quad \{\text{from 1}\}$
- 5  $\therefore \sim Lb \quad \{\text{from 2}\}$
- 6  $\therefore (x)\sim(\exists y)\sim x=y \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$
- \* 7  $\therefore \sim(\exists y)\sim a=y \quad \{\text{from 6}\}$
- 8  $\therefore (y)a=y \quad \{\text{from 7}\}$
- 9  $\therefore a=b \quad \{\text{from 8}\}$
- 10  $\therefore Lb \quad \{\text{from 4 and 9}\}$
- 11  $\therefore (\exists x)(\exists y)\sim x=y \quad \{\text{from 3; 5 contradicts 10}\}$

## 4. Valid

- 1  $l=m$
- 2  $Sl$
- \* 3  $\sim(\exists x)(Sx \cdot Bx)$
- [  $\therefore \sim Bm$
- 4  $\text{asm: } Bm$
- 5  $\therefore Bl \quad \{\text{from 1 and 4}\}$
- 6  $\therefore (x)\sim(Sx \cdot Bx) \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$
- \* 7  $\therefore \sim(Sl \cdot Bl) \quad \{\text{from 6}\}$
- 8  $\therefore \sim Bl \quad \{\text{from 2 and 7}\}$
- 9  $\therefore \sim Bm \quad \{\text{from 4; 5 contradicts 8}\}$

## 6. Valid

- 1  $(Ls \supset s=p)$
- 2  $p=c$
- [  $\therefore (Ls \supset s=c)$
- 3  $\text{asm: } \sim(Ls \supset s=c)$
- 4  $\therefore (Ls \supset s=c) \quad \{\text{from 1 and 2}\}$
- 5  $\therefore (Ls \supset s=c) \quad \{\text{from 3; 3 contradicts 4}\}$

## 7. Invalid

- 1  $\sim j=b$
- 2  $Lb$
- [  $\therefore \sim Lj$
- 3  $\text{asm: } Cj$

b, j

Cb, Cj,  $\sim j=b$ 

## 8. Invalid

- 1  $Lp$
- 2  $Lb$
- [  $\therefore (\exists x)(\exists y)(\sim x=y \cdot (Lx \cdot Ly))$

p, b

Lp, Lb,  $p=b$ 

- \* 3  $\text{asm: } \sim(\exists x)(\exists y)(\sim x=y \cdot (Lx \cdot Ly))$
- 4  $\therefore (x)\sim(\exists y)(\sim x=y \cdot (Lx \cdot Ly)) \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$
- \* 5  $\therefore \sim(\exists y)(\sim p=y \cdot (Lb \cdot Ly)) \quad \{\text{from 4}\}$
- 6  $\therefore (y)\sim(\sim p=y \cdot (Lb \cdot Ly)) \quad \{\text{from 5}\}$
- 7  $\therefore \sim(\sim p=b \cdot (Lp \cdot Lb)) \quad \{\text{from 6}\}$
- 8  $\text{asm: } p=b \quad \{\text{break 7}\}$

## 9. Valid

- 1  $g=a$
- 2  $a=b$
- [  $\therefore g=b$
- 3  $\text{asm: } \sim g=b$
- 4  $\therefore \sim a=b \quad \{\text{from 1 and 3}\}$
- 5  $\therefore g=b \quad \{\text{from 3; 2 contradicts 4}\}$

## 11. Invalid

- 1  $(Rm \vee Hm)$
- 2  $\sim Ru$
- [  $\therefore (Hu \supset u=m)$
- \* 3  $\text{asm: } \sim(Hu \supset u=m)$
- 4  $\therefore Hu \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$
- 5  $\therefore \sim u=m \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$
- 6  $\text{asm: } Rm \quad \{\text{break 1}\}$

m, u

Hu,  $\sim Ru$   
Rm,  $\sim u=m$ 

## 12. Valid

- \* 1  $((\exists x)Cx \supset (\exists x)Jx)$
- 2  $Ci$
- 3  $\sim Ji$
- [  $\therefore (\exists x)(\sim x=i \cdot Jx)$
- \* 4  $\text{asm: } \sim(\exists x)(\sim x=i \cdot Jx)$
- 5  $\therefore (x)\sim(\sim x=i \cdot Jx) \quad \{\text{from 4}\}$
- 6  $\text{asm: } \sim(\exists x)Cx \quad \{\text{break 1}\}$
- 7  $\therefore (x)\sim Cx \quad \{\text{from 6}\}$
- 8  $\therefore \sim Ci \quad \{\text{from 7}\}$
- 9  $\therefore (\exists x)Cx \quad \{\text{from 6; 2 contradicts 8}\}$
- \* 10  $\therefore (\exists x)Jx \quad \{\text{from 1 and 9}\}$
- 11  $\therefore Ja \quad \{\text{from 10}\}$
- \* 12  $\therefore \sim(\sim a=i \cdot Ja) \quad \{\text{from 5}\}$
- 13  $\therefore a=i \quad \{\text{from 11 and 12}\}$
- 14  $\therefore Ji \quad \{\text{from 11 and 13}\}$
- 15  $\therefore (\exists x)(\sim x=i \cdot Jx) \quad \{\text{from 4; 3 contradicts 14}\}$

## 13. Valid

- 1  $Sd$
- 2  $Sn$
- 3  $\sim d=n$
- [  $\therefore (\exists x)(\exists y)(\sim x=y \cdot (Sx \cdot Sy))$
- \* 4  $\text{asm: } \sim(\exists x)(\exists y)(\sim x=y \cdot (Sx \cdot Sy))$
- 5  $\therefore (x)\sim(\exists y)(\sim x=y \cdot (Sx \cdot Sy)) \quad \{\text{from 4}\}$
- \* 6  $\therefore \sim(\exists y)(\sim d=y \cdot (Sd \cdot Sy)) \quad \{\text{from 5}\}$
- 7  $\therefore (y)\sim(\sim d=y \cdot (Sd \cdot Sy)) \quad \{\text{from 6}\}$

- \* 8  $\vdash \sim(\sim d=n \cdot (Sd \cdot Sn))$  {from 7}  
 \* 9  $\vdash \sim(Sd \cdot Sn)$  {from 3 and 8}  
 10  $\vdash \sim Sn$  {from 1 and 9}  
 11  $\vdash (\exists x)(\exists y)(\sim x=y \cdot (Sx \cdot Sy))$  {from 4; 2  
 contradicts 10}

14. Valid

- \* 1  $\sim(\exists x)((\sim x=c \cdot \sim x=d) \cdot Kx)$   
 \* 2  $(\exists x)(Kx \cdot Sx)$   
 $\vdash (Sc \vee Sd)$   
 \* 3  $\text{asm: } \sim(Sc \vee Sd)$   
 4  $\vdash (x)\sim((\sim x=c \cdot \sim x=d) \cdot Kx)$  {from 1}  
 \* 5  $\vdash (Ka \cdot Sa)$  {from 2}  
 6  $\vdash \sim Sc$  {from 3}  
 7  $\vdash \sim Sd$  {from 3}  
 8  $\vdash Ka$  {from 5}  
 9  $\vdash Sa$  {from 5}  
 \* 10  $\vdash \sim((\sim a=c \cdot \sim a=d) \cdot Ka)$  {from 4}  
 \* 11  $\vdash \sim(\sim a=c \cdot \sim a=d)$  {from 8 and 10}  
 12  $\text{asm: } a=c$  {break 11}  
 13  $\vdash Sc$  {from 9 and 12}  
 14  $\vdash \sim a=c$  {from 12; 6 contradicts 13}  
 15  $\vdash a=d$  {from 11 and 14}  
 16  $\vdash Sd$  {from 9 and 15}  
 17  $\vdash (Sc \vee Sd)$  {from 3; 7 contradicts 16}

16. Invalid

- 1 Pw  
 2  $\sim c=w$   
 $\vdash \sim Pc$   
 3  $\text{asm: } Pc$

w, c

Pw, Pc,  $\sim c=w$ 

17. Invalid

- 1  $(It \supset \sim u=t)$   
 $\vdash \sim Iu$   
 2  $\text{asm: } Iu$   
 3  $\text{asm: } It$   
 4  $\vdash \sim u=t$

u, t

Iu, It,  $\sim u=t$ 

18. Valid

- 1  $\sim Iu$   
 $\vdash (It \supset \sim u=t)$   
 \* 2  $\text{asm: } \sim(It \supset \sim u=t)$   
 3  $\vdash It$  {from 2}  
 4  $\vdash u=t$  {from 2}  
 5  $\vdash Iu$  {from 3 and 4}  
 6  $\vdash (It \supset \sim u=t)$  {from 2; 1 contradicts 5}

9.3a

2.  $\sim(x)(Rx \supset Lxo)$

4.  $(\exists x)(\sim Ix \cdot Lox)$   
 6.  $(x)(Ix \supset Lxx)$   
 7.  $(x)((Ix \cdot \sim x=t) \supset Lox)$   
 8.  $(x)(Lxo \supset Ltx)$   
 9.  $\sim(\exists x)((Rx \cdot \sim x=o) \cdot Lxt)$   
 11.  $\sim(\exists x)((Rx \cdot Lxx) \cdot Ltx)$   
 12.  $(\exists x)Lxo$   
 13.  $(x)(\sim x=g \supset Cgx)$   
 14.  $\sim(\exists x)Cxx$   
 16.  $\sim(\exists x)Cxx$   
 17. Lgg  
 18.  $(\sim Cgg \supset (\exists x)\sim Cgx)$   
 19.  $\sim(\exists x)Gxx$

9.4a

2.  $(\exists x)(Rx \cdot (\exists y)Lxy)$  or, equivalently,  
 $(\exists x)(\exists y)(Rx \cdot Lxy)$   
 4.  $(\exists x)(Rx \cdot (y)(Iy \supset Lxy))$   
 6.  $(\exists x)(Ix \cdot (y)(Ry \supset Lyx))$   
 7.  $(x)(y)(\sim x=y \supset Lxy)$   
 8.  $(x)(y)((Ix \cdot Iy) \cdot \sim x=y) \supset Lxy$   
 9.  $(\exists x)(Ix \cdot \sim(\exists y)Lxy)$   
 11.  $(\exists x)(y)(Iy \supset Lxy)$   
 12.  $(\exists x)\sim(\exists y)(Iy \cdot Lxy)$   
 13.  $\sim(\exists x)(Rx \cdot (y)(Iy \supset Lxy))$   
 14.  $((x)Lxo \supset (\exists x)(Rx \cdot (y)Lyx))$   
 16.  $\sim(x)(y)(Cxy \supset Gxy)$   
 17.  $(x)(y)(Gxy \supset \sim Gyx)$   
 18.  $(x)(\exists y)Gxy$   
 19.  $(\exists x)\sim(\exists y)Gyx$   
 21.  $(\exists x)(y)Cxy$  or, equivalently,  $(\exists y)(x)Cyx$   
 22.  $(\exists x)(Ex \cdot (y)(Ey \supset Cxy))$   
 23.  $(x)(y)(z)((Cxy \cdot Cyz) \supset Cxz)$   
 24.  $(\exists x)((\exists y)Cxy \cdot \sim(\exists y)Cyx)$

9.5a

2. Valid

- \* 1  $(\exists x)(y)Lxy$   
 $\vdash (\exists x)Lxa$   
 \* 2  $\text{asm: } \sim(\exists x)Lxa$   
 3  $\vdash (y)Lby$  {from 1}  
 4  $\vdash (x)\sim Lxa$  {from 2}  
 5  $\vdash Lba$  {from 3}  
 6  $\vdash \sim Lba$  {from 4}  
 7  $\vdash (\exists x)Lxa$  {from 2; 5 contradicts 6}

4. Invalid

- 1  $(x)(\exists y)Lxy$

a, b

Lab, Lba,  $\sim Laa$

[ $\therefore$  Laa  
 2 asm:  $\sim$ Laa  
 \* 3  $\therefore (\exists y)Lay$  {from 1}  
 4  $\therefore Lab$  {from 3}

Endless loop: add "Lba" to make premise true.

6. Valid

1  $(x)(y)(Uxy \supset Lxy)$   
 2  $(x)(\exists y)Uxy$   
 [ $\therefore (x)(\exists y)Lxy$   
 \* 3 asm:  $\sim(x)(\exists y)Lxy$   
 \* 4  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim(\exists y)Lxy$  {from 3}  
 \* 5  $\therefore \sim(\exists y)Lay$  {from 4}  
 6  $\therefore (y)\sim Lay$  {from 5}  
 \* 7  $\therefore (\exists y)Uay$  {from 2}  
 8  $\therefore Uab$  {from 7}  
 9  $\therefore \sim Lab$  {from 6}  
 10  $\therefore (y)(Uay \supset Lay)$  {from 1}  
 11  $\therefore (Uab \supset Lab)$  {from 10}  
 12  $\therefore Lab$  {from 8 and 11}  
 13  $\therefore (x)(\exists y)Lxy$  {from 3; 9 contradicts 12}

7. Invalid

1  $(x)Lxx$   
 [ $\therefore (\exists x)(y)Lxy$   
 \* 2 asm:  $\sim(\exists x)(y)Lxy$   
 3  $\therefore (x)\sim(y)Lxy$  {from 2}  
 \* 4  $\therefore \sim(y)Lay$  {from 3}  
 \* 5  $\therefore (\exists y)\sim Lay$  {from 4}  
 6  $\therefore \sim Lab$  {from 5}  
 7  $\therefore Laa$  {from 1}  
 8  $\therefore Lbb$  {from 1}

a, b

Laa, Lbb  
 $\sim Lab, \sim Lba$

Endless loop: add " $\sim Lba$ " to make conclusion true.

8. Valid

1  $(x)Gaxb$   
 [ $\therefore (\exists x)(\exists y)Gxycy$   
 \* 2 asm:  $\sim(\exists x)(\exists y)Gxycy$   
 3  $\therefore (x)\sim(\exists y)Gxycy$  {from 2}  
 4  $\therefore Gacb$  {from 1}  
 \* 5  $\therefore \sim(\exists y)Gacy$  {from 3}  
 6  $\therefore (y)\sim Gacy$  {from 5}  
 7  $\therefore \sim Gacb$  {from 6}  
 8  $\therefore (\exists x)(\exists y)Gxycy$  {from 2; 4 contradicts 7}

9. Valid

1  $(x)(y)Lxy$   
 [ $\therefore (\exists x)Lax$   
 \* 2  $\lceil$  asm:  $\sim(\exists x)Lax$

3  $\therefore (x)\sim Lax$  {from 2}  
 4  $\therefore (y)Lay$  {from 1}  
 5  $\therefore \sim Laa$  {from 3}  
 6  $\therefore Laa$  {from 4}  
 7  $\therefore (\exists x)Lax$  {from 2; 5 contradicts 6}

11. Invalid

1  $(x)Lxx$   
 [ $\therefore (x)(y)(Lxy \supset x=y)$   
 \* 2 asm:  $\sim(x)(y)(Lxy \supset x=y)$   
 \* 3  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim(y)(Lxy \supset x=y)$  {from 2}  
 \* 4  $\therefore \sim(y)(Lay \supset a=y)$  {from 3}  
 \* 5  $\therefore (\exists y)\sim(Lay \supset a=y)$  {from 4}  
 \* 6  $\therefore \sim(Lab \supset a=b)$  {from 5}  
 7  $\therefore Lab$  {from 6}  
 8  $\therefore \sim a=b$  {from 6}  
 9  $\therefore Laa$  {from 1}  
 10  $\therefore Lbb$  {from 1}

a, b

Lab, Laa  
 Lbb,  $\sim a=b$

12. Valid

\* 1  $(\exists x)Lxa$   
 2  $\sim Laa$   
 [ $\therefore (\exists x)(\sim a=x \cdot Lxa)$   
 \* 3 asm:  $\sim(\exists x)(\sim a=x \cdot Lxa)$   
 4  $\therefore Lba$  {from 1}  
 5  $\therefore (x)\sim(\sim a=x \cdot Lxa)$  {from 3}  
 \* 6  $\therefore \sim(\sim a=b \cdot Lba)$  {from 5}  
 7  $\therefore a=b$  {from 4 and 6}  
 8  $\therefore \sim Lbb$  {from 2 and 7}  
 9  $\therefore Lbb$  {from 4 and 7}  
 10  $\therefore (\exists x)(\sim a=x \cdot Lxa)$  {from 3; 8 contradicts 9}

13. Invalid

1  $(x)(y)(z)((Lxy \cdot Lyz) \supset Lxz)$   
 2  $(x)(y)(Kxy \supset Lyx)$   
 [ $\therefore (x)Lxx$   
 \* 3 asm:  $\sim(x)Lxx$   
 \* 4  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim Lxx$  {from 3}  
 5  $\therefore \sim Laa$  {from 4}  
 6  $\therefore (y)(z)((Lay \cdot Lyz) \supset Laz)$  {from 1}  
 7  $\therefore (y)(Kay \supset Lya)$  {from 2}  
 8  $\therefore (z)((Laa \cdot Laz) \supset Laz)$  {from 6}  
 \* 9  $\therefore (Kaa \supset Laa)$  {from 7}  
 10  $\therefore \sim Kaa$  {from 5 and 9}  
 \* 11  $\therefore ((Laa \cdot Laa) \supset Laa)$  {from 8}  
 12  $\therefore \sim(Laa \cdot Laa)$  {from 5 and 11}

a

$\sim Laa$   
 $\sim Kaa$

14. Valid

1  $(x)Lxa$   
 2  $(x)(Lax \supset x=b)$

- [ $\therefore (x)Lxb$   
 \* 3 [ asm:  $\sim(x)Lxb$   
 \* 4 [  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim Lxb$  {from 3}  
 5 [  $\therefore \sim Lcb$  {from 4}  
 6 [  $\therefore Laa$  {from 1}  
 \* 7 [  $\therefore (Laa \supset a=b)$  {from 2}  
 8 [  $\therefore a=b$  {from 6 and 7}  
 9 [  $\therefore (x)Lxb$  {from 1 and 8}  
 10  $\therefore (x)Lxb$  {from 3; 3 contradicts 9}

## 9.5b

## 2. Valid

- \* 1  $\sim(\exists x)Cxx$   
 [ $\therefore \sim(\exists x)(y)Cxy$   
 \* 2 [ asm:  $(\exists x)(y)Cxy$   
 3 [  $\therefore (x)\sim Cxx$  {from 1}  
 4 [  $\therefore (y)Cay$  {from 2}  
 5 [  $\therefore \sim Caa$  {from 3}  
 6 [  $\therefore Caa$  {from 4}  
 7  $\therefore \sim(\exists x)(y)Cxy$  {from 2; 5 contradicts 6}

## 4. Valid

- \* 1  $(\exists y)(x)Dxy$   
 [ $\therefore (x)(\exists y)Dxy$   
 \* 2 [ asm:  $\sim(x)(\exists y)Dxy$   
 3 [  $\therefore (x)Dxa$  {from 1}  
 \* 4 [  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim(\exists y)Dxy$  {from 2}  
 \* 5 [  $\therefore \sim(\exists y)Dby$  {from 4}  
 6 [  $\therefore (y)\sim Dby$  {from 5}  
 7 [  $\therefore Dba$  {from 3}  
 8 [  $\therefore \sim Dba$  {from 6}  
 9  $\therefore (x)(\exists y)Dxy$  {from 2; 7 contradicts 8}

## 6. Valid

- 1  $(x)(Fx \supset Lpx)$   
 \* 2  $\sim(\exists x)(Fx \cdot Lxp)$   
 3 Fj  
 [ $\therefore (\exists x)(Lpx \cdot \sim Lxp)$   
 \* 4 [ asm:  $\sim(\exists x)(Lpx \cdot \sim Lxp)$   
 5 [  $\therefore (x)\sim(Fx \cdot Lxp)$  {from 2}  
 6 [  $\therefore (x)\sim(Lpx \cdot \sim Lxp)$  {from 4}  
 \* 7 [  $\therefore (Fj \supset Lpj)$  {from 1}  
 8 [  $\therefore Lpj$  {from 3 and 7}  
 \* 9 [  $\therefore \sim(Fj \cdot Ljp)$  {from 5}  
 10 [  $\therefore \sim Ljp$  {from 3 and 9}  
 \* 11 [  $\therefore \sim(Lpj \cdot \sim Ljp)$  {from 6}  
 12 [  $\therefore Ljp$  {from 8 and 11}  
 13  $\therefore (\exists x)(Lpx \cdot \sim Lxp)$  {from 4; 10 contradicts 12}

## 7. Valid

- 1  $(x)(y)(Cxy \supset Bxy)$   
 \* 2  $\sim(\exists x)Bxx$   
 [ $\therefore \sim(\exists x)Cxx$   
 \* 3 [ asm:  $(\exists x)Cxx$   
 4 [  $\therefore (x)\sim Bxx$  {from 2}  
 5 [  $\therefore Caa$  {from 3}  
 6 [  $\therefore (y)(Cay \supset Bay)$  {from 1}  
 7 [  $\therefore \sim Baa$  {from 4}  
 \* 8 [  $\therefore (Caa \supset Baa)$  {from 6}  
 9 [  $\therefore Baa$  {from 5 and 8}  
 10  $\therefore \sim(\exists x)Cxx$  {from 3; 7 contradicts 9}

## 8. Valid

- 1  $(x)Lxe$   
 \* 2  $\sim(\exists x)(\sim x=m \cdot Lex)$   
 [ $\therefore e=m$   
 3 [ asm:  $\sim e=m$   
 4 [  $\therefore (x)\sim(\sim x=m \cdot Lex)$  {from 2}  
 5 [  $\therefore Lee$  {from 1}  
 \* 6 [  $\therefore \sim(\sim e=m \cdot Lee)$  {from 4}  
 7 [  $\therefore \sim Lee$  {from 3 and 6}  
 8  $\therefore e=m$  {from 3; 5 contradicts 7}

## 9. Invalid

- \* 1  $\sim(x)(y)Lxy$   
 [ $\therefore \sim(x)Lxu$   
 2 asm:  $(x)Lxu$   
 \* 3 [  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim(y)Lxy$  {from 1}  
 \* 4 [  $\therefore \sim(y)Lay$  {from 3}  
 \* 5 [  $\therefore (\exists y)\sim Lay$  {from 4}  
 6 [  $\therefore \sim Lab$  {from 5}  
 7 [  $\therefore Lau$  {from 2}  
 8 [  $\therefore Lbu$  {from 2}  
 9 [  $\therefore Luu$  {from 2}

a, b, u

$\sim Lab, Lau$
$Lbu, Luu$

## 11. Valid

- 1  $(x)(Sax \equiv \sim Sxx)$   
 [ $\therefore R$   
 2 [ asm:  $\sim R$   
 \* 3 [  $\therefore (Saa \equiv \sim Saa)$  {from 1}  
 \* 4 [  $\therefore (Saa \supset \sim Saa)$  {from 3}  
 5 [  $\therefore (\sim Saa \supset Saa)$  {from 3}  
 6 [ [ asm:  $\sim Saa$  {break 4}  
 7 [ [  $\therefore Saa$  {from 5 and 6}  
 8 [  $\therefore Saa$  {from 6; 6 contradicts 7}  
 9 [  $\therefore \sim Saa$  {from 4 and 8}  
 10  $\therefore R$  {from 2; 8 contradicts 9}

12. Valid

- \* 1  $\sim(\exists x)Hxx$
- 2  $(x)(Lx \supset Hix)$
- [ $\therefore \sim Li$
- 3 [asm:  $Li$
- 4  $\therefore (x)\sim Hxx$  {from 1}
- \* 5  $\therefore (Li \supset Hii)$  {from 2}
- 6  $\therefore Hii$  {from 3 and 5}
- 7  $\therefore \sim Hii$  {from 4}
- 8  $\therefore \sim Li$  {from 3; 6 contradicts 7}

13. Valid

- 1  $(x)(\sim x=j \supset Ljx)$
- 2  $Ij$
- 3  $r=m$
- 4  $\sim Im$
- [ $\therefore Ljr$
- 5 [asm:  $\sim Ljr$
- 6  $\therefore \sim Ljm$  {from 3 and 5}
- \* 7  $\therefore (\sim m=j \supset Ljm)$  {from 1}
- 8  $\therefore m=j$  {from 6 and 7}
- 9  $\therefore \sim Ij$  {from 4 and 8}
- 10  $\therefore Ljr$  {from 5; 2 contradicts 9}

14. Valid

- \* 1  $(Lrl \vee Lrc)$
- 2  $(x)(\sim Ix \supset \sim Lrx)$
- 3  $\sim Ic$
- [ $\therefore Lrl$
- 4 [asm:  $\sim Lrl$
- 5  $\therefore Lrc$  {from 1 and 4}
- \* 6  $\therefore (\sim Ic \supset \sim Lrc)$  {from 2}
- 7  $\therefore \sim Lrc$  {from 3 and 6}
- 8  $\therefore Lrl$  {from 4; 5 contradicts 7}

16. Invalid

- 1  $(x)(\exists y)Lxy$
- [ $\therefore (\exists x)Lxx$
- \* 2 [asm:  $\sim(\exists x)Lxx$
- 3  $\therefore (x)\sim Lxx$  {from 2}
- 4  $\therefore \sim Laa$  {from 3}
- \* 5  $\therefore (\exists y)Lay$  {from 1}
- 6  $\therefore Lab$  {from 5}

Endless loop: add "Lba" to make the premise true and " $\sim Lbb$ " to make the conclusion false.

17. Valid

- \* 1  $\sim(\exists x)Cxx$
- 2  $Cbp$
- [ $\therefore \sim b=p$

- 3 [asm:  $b=p$
- 4  $\therefore (x)\sim Cxx$  {from 1}
- 5  $\therefore Cpp$  {from 2 and 3}
- 6  $\therefore \sim Cpp$  {from 4}
- 7  $\therefore \sim b=p$  {from 3; 5 contradicts 6}

18. Valid

- 1  $(x)(Cx \supset (\exists y)Eyx)$
- 2  $Ce$
- \* 3  $((\exists x)Exe \supset (\exists x)(Nx \cdot Exe))$
- [ $\therefore (\exists x)(Nx \cdot Exe)$
- \* 4 [asm:  $\sim(\exists x)(Nx \cdot Exe)$
- 5  $\therefore (x)\sim(Nx \cdot Exe)$  {from 4}
- \* 6  $\therefore \sim(\exists x)Exe$  {from 3 and 4}
- 7  $\therefore (x)\sim Exe$  {from 6}
- \* 8  $\therefore (Ce \supset (\exists y)Eye)$  {from 1}
- \* 9  $\therefore (\exists y)Eye$  {from 2 and 8}
- 10  $\therefore Eae$  {from 9}
- 11  $\therefore (Ca \supset (\exists y)Eya)$  {from 1}
- \* 12  $\therefore \sim(Na \cdot Eae)$  {from 5}
- 13  $\therefore \sim Na$  {from 10 and 12}
- 14  $\therefore \sim(Ne \cdot Eee)$  {from 5}
- 15  $\therefore \sim Eae$  {from 7}
- 16  $\therefore (\exists x)(Nx \cdot Exe)$  {from 4; 10 contradicts 15}

19. Valid

- 1  $t=m$
- [ $\therefore (\sim Lum \supset \sim Lut)$
- \* 2 [asm:  $\sim(\sim Lum \supset \sim Lut)$
- 3  $\therefore \sim Lum$  {from 2}
- 4  $\therefore Lut$  {from 2}
- 5  $\therefore \sim Lut$  {from 1 and 3}
- 6  $\therefore (\sim Lum \supset \sim Lut)$  {from 2; 4 contradicts 5}

21. Valid

- 1  $Gf$
- 2  $Ek$
- 3  $Cfk$
- 4  $\sim Pfk$
- [ $\therefore \sim(x)(Gx \supset (y)((Ey \cdot Cxy) \supset Pxy))$
- 5 [asm:  $(x)(Gx \supset (y)((Ey \cdot Cxy) \supset Pxy))$
- \* 6  $\therefore (Gf \supset (y)((Ey \cdot Cfy) \supset Pfy))$  {from 5}
- 7  $\therefore (y)((Ey \cdot Cfy) \supset Pfy)$  {from 1 and 6}
- \* 8  $\therefore ((Ek \cdot Cfk) \supset Pfk)$  {from 7}
- \* 9  $\therefore \sim(Ek \cdot Cfk)$  {from 4 and 8}
- 10  $\therefore \sim Cfk$  {from 2 and 9}
- 11  $\therefore \sim(x)(Gx \supset (y)((Ey \cdot Cxy) \supset Pxy))$  {from 5; 3 contradicts 10}

a, b  

Lab, Lba $\sim Laa, \sim Lbb$
----------------------------------

## 22. Invalid

- |  |  |        |                    |                    |
|--|--|--------|--------------------|--------------------|
| <p>1 <math>(x)(Cx \supset (\exists t)\sim Ext)</math><br/> <math>[\therefore (x)Cx \supset (\exists t)(x)\sim Ext]</math><br/> * 2 asm: <math>\sim((x)Cx \supset (\exists t)(x)\sim Ext)</math><br/> 3 <math>\therefore (x)Cx</math> {from 2}<br/> * 4 <math>\therefore \sim(\exists t)(x)\sim Ext</math> {from 2}<br/> 5 <math>\therefore (t)\sim(x)\sim Ext</math> {from 4}<br/> 6 <math>\therefore Ca</math> {from 3}<br/> * 7 <math>\therefore (Ca \supset (\exists t)\sim Eat)</math> {from 1}<br/> * 8 <math>\therefore (\exists t)\sim Eat</math> {from 6 and 7}<br/> 9 <math>\therefore \sim Eat'</math> {from 8}<br/> * 10 <math>\therefore \sim(x)\sim Ext'</math> {from 5}<br/> * 11 <math>\therefore (\exists x)Ext'</math> {from 10}<br/> 12 <math>\therefore Ebt'</math> {from 11}<br/> 13 <math>\therefore Cb</math> {from 3}<br/> * 14 <math>\therefore (Cb \supset (\exists t)\sim Ebt)</math> {from 1}<br/> * 15 <math>\therefore (\exists t)\sim Ebt</math> {from 13 and 14}<br/> 16 <math>\therefore \sim Ebt''</math> {from 15}</p> | <p>a, b,<br/>t', t''</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr><td>Ca, Cb</td></tr> <tr><td>Eat'', <math>\sim Eat'</math></td></tr> <tr><td>Ebt', <math>\sim Ebt''</math></td></tr> </table> | Ca, Cb | Eat'', $\sim Eat'$ | Ebt', $\sim Ebt''$ |
| Ca, Cb   |  |        |                    |                    |
| Eat'', $\sim Eat'$   |  |        |                    |                    |
| Ebt', $\sim Ebt''$   |  |        |                    |                    |

Endless loop: add "Eat''" and "Ebt'" to make conclusion false. In this world, we have two contingent things and two times; each contingent thing exists at one of the times but not the other – which makes the premise true but the conclusion false.

## 23. Valid

- \* 1  $((x)Cx \supset (\exists t)(x)\sim Ext)$   
\* 2  $((\exists t)(x)\sim Ext \supset \sim(\exists x)Exn)$   
\* 3  $(\exists x)Exn$   
4  $(x)(\sim Cx \supset Nx)$   
 $[\therefore (\exists x)Nx]$   
\* 5 asm:  $\sim(\exists x)Nx$   
6  $\therefore (x)\sim Nx$  {from 5}  
\* 7  $\therefore \sim(\exists t)(x)\sim Ext$  {from 2 and 3}  
\* 8  $\therefore \sim(x)Cx$  {from 1 and 7}  
\* 9  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim Cx$  {from 8}  
10  $\therefore \sim Cb$  {from 9}  
\* 11  $\therefore (\sim Cb \supset Nb)$  {from 4}  
12  $\therefore Nb$  {from 10 and 11}  
13  $\therefore \sim Nb$  {from 6}  
14  $\therefore (\exists x)Nx$  {from 5; 12 contradicts 13}

## 24. Valid

- \* 1  $(D \supset (\exists y)(Sy \cdot (x)(Cyx \equiv \sim Cxx)))$   
 $[\therefore \sim D]$   
2 asm: D  
\* 3  $\therefore (\exists y)(Sy \cdot (x)(Cyx \equiv \sim Cxx))$  {from 1 and 2}  
\* 4  $\therefore (Sa \cdot (x)(Cax \equiv \sim Cxx))$  {from 3}  
5  $\therefore Sa$  {from 4}

- 6  $\therefore (x)(Cax \equiv \sim Cxx)$  {from 4}  
\* 7  $\therefore (Caa \equiv \sim Caa)$  {from 6}  
\* 8  $\therefore (Caa \supset \sim Caa)$  {from 7}  
9  $\therefore (\sim Caa \supset Caa)$  {from 7}  
10 [ asm:  $\sim Caa$  {break 8}  
11  $\therefore Caa$  {from 9 and 10}  
12  $\therefore Caa$  {from 10; 10 contradicts 11}  
13  $\therefore \sim Caa$  {from 8 and 12}  
14  $\therefore \sim D$  {from 2; 12 contradicts 13}

## 10.1a

2.  $\sim \diamond G$   
4.  $\Box \sim M$   
6.  $\sim \Box(P \supset R)$   
7.  $\Box(\sim P \supset \sim R)$   
8.  $(\diamond R \supset \diamond P)$   
9. G  
11.  $\sim \diamond E$   
12.  $\diamond \sim E$   
13. Ambiguous:  $(M \supset \Box \sim L)$  or  $\Box(M \supset \sim L)$ ;  
the first also could be written as  
" $(M \supset \sim \diamond L)$ ."  
14.  $\Box(S \supset B)$   
16.  $\Box(G \supset \sim E)$   
17. Ambiguous:  $(G \supset \Box \sim E)$  or  $\Box(G \supset \sim E)$ ;  
the first also could be written as  
" $(G \supset \sim \diamond E)$ ."  
18.  $(\Box M \supset E)$   
19.  $\Box(G \supset \Box \sim E)$ ; this also could be written as:  
" $\Box(G \supset \sim \diamond E)$ ."  
21.  $(\Box H \vee \Box T)$   
22.  $(\diamond R \cdot \diamond \sim R)$   
23.  $(R \cdot \diamond \sim R)$   
24.  $\Box(R \supset E)$   
26. Ambiguous:  $(R \supset \Box E)$  or  $\Box(R \supset E)$   
27.  $\Box \diamond M$   
28.  $\sim(G \cdot \diamond \sim G)$   
29. Ambiguous:  $(G \supset \Box G)$  or  $\Box(G \supset G)$

## 10.2a

2. Valid  
1 A  
 $[\therefore \diamond A]$   
\* 2 [ asm:  $\sim \diamond A$   
3  $\therefore \Box \sim A$  {from 2}  
4  $\therefore \sim A$  {from 3}  
5  $\therefore \diamond A$  {from 2; 1 contradicts 4}

## 4. Valid

- 1  $\Box(A \vee \sim B)$
- \* 2  $\sim\Box A$
- [ $\therefore \Diamond \sim B$
- \* 3 [asm:  $\sim\Diamond \sim B$
- \* 4  $\therefore \Diamond \sim A$  {from 2}
- 5  $\therefore \Box B$  {from 3}
- 6  $W \therefore \sim A$  {from 4}
- \* 7  $W \therefore (A \vee \sim B)$  {from 1}
- 8  $W \therefore \sim B$  {from 6 and 7}
- 9  $W \therefore B$  {from 5}
- 10  $\therefore \Diamond \sim B$  {from 3; 8 contradicts 9}

## 6. Valid

- \* 1  $(A \supset \Box B)$
- \* 2  $\Diamond \sim B$
- [ $\therefore \Diamond \sim A$
- \* 3 [asm:  $\sim\Diamond \sim A$
- 4  $W \therefore \sim B$  {from 2}
- 5  $\therefore \Box A$  {from 3}
- 6  $\therefore A$  {from 5}
- 7  $\therefore \Box B$  {from 1 and 6}
- 8  $W \therefore B$  {from 7}
- 9  $\therefore \Diamond \sim A$  {from 3; 4 contradicts 8}

## 7. Valid

- \* 1  $\sim\Diamond(A \cdot B)$
- \* 2  $\Diamond A$
- [ $\therefore \sim\Box B$
- 3 [asm:  $\Box B$
- 4  $\therefore \Box \sim(A \cdot B)$  {from 1}
- 5  $W \therefore A$  {from 2}
- 6  $W \therefore B$  {from 3}
- \* 7  $W \therefore \sim(A \cdot B)$  {from 4}
- 8  $W \therefore \sim B$  {from 5 and 7}
- 9  $\therefore \sim\Box B$  {from 3; 6 contradicts 8}

## 8. Valid

- 1  $\Box A$
- [ $\therefore \Diamond A$
- \* 2 [asm:  $\sim\Diamond A$
- 3  $\therefore \Box \sim A$  {from 2}
- 4  $\therefore A$  {from 1}
- 5  $\therefore \sim A$  {from 3}
- 6  $\therefore \Diamond A$  {from 2; 4 contradicts 5}

## 9. Valid

- 1  $\Box A$
- \* 2  $\sim\Box B$
- [ $\therefore \sim\Box(A \supset B)$

- 3 [asm:  $\Box(A \supset B)$
- \* 4  $\therefore \Diamond \sim B$  {from 2}
- 5  $W \therefore \sim B$  {from 4}
- 6  $W \therefore A$  {from 1}
- \* 7  $W \therefore (A \supset B)$  {from 3}
- 8  $W \therefore \sim A$  {from 5 and 7}
- 9  $\therefore \sim\Box(A \supset B)$  {from 3; 6 contradicts 8}

## 10.2b

## 2. Valid

- 1  $\Box(\sim D \supset N)$
- 2  $\Box(N \supset D)$
- [ $\therefore \Box(\sim D \supset D)$
- \* 3 [asm:  $\sim\Box(\sim D \supset D)$
- \* 4  $\therefore \Diamond \sim(\sim D \supset D)$  {from 3}
- 5  $W \therefore \sim(\sim D \supset D)$  {from 4}
- 6  $W \therefore \sim D$  {from 5}
- \* 7  $W \therefore (\sim D \supset N)$  {from 1}
- 8  $W \therefore N$  {from 6 and 7}
- \* 9  $W \therefore (N \supset D)$  {from 2}
- 10  $W \therefore \sim N$  {from 6 and 9}
- 11  $\therefore \Box(\sim D \supset D)$  {from 3; 8 contradicts 10}

## 4. Valid

- 1 G
- 2 E
- [ $\therefore \Diamond(G \cdot E)$
- \* 3 [asm:  $\sim\Diamond(G \cdot E)$
- 4  $\therefore \Box \sim(G \cdot E)$  {from 3}
- \* 5  $\therefore \sim(G \cdot E)$  {from 4}
- 6  $\therefore \sim E$  {from 1 and 5}
- 7  $\therefore \Diamond(G \cdot E)$  {from 3; 2 contradicts 6}

## 6. Valid

- \* 1  $\Diamond(G \cdot (E \cdot R))$
- [ $\therefore \Diamond(G \cdot E)$
- \* 2 [asm:  $\sim\Diamond(G \cdot E)$
- \* 3  $W \therefore (G \cdot (E \cdot R))$  {from 1}
- 4  $\therefore \Box \sim(G \cdot E)$  {from 2}
- 5  $W \therefore G$  {from 3}
- \* 6  $W \therefore (E \cdot R)$  {from 3}
- 7  $W \therefore E$  {from 6}
- 8  $W \therefore R$  {from 6}
- \* 9  $W \therefore \sim(G \cdot E)$  {from 4}
- 10  $W \therefore \sim E$  {from 5 and 9}
- 11  $\therefore \Diamond(G \cdot E)$  {from 2; 7 contradicts 10}

## 7. Valid

- 1 O

- 2  $\diamond F$   
 \* 3  $((\diamond F \cdot O) \supset \diamond B)$   
 $[\therefore \diamond B$   
 4 asm:  $\sim \diamond B$   
 \* 5  $\therefore \sim(\diamond F \cdot O)$  {from 3 and 4}  
 6  $\therefore \sim \diamond F$  {from 1 and 5}  
 7  $\therefore \diamond B$  {from 4; 2 contradicts 6}
8. Valid  
 \* 1  $\sim \diamond(B \cdot F)$   
 2  $\Box(G \supset B)$   
 3  $\Box(G \supset F)$   
 $[\therefore \sim \diamond G$   
 \* 4 asm:  $\diamond G$   
 5  $\therefore \Box \sim(B \cdot F)$  {from 1}  
 6  $W \therefore G$  {from 4}  
 \* 7  $W \therefore (G \supset B)$  {from 2}  
 8  $W \therefore B$  {from 6 and 7}  
 \* 9  $W \therefore (G \supset F)$  {from 3}  
 10  $W \therefore F$  {from 6 and 9}  
 \* 11  $W \therefore \sim(B \cdot F)$  {from 5}  
 12  $W \therefore \sim F$  {from 8 and 11}  
 13  $\therefore \sim \diamond G$  {from 4; 10 contradicts 12}
9. Valid  
 1  $\Box(S \supset L)$   
 2  $\Box(C \supset \sim L)$   
 $[\therefore \sim \diamond(S \cdot C)$   
 \* 3 asm:  $\diamond(S \cdot C)$   
 \* 4  $W \therefore (S \cdot C)$  {from 3}  
 5  $W \therefore S$  {from 4}  
 6  $W \therefore C$  {from 4}  
 \* 7  $W \therefore (S \supset L)$  {from 1}  
 8  $W \therefore L$  {from 5 and 7}  
 \* 9  $W \therefore (C \supset \sim L)$  {from 2}  
 10  $W \therefore \sim L$  {from 6 and 9}  
 11  $\therefore \sim \diamond(S \cdot C)$  {from 3; 8 contradicts 10}
11. Valid  
 1  $\Box A$   
 \* 2  $\sim \Box X$   
 3  $\Box(S \supset X)$   
 $[\therefore \sim \Box(A \supset S)$   
 4 asm:  $\Box(A \supset S)$   
 \* 5  $\therefore \diamond \sim X$  {from 2}  
 6  $W \therefore \sim X$  {from 5}  
 7  $W \therefore A$  {from 1}  
 \* 8  $W \therefore (A \supset S)$  {from 4}  
 9  $W \therefore S$  {from 7 and 8}  
 \* 10  $W \therefore (S \supset X)$  {from 3}

- 11  $\perp W \therefore \sim S$  {from 6 and 10}  
 12  $\therefore \sim \Box(A \supset S)$  {from 4; 9 contradicts 11}

## 12. Valid

- 1  $\Box((P \cdot \sim R) \supset \diamond G)$   
 \* 2  $\sim \diamond \diamond G$   
 3  $\Box P$   
 $[\therefore \Box R$   
 \* 4 asm:  $\sim \Box R$   
 5  $\therefore \Box \sim \diamond G$  {from 2}  
 \* 6  $\therefore \diamond \sim R$  {from 4}  
 7  $W \therefore \sim R$  {from 6}  
 \* 8  $W \therefore ((P \cdot \sim R) \supset \diamond G)$  {from 1}  
 9  $W \therefore P$  {from 3}  
 10  $W \therefore \sim \diamond G$  {from 5}  
 \* 11  $W \therefore \sim(P \cdot \sim R)$  {from 8 and 10}  
 12  $W \therefore \sim P$  {from 7 and 11}  
 13  $\therefore \Box R$  {from 4; 9 contradicts 12}

## 13. Valid

- \* 1  $(I \supset \Box(L \supset G))$   
 \* 2  $\diamond(L \cdot \sim G)$   
 $[\therefore \sim I$   
 3 asm:  $I$   
 \* 4  $W \therefore (L \cdot \sim G)$  {from 2}  
 5  $W \therefore L$  {from 4}  
 6  $W \therefore \sim G$  {from 4}  
 7  $\therefore \Box(L \supset G)$  {from 1 and 3}  
 \* 8  $W \therefore (L \supset G)$  {from 7}  
 9  $W \therefore G$  {from 5 and 8}  
 10  $\therefore \sim I$  {from 3; 6 contradicts 9}

## 14. Valid

- 1  $\Box(S \supset (K \cdot (A \cdot \sim D)))$   
 2  $\Box(K \supset W)$   
 3  $\Box((W \cdot A) \supset D)$   
 $[\therefore \sim \diamond S$   
 \* 4 asm:  $\diamond S$   
 5  $W \therefore S$  {from 4}  
 \* 6  $W \therefore (S \supset (K \cdot (A \cdot \sim D)))$  {from 1}  
 \* 7  $W \therefore (K \cdot (A \cdot \sim D))$  {from 5 and 6}  
 8  $W \therefore K$  {from 7}  
 \* 9  $W \therefore (A \cdot \sim D)$  {from 7}  
 10  $W \therefore A$  {from 9}  
 11  $W \therefore \sim D$  {from 9}  
 \* 12  $W \therefore (K \supset W)$  {from 2}  
 13  $W \therefore W$  {from 8 and 12}  
 \* 14  $W \therefore ((W \cdot A) \supset D)$  {from 3}  
 \* 15  $W \therefore \sim(W \cdot A)$  {from 11 and 14}  
 16  $W \therefore \sim W$  {from 10 and 15}

17  $\therefore \sim \diamond S$  {from 4; 13 contradicts 16}

10.3a

2. Invalid

- 1 A
- [ $\therefore \Box A$
- \* 2 asm:  $\sim \Box A$
- \* 3  $\therefore \diamond \sim A$  {from 2}
- 4 W  $\therefore \sim A$  {from 3}

A
$\sim A$

W

4. Invalid

- 1  $\Box(A \supset \sim B)$
- 2 B
- [ $\therefore \Box \sim A$
- \* 3 asm:  $\sim \Box \sim A$
- \* 4  $\therefore \diamond A$  {from 3}
- 5 W  $\therefore A$  {from 4}
- \* 6  $\therefore (A \supset \sim B)$  {from 1}
- 7  $\therefore \sim A$  {from 2 and 6}
- \* 8 W  $\therefore (A \supset \sim B)$  {from 1}
- 9 W  $\therefore \sim B$  {from 5 and 8}

B, $\sim A$
A, $\sim B$

W

6. Invalid

- \* 1  $\diamond A$
- \* 2  $\sim \Box B$
- [ $\therefore \sim \Box(A \supset B)$
- 3 asm:  $\Box(A \supset B)$
- 4 W  $\therefore A$  {from 1}
- \* 5  $\therefore \diamond \sim B$  {from 2}
- 6 WW  $\therefore \sim B$  {from 5}
- \* 7 W  $\therefore (A \supset B)$  {from 3}
- 8 W  $\therefore B$  {from 4 and 7}
- \* 9 WW  $\therefore (A \supset B)$  {from 3}
- 10 WW  $\therefore \sim A$  {from 6 and 9}

A, B
$\sim A, \sim B$

W

WW

7. Invalid

- 1  $\Box(C \supset (A \vee B))$
- \* 2  $(\sim A \cdot \diamond \sim B)$
- [ $\therefore \diamond \sim C$
- \* 3 asm:  $\sim \diamond \sim C$
- 4  $\therefore \sim A$  {from 2}
- \* 5  $\therefore \diamond \sim B$  {from 2}
- 6  $\therefore \Box C$  {from 3}
- 7 W  $\therefore \sim B$  {from 5}
- \* 8  $\therefore (C \supset (A \vee B))$  {from 1}
- \* 9 W  $\therefore (C \supset (A \vee B))$  {from 1}
- 10  $\therefore C$  {from 6}
- \* 11  $\therefore (A \vee B)$  {from 8 and 10}
- 12  $\therefore B$  {from 4 and 11}

B, C, $\sim A$
A, C, $\sim B$

W

- 13 W  $\therefore C$  {from 6}
- \* 14 W  $\therefore (A \vee B)$  {from 9 and 13}
- 15 W  $\therefore A$  {from 7 and 14}

8. Invalid

- 1  $\Box(A \vee \sim B)$
- [ $\therefore (\sim \diamond B \vee \Box A)$
- \* 2 asm:  $\sim(\sim \diamond B \vee \Box A)$
- \* 3  $\therefore \diamond B$  {from 2}
- \* 4  $\therefore \sim \Box A$  {from 2}
- \* 5  $\therefore \diamond \sim A$  {from 4}
- 6 W  $\therefore B$  {from 3}
- 7 WW  $\therefore \sim A$  {from 5}
- \* 8 W  $\therefore (A \vee \sim B)$  {from 1}
- \* 9 WW  $\therefore (A \vee \sim B)$  {from 1}
- 10 W  $\therefore A$  {from 6 and 8}
- 11 WW  $\therefore \sim B$  {from 7 and 9}

A, B
$\sim A, \sim B$

W

WW

9. Invalid

- 1  $\Box((A \cdot B) \supset C)$
- \* 2  $\diamond A$
- \* 3  $\diamond B$
- [ $\therefore \diamond C$
- \* 4 asm:  $\sim \diamond C$
- 5 W  $\therefore A$  {from 2}
- 6 WW  $\therefore B$  {from 3}
- 7  $\therefore \Box \sim C$  {from 4}
- \* 8 W  $\therefore ((A \cdot B) \supset C)$  {from 1}
- \* 9 WW  $\therefore ((A \cdot B) \supset C)$  {from 1}
- 10 W  $\therefore \sim C$  {from 7}
- \* 11 W  $\therefore \sim(A \cdot B)$  {from 8 and 10}
- 12 W  $\therefore \sim B$  {from 5 and 11}
- 13 WW  $\therefore \sim C$  {from 7}
- \* 14 WW  $\therefore \sim(A \cdot B)$  {from 9 and 13}
- 15 WW  $\therefore \sim A$  {from 6 and 14}

A, $\sim B, \sim C$
B, $\sim A, \sim C$

W

WW

10.3b

2. Invalid

- 1 K
- \* 2  $\diamond M$
- [ $\therefore \diamond(K \cdot M)$
- \* 3 asm:  $\sim \diamond(K \cdot M)$
- 4 W  $\therefore M$  {from 2}
- 5  $\therefore \Box \sim(K \cdot M)$  {from 3}
- \* 6  $\therefore \sim(K \cdot M)$  {from 5}
- 7  $\therefore \sim M$  {from 1 and 6}
- \* 8 W  $\therefore \sim(K \cdot M)$  {from 5}
- 9 W  $\therefore \sim K$  {from 4 and 8}

K, $\sim M$
M, $\sim K$

W

4. Premise 1 is ambiguous. The box-inside form gives a valid argument (but with a false or questionable first premise); the box-outside form is invalid.

Valid

- 1 S
- \* 2  $(S \supset \Box \sim M)$
- \* 3  $(\Box \sim M \supset \sim F)$
- [ $\therefore \sim F$
- 4 [asm: F
- 5 [  $\therefore \Box \sim M$  {from 1 and 2}
- 6 [  $\therefore F$  {from 3 and 5}
- 7  $\therefore \sim F$  {from 4; 4 contradicts 6}

Invalid

- 1 S
- 2  $\Box(S \supset \sim M)$
- \* 3  $(\Box \sim M \supset \sim F)$
- [ $\therefore \sim F$
- 4 asm: F
- \* 5  $\therefore \sim \Box \sim M$  {from 3 and 4}
- \* 6  $\therefore \Diamond M$  {from 5}
- 7  $W \therefore M$  {from 6}
- \* 8  $\therefore (S \supset \sim M)$  {from 2}
- 9  $\therefore \sim M$  {from 1 and 8}
- \* 10  $W \therefore (S \supset \sim M)$  {from 2}
- 11  $W \therefore \sim S$  {from 7 and 10}

W	<table style="border-collapse: collapse; width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">F, S, <math>\sim M</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">M, <math>\sim S</math></td> </tr> </table>	F, S, $\sim M$	M, $\sim S$
F, S, $\sim M$			
M, $\sim S$			

6. Valid

- \* 1  $(\Box(\sim C \supset L) \supset F)$
- \* 2  $(F \supset I)$
- \* 3  $(I \supset \Box(C \supset L))$
- [ $\therefore (\Diamond \sim L \supset \sim \Box(\sim C \supset L))$
- \* 4 [asm:  $\sim(\Diamond \sim L \supset \sim \Box(\sim C \supset L))$
- \* 5 [  $\therefore \Diamond \sim L$  {from 4}
- 6 [  $\therefore \Box(\sim C \supset L)$  {from 4}
- 7  $W \therefore \sim L$  {from 5}
- 8  $\therefore F$  {from 1 and 6}
- 9  $\therefore I$  {from 2 and 8}
- 10  $\therefore \Box(C \supset L)$  {from 3 and 9}
- 11  $\therefore (\sim C \supset L)$  {from 6}
- \* 12  $W \therefore (\sim C \supset L)$  {from 6}
- 13  $W \therefore C$  {from 7 and 12}
- 14  $\therefore (C \supset L)$  {from 10}
- \* 15  $W \therefore (C \supset L)$  {from 10}
- 16  $W \therefore \sim C$  {from 7 and 15}
- 17  $\therefore (\Diamond \sim L \supset \sim \Box(\sim C \supset L))$  {from 4; 13 contradicts 16}

7. Premise 1 is ambiguous. The box-inside form gives a valid argument (but with a false or questionable first premise); the box-outside form is invalid.

Valid

- \* 1  $(M \supset \Box \sim B)$
- \* 2  $\Diamond B$
- [ $\therefore \sim M$
- 3 [asm: M
- 4 [  $W \therefore B$  {from 2}
- 5 [  $\therefore \Box \sim B$  {from 1 and 3}
- 6 [  $W \therefore \sim B$  {from 5}
- 7  $\therefore \sim M$  {from 3; 4 contradicts 6}

Invalid

- 1  $\Box(M \supset \sim B)$
- \* 2  $\Diamond B$
- [ $\therefore \sim M$
- 3 asm: M
- 4  $W \therefore B$  {from 2}
- \* 5  $\therefore (M \supset \sim B)$  {from 1}
- 6  $\therefore \sim B$  {from 3 and 5}
- \* 7  $W \therefore (M \supset \sim B)$  {from 1}
- 8  $W \therefore \sim M$  {from 4 and 7}

W	<table style="border-collapse: collapse; width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">M, <math>\sim B</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">B, <math>\sim M</math></td> </tr> </table>	M, $\sim B$	B, $\sim M$
M, $\sim B$			
B, $\sim M$			

8. Premise 1 is ambiguous. The box-inside form gives a valid argument (but with a false or questionable first premise); the box-outside form is invalid.

Valid

- \* 1  $(K \supset \Box \sim M)$
- \* 2  $\Diamond M$
- [ $\therefore \sim K$
- 3 [asm: K
- 4 [  $W \therefore M$  {from 2}
- 5 [  $\therefore \Box \sim M$  {from 1 and 3}
- 6 [  $W \therefore \sim M$  {from 5}
- 7  $\therefore \sim K$  {from 3; 4 contradicts 6}

Invalid

- 1  $\Box(K \supset \sim M)$
- \* 2  $\Diamond M$
- [ $\therefore \sim K$
- 3 asm: K
- 4  $W \therefore M$  {from 2}
- \* 5  $\therefore (K \supset \sim M)$  {from 1}
- 6  $\therefore \sim M$  {from 3 and 5}
- \* 7  $W \therefore (K \supset \sim M)$  {from 1}
- 8  $W \therefore \sim K$  {from 4 and 7}

W	<table style="border-collapse: collapse; width: 100%;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">K, <math>\sim M</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px 5px;">M, <math>\sim K</math></td> </tr> </table>	K, $\sim M$	M, $\sim K$
K, $\sim M$			
M, $\sim K$			

9. Valid (but some would question the step from 8 to 9 – see Section 11.1)

- 1  $\Box(N \supset \Box N)$
- \* 2  $\Diamond N$
- [ $\therefore \Box N$
- \* 3 [asm:  $\sim \Box N$
- 4  $W \therefore N$  {from 2}
- \* 5  $\therefore \Diamond \sim N$  {from 3}
- 6  $WW \therefore \sim N$  {from 5}
- \* 7  $W \therefore (N \supset \Box N)$  {from 1}
- 8  $W \therefore \Box N$  {from 4 and 7}
- 9  $WW \therefore N$  {from 8} ← Is this OK?
- 10  $\therefore \Box N$  {from 3; 6 contradicts 9}

11. Invalid

- |  |    |                |
|--|----|----------------|
|  | W  | $A, D, \sim P$ |
|  | WW | $A, P, \sim D$ |
- \* 1  $\Diamond(D \cdot A)$
  - \* 2  $\Diamond(A \cdot P)$
  - [ $\therefore \Diamond(D \cdot P)$
  - \* 3 asm:  $\sim \Diamond(D \cdot P)$
  - \* 4  $W \therefore (D \cdot A)$  {from 1}
  - \* 5  $WW \therefore (A \cdot P)$  {from 2}
  - 6  $\therefore \Box \sim (D \cdot P)$  {from 3}
  - 7  $W \therefore D$  {from 4}
  - 8  $W \therefore A$  {from 4}
  - 9  $WW \therefore A$  {from 5}
  - 10  $WW \therefore P$  {from 5}
  - \* 11  $W \therefore \sim (D \cdot P)$  {from 6}
  - 12  $W \therefore \sim P$  {from 7 and 11}
  - \* 13  $WW \therefore \sim (D \cdot P)$  {from 6}
  - 14  $WW \therefore \sim D$  {from 10 and 13}

12. Valid

- \* 1  $(J \supset \Box(T \supset C))$
- 2  $\Box(C \supset B)$
- \* 3  $\Diamond(T \cdot \sim B)$
- [ $\therefore \sim J$
- 4 [asm: J
- \* 5  $W \therefore (T \cdot \sim B)$  {from 3}
- 6  $W \therefore T$  {from 5}
- 7  $W \therefore \sim B$  {from 5}
- 8  $\therefore \Box(T \supset C)$  {from 1 and 4}
- \* 9  $W \therefore (C \supset B)$  {from 2}
- 10  $W \therefore \sim C$  {from 7 and 9}
- \* 11  $W \therefore (T \supset C)$  {from 8}
- 12  $W \therefore C$  {from 6 and 11}
- 13  $\therefore \sim J$  {from 4; 10 contradicts 12}

13. Valid

- \* 1  $(\Box(D \supset P) \supset I)$
- \* 2  $\sim \Diamond I$

- [ $\therefore \Diamond(D \cdot \sim P)$
- \* 3 [asm:  $\sim \Diamond(D \cdot \sim P)$
- 4  $\therefore \Box \sim I$  {from 2}
- 5  $\therefore \Box \sim (D \cdot \sim P)$  {from 3}
- 6  $\therefore \sim I$  {from 4}
- \* 7  $\therefore \sim \Box(D \supset P)$  {from 1 and 6}
- \* 8  $\therefore \Diamond \sim (D \supset P)$  {from 7}
- \* 9  $W \therefore \sim (D \supset P)$  {from 8}
- 10  $W \therefore D$  {from 9}
- 11  $W \therefore \sim P$  {from 9}
- 12  $W \therefore \sim I$  {from 4}
- \* 13  $W \therefore \sim (D \cdot \sim P)$  {from 5}
- 14  $W \therefore P$  {from 10 and 13}
- 15  $\therefore \Diamond(D \cdot \sim P)$  {from 3; 11 contradicts 14}

14. Premise 2 is ambiguous. The box-inside form gives a valid argument (but with a false or questionable second premise); the box-outside form is invalid.

Valid

- 1 K
- \* 2  $(K \supset \Box D)$
- \* 3  $(\Box D \supset \sim F)$
- [ $\therefore \sim F$
- 4 [asm: F
- 5  $\therefore \Box D$  {from 1 and 2}
- 6  $\therefore \sim \Box D$  {from 3 and 4}
- 7  $\therefore \sim F$  {from 4; 5 contradicts 6}

Invalid

- |  |   |                  |
|--|---|------------------|
|  | W | $K, D, F$        |
|  |   | $\sim K, \sim D$ |
- 1 K
  - 2  $\Box(K \supset D)$
  - \* 3  $(\Box D \supset \sim F)$
  - [ $\therefore \sim F$
  - 4 asm: F
  - \* 5  $\therefore \sim \Box D$  {from 3 and 4}
  - \* 6  $\therefore \Diamond \sim D$  {from 5}
  - 7  $W \therefore \sim D$  {from 6}
  - \* 8  $\therefore (K \supset D)$  {from 2}
  - 9  $\therefore D$  {from 1 and 8}
  - \* 10  $W \therefore (K \supset D)$  {from 2}
  - 11  $W \therefore \sim K$  {from 7 and 10}

16. Valid

- 1  $\Box(B \supset A)$
- \* 2  $\sim \Diamond A$
- [ $\therefore \sim \Diamond B$
- \* 3 [asm:  $\Diamond B$
- 4  $\therefore \Box \sim A$  {from 2}
- 5  $W \therefore B$  {from 3}

- \* 6  $W \therefore (B \supset A)$  {from 1}
- 7  $W \therefore A$  {from 5 and 6}
- 8  $W \therefore \sim A$  {from 4}
- 9  $\therefore \sim \diamond B$  {from 3; 7 contradicts 8}

17. Premise 1 is ambiguous. The box-outside form (which better represents Kant's argument) gives a valid argument with plausible premises; the box-inside form is invalid and has a false or questionable first premise.

Valid

- 1  $\Box(E \supset T)$
- 2  $\Box(T \supset C)$
- [ $\therefore (\diamond E \supset \diamond C)$
- \* 3 asm:  $\sim(\diamond E \supset \diamond C)$
- \* 4  $\therefore \diamond E$  {from 3}
- \* 5  $\therefore \sim \diamond C$  {from 3}
- 6  $W \therefore E$  {from 4}
- 7  $\therefore \Box \sim C$  {from 5}
- \* 8  $W \therefore (E \supset T)$  {from 1}
- 9  $W \therefore T$  {from 6 and 8}
- \* 10  $W \therefore (T \supset C)$  {from 2}
- 11  $W \therefore C$  {from 9 and 10}
- 12  $W \therefore \sim C$  {from 7}
- 13  $\therefore (\diamond E \supset \diamond C)$  {from 3; 11 contradicts 12}

Invalid

- 1  $(E \supset \Box T)$
- 2  $\Box(T \supset C)$
- [ $\therefore (\diamond E \supset \diamond C)$
- \* 3 asm:  $\sim(\diamond E \supset \diamond C)$
- \* 4  $\therefore \diamond E$  {from 3}
- \* 5  $\therefore \sim \diamond C$  {from 3}
- 6  $W \therefore E$  {from 4}
- 7  $\therefore \Box \sim C$  {from 5}
- \* 8  $\therefore (T \supset C)$  {from 2}
- \* 9  $W \therefore (T \supset C)$  {from 2}
- 10  $\therefore \sim C$  {from 7}
- 11  $\therefore \sim T$  {from 8 and 10}
- 12  $W \therefore \sim C$  {from 7}
- 13  $W \therefore \sim T$  {from 9 and 12}
- 14 asm:  $\sim E$  {break 1}

$\sim C, \sim T, \sim E$
$E, \sim C, \sim T$

W

18. Invalid

- 1  $\Box(A \supset B)$
- [ $\therefore (A \supset \Box B)$
- \* 2 asm:  $\sim(A \supset \Box B)$
- 3  $\therefore A$  {from 2}
- \* 4  $\therefore \sim \Box B$  {from 2}
- \* 5  $\therefore \diamond \sim B$  {from 4}

$A, B$
$\sim A, \sim B$

W

- 6  $W \therefore \sim B$  {from 5}
- \* 7  $\therefore (A \supset B)$  {from 1}
- 8  $\therefore B$  {from 3 and 7}
- \* 9  $W \therefore (A \supset B)$  {from 1}
- 10  $W \therefore \sim A$  {from 6 and 9}

19. Valid

- 1  $\Box(M \supset \sim E)$
- 2  $\Box(M \supset E)$
- [ $\therefore \sim \diamond M$
- \* 3 asm:  $\diamond M$
- 4  $W \therefore M$  {from 3}
- \* 5  $W \therefore (M \supset \sim E)$  {from 1}
- 6  $W \therefore \sim E$  {from 4 and 5}
- \* 7  $W \therefore (M \supset E)$  {from 2}
- 8  $W \therefore E$  {from 4 and 7}
- 9  $\therefore \sim \diamond M$  {from 3; 6 contradicts 8}

21. Premise 1 is ambiguous. The box-inside form is valid, while the box-outside form is invalid.

Valid

- \* 1  $(P \supset \Box S)$
- \* 2  $\diamond \sim S$
- [ $\therefore \sim P$
- 3 asm:  $P$
- 4  $W \therefore \sim S$  {from 2}
- 5  $\therefore \Box S$  {from 1 and 3}
- 6  $W \therefore S$  {from 5}
- 7  $\therefore \sim P$  {from 3; 4 contradicts 6}

Invalid

- 1  $\Box(P \supset S)$
- \* 2  $\diamond \sim S$
- [ $\therefore \sim P$
- 3 asm:  $P$
- 4  $W \therefore \sim S$  {from 2}
- \* 5  $\therefore (P \supset S)$  {from 1}
- 6  $\therefore S$  {from 3 and 5}
- \* 7  $W \therefore (P \supset S)$  {from 1}
- 8  $W \therefore \sim P$  {from 4 and 7}

$P, S$
$\sim P, \sim S$

W

22. Invalid

- \* 1  $\sim \Box(S \supset A)$
- \* 2  $(D \supset \diamond(S \cdot A))$
- [ $\therefore \sim D$
- 3 asm:  $D$
- \* 4  $\therefore \diamond \sim(S \supset A)$  {from 1}
- \* 5  $W \therefore \sim(S \supset A)$  {from 4}
- 6  $W \therefore S$  {from 5}

$D$
$S, \sim A$
$S, A$

W

WW

- 7  $W \therefore \sim A$  {from 5}
- \* 8  $\therefore \diamond(S \cdot A)$  {from 2 and 3}
- \* 9  $WW \therefore (S \cdot A)$  {from 8}
- 10  $WW \therefore S$  {from 9}
- 11  $WW \therefore A$  {from 9}

23. Invalid

- \* 1  $\sim \diamond(G \cdot E)$
- 2 E
- [ $\therefore \sim \diamond G$
- \* 3 asm:  $\diamond G$
- 4  $\therefore \Box \sim(G \cdot E)$  {from 1}
- 5  $W \therefore G$  {from 3}
- \* 6  $\therefore \sim(G \cdot E)$  {from 4}
- 7  $\therefore \sim G$  {from 2 and 6}
- \* 8  $W \therefore \sim(G \cdot E)$  {from 4}
- 9  $W \therefore \sim E$  {from 5 and 8}

$E, \sim G$
$G, \sim E$

W

24. Premise 1 is ambiguous. The box-inside form gives a valid argument (but with a false or questionable first premise); the box-outside form is invalid.

Valid

- \* 1  $(R \supset \Box \sim W)$
- \* 2  $\diamond W$
- [ $\therefore \sim R$
- 3 [asm: R
- 4  $W \therefore W$  {from 2}
- 5  $\therefore \Box \sim W$  {from 1 and 3}
- 6  $W \therefore \sim W$  {from 5}
- 7  $\therefore \sim R$  {from 3; 4 contradicts 6}

Invalid

- 1  $\Box(R \supset \sim W)$
- \* 2  $\diamond W$
- [ $\therefore \sim R$
- 3 asm: R
- 4  $W \therefore W$  {from 2}
- \* 5  $\therefore (R \supset \sim W)$  {from 1}
- 6  $\therefore \sim W$  {from 3 and 5}
- \* 7  $W \therefore (R \supset \sim W)$  {from 1}
- 8  $W \therefore \sim R$  {from 4 and 7}

26. Valid

- 1  $\Box(\sim R \supset B)$
- \* 2  $\sim \diamond B$
- [ $\therefore \Box R$
- \* 3 [asm:  $\sim \Box R$
- 4  $\therefore \Box \sim B$  {from 2}
- \* 5  $\therefore \diamond \sim R$  {from 3}

W

$R, \sim W$
$W, \sim R$

- 6  $W \therefore \sim R$  {from 5}
- \* 7  $W \therefore (\sim R \supset B)$  {from 1}
- 8  $W \therefore B$  {from 6 and 7}
- 9  $W \therefore \sim B$  {from 4}
- 10  $\therefore \Box R$  {from 3; 8 contradicts 9}

27. Premise 2 is ambiguous. The box-inside form gives a valid argument (but with a false or questionable second premise); the box-outside form is invalid.

Valid

- 1 A
- \* 2  $(A \supset \Box D)$
- \* 3  $(\Box D \supset \sim F)$
- [ $\therefore \sim F$
- 4 [asm: F
- 5  $\therefore \Box D$  {from 1 and 2}
- 6  $\therefore \sim \Box D$  {from 3 and 4}
- 7  $\therefore \sim F$  {from 4; 5 contradicts 6}

Invalid

- 1 A
- 2  $\Box(A \supset D)$
- \* 3  $(\Box D \supset \sim F)$
- [ $\therefore \sim F$
- 4 asm: F
- \* 5  $\therefore \sim \Box D$  {from 3 and 4}
- \* 6  $\therefore \diamond \sim D$  {from 5}
- 7  $W \therefore \sim D$  {from 6}
- \* 8  $\therefore (A \supset D)$  {from 2}
- 9  $\therefore D$  {from 1 and 8}
- \* 10  $W \therefore (A \supset D)$  {from 2}
- 11  $W \therefore \sim A$  {from 7 and 10}

W

$A, D, F$
$\sim A, \sim D$

### 11.1a

2. Valid in any system

- \* 1  $\diamond A$
- [ $\therefore \diamond \diamond A$
- \* 2 [asm:  $\sim \diamond \diamond A$
- 3  $W \therefore A$  {from 1}  $\# \Rightarrow W$
- 4  $\therefore \Box \sim \diamond A$  {from 2}
- \* 5  $W \therefore \sim \diamond A$  {from 4} any system
- 6  $W \therefore \Box \sim A$  {from 5}
- 7  $W \therefore \sim A$  {from 6} any system
- 8  $\therefore \diamond \diamond A$  {from 2; 3 contradicts 7}

4. Valid in S5

- \* 1  $\diamond \Box A$
- [ $\therefore \Box A$

- \* 2 [ asm:  $\sim\Box A$   
 3 [  $W \therefore \Box A$  {from 1}  $\# \Rightarrow W$   
 \* 4 [  $\therefore \Diamond \sim A$  {from 2}  
 5 [  $WW \therefore \sim A$  {from 4}  $\# \Rightarrow WW$   
 6 [  $WW \therefore A$  {from 3} need S5  
 7  $\therefore \Box A$  {from 2; 5 contradicts 6}
6. Valid in S4 or S5  
 1  $\Box(A \supset B)$   
 [  $\therefore \Box(\Box A \supset \Box B)$   
 \* 2 [ asm:  $\sim\Box(\Box A \supset \Box B)$   
 \* 3 [  $\therefore \Diamond \sim(\Box A \supset \Box B)$  {from 2}  
 \* 4 [  $W \therefore \sim(\Box A \supset \Box B)$  {from 3}  $\# \Rightarrow W$   
 5 [  $W \therefore \Box A$  {from 4}  
 \* 6 [  $W \therefore \sim\Box B$  {from 4}  
 \* 7 [  $W \therefore \Diamond \sim B$  {from 6}  
 8 [  $WW \therefore \sim B$  {from 7}  $W \Rightarrow WW$   
 \* 9 [  $WW \therefore (A \supset B)$  {from 1} need S4 or S5  
 10 [  $WW \therefore \sim A$  {from 8 and 9}  
 11 [  $WW \therefore A$  {from 5} any system  
 12  $\therefore \Box(\Box A \supset \Box B)$  {from 2; 10 contradicts 11}
7. Valid in S4 or S5  
 \* 1 [  $(\Diamond A \supset \Box B)$   
 [  $\therefore \Box(A \supset \Box B)$   
 \* 2 [ asm:  $\sim\Box(A \supset \Box B)$   
 \* 3 [  $\therefore \Diamond \sim(A \supset \Box B)$  {from 2}  
 \* 4 [  $W \therefore \sim(A \supset \Box B)$  {from 3}  $\# \Rightarrow W$   
 5 [  $W \therefore A$  {from 4}  
 \* 6 [  $W \therefore \sim\Box B$  {from 4}  
 \* 7 [  $W \therefore \Diamond \sim B$  {from 6}  
 8 [  $WW \therefore \sim B$  {from 7}  $W \Rightarrow WW$   
 9 [ asm:  $\sim\Diamond A$  {break 1}  
 10 [  $\therefore \Box \sim A$  {from 9}  
 11 [  $W \therefore \sim A$  {from 10} any system  
 12  $\therefore \Diamond A$  {from 9; 5 contradicts 11}  
 13  $\therefore \Box B$  {from 1 and 12}  
 14 [  $WW \therefore B$  {from 13} need S4 or S5  
 15  $\therefore \Box(A \supset \Box B)$  {from 2; 8 contradicts 14}
8. Valid in S5  
 1  $\Box(A \supset \Box B)$   
 [  $\therefore (\Diamond A \supset \Box B)$   
 \* 2 [ asm:  $\sim(\Diamond A \supset \Box B)$   
 \* 3 [  $\therefore \Diamond A$  {from 2}  
 \* 4 [  $\therefore \sim\Box B$  {from 2}  
 5 [  $W \therefore A$  {from 3}  $\# \Rightarrow W$   
 \* 6 [  $\therefore \Diamond \sim B$  {from 4}  
 7 [  $WW \therefore \sim B$  {from 6}  $\# \Rightarrow WW$   
 \* 8 [  $W \therefore (A \supset \Box B)$  {from 1} any system

- 9 [  $W \therefore \Box B$  {from 5 and 8}  
 10 [  $WW \therefore B$  {from 9} need S5  
 11  $\therefore (\Diamond A \supset \Box B)$  {from 2; 7 contradicts 10}
9. Valid in S4, B, or S5. This proof requires S4 or S5:  
 \* 1 [  $\Diamond \Box \Diamond A$   
 [  $\therefore \Diamond A$   
 \* 2 [ asm:  $\sim\Diamond A$   
 3 [  $\therefore \Box \sim A$  {from 2}  
 4 [  $W \therefore \Box \Diamond A$  {from 1}  $\# \Rightarrow W$   
 \* 5 [  $W \therefore \Diamond A$  {from 4} any system  
 6 [  $WW \therefore A$  {from 5}  $W \Rightarrow WW$   
 7 [  $WW \therefore \sim A$  {from 3} need S4 or S5  
 8  $\therefore \Diamond A$  {from 2; 6 contradicts 7}

This proof requires B or S5:

- \* 1 [  $\Diamond \Box \Diamond A$   
 [  $\therefore \Diamond A$   
 \* 2 [ asm:  $\sim\Diamond A$   
 3 [  $W \therefore \Box \Diamond A$  {from 1}  $\# \Rightarrow W$   
 4 [  $\therefore \Diamond A$  {from 3} need B or S5  
 5  $\therefore \Diamond A$  {from 2; 2 contradicts 4}
11. Valid in S4 or S5  
 1  $\Box A$   
 [  $\therefore \Box(B \supset \Box A)$   
 \* 2 [ asm:  $\sim\Box(B \supset \Box A)$   
 \* 3 [  $\therefore \Diamond \sim(B \supset \Box A)$  {from 2}  
 \* 4 [  $W \therefore \sim(B \supset \Box A)$  {from 3}  $\# \Rightarrow W$   
 5 [  $W \therefore B$  {from 4}  
 \* 6 [  $W \therefore \sim\Box A$  {from 4}  
 \* 7 [  $W \therefore \Diamond \sim A$  {from 6}  
 8 [  $WW \therefore \sim A$  {from 7}  $W \Rightarrow WW$   
 9 [  $WW \therefore A$  {from 1} need S4 or S5  
 10  $\therefore \Box(B \supset \Box A)$  {from 2; 8 contradicts 9}

12. Valid in B or S5  
 1  $\Box \Diamond \Box \Diamond A$   
 [  $\therefore \Box \Diamond A$   
 \* 2 [ asm:  $\sim\Box \Diamond A$   
 \* 3 [  $\therefore \Diamond \sim\Diamond A$  {from 2}  
 \* 4 [  $W \therefore \sim\Diamond A$  {from 3}  $\# \Rightarrow W$   
 5 [  $W \therefore \Box \sim A$  {from 4}  
 \* 6 [  $W \therefore \Diamond \Box \Diamond A$  {from 1} any system  
 7 [  $WW \therefore \Box \Diamond A$  {from 6}  $W \Rightarrow WW$   
 8 [  $W \therefore \Diamond A$  {from 7} need B or S5  
 9  $\therefore \Box \Diamond A$  {from 2; 4 contradicts 8}
13. Valid in S4 or S5  
 1  $\Box \Diamond A$

- [ $\therefore \Box\Diamond\Box\Diamond A$   
 \* 2 asm:  $\sim\Box\Diamond\Box\Diamond A$   
 \* 3 [ $\therefore \Diamond\sim\Box\Diamond A$  {from 2}  
 \* 4  $W \therefore \sim\Box\Diamond A$  {from 3}  $\# \Rightarrow W$   
 5  $W \therefore \Box\sim\Box\Diamond A$  {from 4}  
 \* 6  $W \therefore \sim\Box\Diamond A$  {from 5} any system  
 \* 7  $W \therefore \Diamond\sim\Box\Diamond A$  {from 6}  
 \* 8  $WW \therefore \sim\Box\Diamond A$  {from 7}  $W \Rightarrow WW$   
 9  $WW \therefore \Box\Diamond A$  {from 1} need S4 or S5  
 10  $\therefore \Box\Diamond\Box\Diamond A$  {from 2; 8 contradicts 9}

## 14. Valid in S5

- 1  $\Box(A \supset \Box B)$   
 \* 2  $\Diamond A$   
 [ $\therefore \Box B$   
 \* 3 asm:  $\sim\Box B$   
 4  $W \therefore A$  {from 2}  $\# \Rightarrow W$   
 \* 5  $\therefore \Diamond\sim B$  {from 3}  
 6  $WW \therefore \sim B$  {from 5}  $\# \Rightarrow WW$   
 \* 7  $W \therefore (A \supset \Box B)$  {from 1} any system  
 8  $W \therefore \Box B$  {from 4 and 7}  
 9  $WW \therefore B$  {from 8} need S5  
 10  $\therefore \Box B$  {from 3; 6 contradicts 9}

## 11.1b

## 2. Valid in any system

- \* 1  $\sim(\Diamond N \cdot \Diamond\sim N)$   
 \* 2  $\Diamond N$   
 [ $\therefore N$   
 3 asm:  $\sim N$   
 \* 4 [ $\therefore \sim\Diamond\sim N$  {from 1 and 2}  
 5  $\therefore \Box N$  {from 4}  
 6  $\therefore N$  {from 5} any system  
 7  $\therefore N$  {from 3; 3 contradicts 6}

## 4. Valid in any system

- 1  $\Box(N \supset \Box N)$   
 \* 2  $\Diamond\sim N$   
 [ $\therefore \sim N$   
 3 asm:  $N$   
 4  $W \therefore \sim N$  {from 2}  $\# \Rightarrow W$   
 \* 5  $\therefore (N \supset \Box N)$  {from 1} any system  
 6  $\therefore \Box N$  {from 3 and 5} any system  
 7  $W \therefore N$  {from 6}  
 8  $\therefore \sim N$  {from 3; 4 contradicts 7}

## 11.2a

2.  $\Diamond(x)Ux$ 

4. Ambiguous:  $(x)(Ex \supset \Box Sx)$  or  
 $\Box(x)(Ex \supset Sx)$   
 6.  $\Box(x)x=x$   
 7.  $(x)\Box x=x$   
 8.  $\Box Sj$   
 9. Ambiguous:  $(x)(Ox \supset \Box Sx)$  or  
 $\Box(x)(Ox \supset Sx)$   
 11.  $\Box(x)(Lx \supset Px)$   
 12.  $(x)(Lx \supset \Box Px)$   
 13.  $(x)(Lx \supset (Px \cdot \Diamond\sim Px))$   
 14.  $(x)(Cx \supset \Diamond Tx)$   
 16. Ambiguous:  $(x)(Mx \supset \Box Rx)$  or  
 $\Box(x)(Mx \supset Rx)$   
 17. Ambiguous:  $(x)(Mx \supset (Tx \cdot \Diamond\sim Tx))$  or  
 $((x)(Mx \supset Tx) \cdot \Diamond\sim(x)(Mx \supset Tx))$   
 18. Ambiguous:  $(x)((Mx \cdot Tx) \supset \Box Tx)$  or  
 $\Box(x)((Mx \cdot Tx) \supset Tx)$   
 19.  $\Diamond\Box Ug$

## 11.3a

## 2. Valid

- 1  $a=b$   
 [ $\therefore (\Box Fa \supset \Box Fb)$   
 \* 2 asm:  $\sim(\Box Fa \supset \Box Fb)$   
 3 [ $\therefore \Box Fa$  {from 2}  
 4 [ $\therefore \sim\Box Fb$  {from 2}  
 5 [ $\therefore \sim\Box Fa$  {from 1 and 4}  
 6  $\therefore (\Box Fa \supset \Box Fb)$  {from 2; 3 contradicts 5}

## 4. Valid

- [ $\therefore (\exists x)\Box x=a$   
 \* 1 asm:  $\sim(\exists x)\Box x=a$   
 2 [ $\therefore (x)\sim\Box x=a$  {from 1}  
 \* 3 [ $\therefore \sim\Box a=a$  {from 2}  
 \* 4 [ $\therefore \Diamond\sim a=a$  {from 3}  
 5  $W \therefore \sim a=a$  {from 4}  
 6  $W \therefore a=a$  {to contradict 5}  
 7  $\therefore (\exists x)\Box x=a$  {from 1; 5 contradicts 6}

## 6. Valid

- [ $\therefore (x)\Box x=x$   
 \* 1 asm:  $\sim(x)\Box x=x$   
 \* 2 [ $\therefore (\exists x)\sim\Box x=x$  {from 1}  
 \* 3 [ $\therefore \sim\Box a=a$  {from 2}  
 \* 4 [ $\therefore \Diamond\sim a=a$  {from 3}  
 5  $W \therefore \sim a=a$  {from 4}  
 6  $W \therefore a=a$  {to contradict 5}  
 7  $\therefore (x)\Box x=x$  {from 1; 5 contradicts 6}

## 7. Valid

- [ $\therefore \Box(x)x=x$   
 \* 1 asm:  $\sim\Box(x)x=x$   
 \* 2  $\therefore \Diamond\sim(x)x=x$  {from 1}  
 \* 3 W  $\therefore \sim(x)x=x$  {from 2}  
 \* 4 W  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim x=x$  {from 3}  
 5 W  $\therefore \sim a=a$  {from 4}  
 6 W  $\therefore a=a$  {to contradict 5}  
 7  $\therefore \Box(x)x=x$  {from 1; 5 contradicts 6}

## 8. Invalid

- 1  $\Box(x)(Fx \supset Gx)$   
 [ $\therefore (x)(Fx \supset \Box Gx)$   
 \* 2 asm:  $\sim(x)(Fx \supset \Box Gx)$  W  
 \* 3  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim(Fx \supset \Box Gx)$  {from 2}  
 \* 4  $\therefore \sim(Fa \supset \Box Ga)$  {from 3}  
 5  $\therefore Fa$  {from 4}  
 \* 6  $\therefore \sim\Box Ga$  {from 4}  
 \* 7  $\therefore \Diamond\sim Ga$  {from 6}  
 8 W  $\therefore \sim Ga$  {from 7}  
 9  $\therefore (x)(Fx \supset Gx)$  {from 1}  
 10 W  $\therefore (x)(Fx \supset Gx)$  {from 1}  
 \* 11  $\therefore (Fa \supset Ga)$  {from 9}  
 12  $\therefore Ga$  {from 5 and 11}  
 \* 13 W  $\therefore (Fa \supset Ga)$  {from 10}  
 14 W  $\therefore \sim Fa$  {from 8 and 13}

## 9. Valid

- \* 1  $\Diamond(\exists x)Fx$   
 [ $\therefore (\exists x)\Diamond Fx$   
 \* 2 asm:  $\sim(\exists x)\Diamond Fx$   
 \* 3 W  $\therefore (\exists x)Fx$  {from 1}  
 4  $\therefore (x)\sim\Diamond Fx$  {from 2}  
 5 W  $\therefore Fa$  {from 3}  
 \* 6  $\therefore \sim\Diamond Fa$  {from 4}  
 7  $\therefore \Box\sim Fa$  {from 6}  
 8 W  $\therefore \sim Fa$  {from 7}  
 9  $\therefore (\exists x)\Diamond Fx$  {from 2; 5 contradicts 8}

## 11. Invalid

- \* 1  $(\Diamond(x)Fx \supset (x)\Diamond Fx)$   
 [ $\therefore ((\exists x)\sim Fx \supset \Box(\exists x)\sim Fx)$   
 \* 2 asm:  $\sim((\exists x)\sim Fx \supset \Box(\exists x)\sim Fx)$  W  
 \* 3  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim Fx$  {from 2}  
 \* 4  $\therefore \sim\Box(\exists x)\sim Fx$  {from 2}  
 5  $\therefore \sim Fa$  {from 3}  
 \* 6  $\therefore \Diamond\sim(\exists x)\sim Fx$  {from 4}  
 \* 7 W  $\therefore \sim(\exists x)\sim Fx$  {from 6}  
 8 W  $\therefore (x)Fx$  {from 7}  
 9 W  $\therefore Fa$  {from 8}

- 10 asm:  $\sim\Diamond(x)Fx$  {break 1}  
 11  $\therefore \Box\sim(x)Fx$  {from 10}  
 12  $\therefore \sim(x)Fx$  {from 11}  
 13  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim Fx$  {from 12}  
 14 W  $\therefore \sim(x)Fx$  {from 11}  
 15  $\therefore \Diamond(x)Fx$  {from 10; 8 contradicts 14}  
 16  $\therefore (x)\Diamond Fx$  {from 1 and 15}  
 17  $\therefore \Diamond Fa$  {from 16}

## 12. Valid

- [ $\therefore (x)(y)(x=y \supset \Box x=y)$   
 \* 1 asm:  $\sim(x)(y)(x=y \supset \Box x=y)$   
 \* 2  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim(y)(x=y \supset \Box x=y)$  {from 1}  
 \* 3  $\therefore \sim(y)(a=y \supset \Box a=y)$  {from 2}  
 \* 4  $\therefore (\exists y)\sim(a=y \supset \Box a=y)$  {from 3}  
 \* 5  $\therefore \sim(a=b \supset \Box a=b)$  {from 4}  
 6  $\therefore a=b$  {from 5}  
 \* 7  $\therefore \sim\Box a=b$  {from 5}  
 \* 8  $\therefore \Diamond\sim a=b$  {from 7}  
 \* 9  $\therefore \Diamond\sim b=b$  {from 6 and 8}  
 10 W  $\therefore \sim b=b$  {from 9}  
 11 W  $\therefore b=b$  {to contradict 10}  
 12  $\therefore (x)(y)(x=y \supset \Box x=y)$  {from 1; 10 contradicts 11}

## 13. Valid

- 1  $\Box(x)(Fx \supset Gx)$   
 2  $\Box Fa$   
 [ $\therefore \Box Ga$   
 \* 3 asm:  $\sim\Box Ga$   
 \* 4  $\therefore \Diamond\sim Ga$  {from 3}  
 5 W  $\therefore \sim Ga$  {from 4}  
 6 W  $\therefore (x)(Fx \supset Gx)$  {from 1}  
 7 W  $\therefore Fa$  {from 2}  
 \* 8 W  $\therefore (Fa \supset Ga)$  {from 6}  
 9 W  $\therefore \sim Fa$  {from 5 and 8}  
 10  $\therefore \Box Ga$  {from 3; 7 contradicts 9}

## 14. Invalid

- 1  $\sim a=b$   
 [ $\therefore \Box\sim a=b$   
 \* 2 asm:  $\sim\Box\sim a=b$   
 \* 3  $\therefore \Diamond a=b$  {from 2}  
 4 W  $\therefore a=b$  {from 3}

## 11.3b

## 2. Valid

- 1  $\Box(x)(\sim Bx \supset \sim x=i)$   
 [ $\therefore \Box Bi$

a
Fa, Ga
~Fa, ~Ga

W

a
~Fa
Fa

W

a, b

~a=b
a=b

W

- \* 2 [ asm:  $\sim\Box Bi$
- \* 3 [  $\therefore \Diamond\sim Bi$  {from 2}
- 4 [  $W \therefore \sim Bi$  {from 3}
- 5 [  $W \therefore (x)(\sim Bx \supset \sim x=i)$  {from 1}
- \* 6 [  $W \therefore (\sim Bi \supset \sim i=i)$  {from 5}
- 7 [  $W \therefore i=i$  {self-identity for 6}
- 8 [  $W \therefore \sim i=i$  {from 4 and 6}
- 9  $\therefore \Box Bi$  {from 2; 7 contradicts 8}

4. Premise 1 is ambiguous. The box-inside form gives a valid argument; the box-outside form is invalid.

Valid

- 1  $(x)(Mx \supset \Box Rx)$
- 2 Mp
- [  $\therefore \Box Rp$
- \* 3 [ asm:  $\sim\Box Rp$
- \* 4 [  $\therefore \Diamond\sim Rp$  {from 3}
- \* 5 [  $\therefore (Mp \supset \Box Rp)$  {from 1}
- 6 [  $\therefore \Box Rp$  {from 2 and 5}
- 7  $\therefore \Box Rp$  {from 3; 3 contradicts 6}

Invalid

- 1  $\Box(x)(Mx \supset Rx)$
- 2 Mp
- [  $\therefore \Box Rp$
- \* 3 [ asm:  $\sim\Box Rp$
- \* 4 [  $\therefore \Diamond\sim Rp$  {from 3}
- 5  $W \therefore \sim Rp$  {from 4}
- 6  $\therefore (x)(Mx \supset Rx)$  {from 1}
- 7  $W \therefore (x)(Mx \supset Rx)$  {from 1}
- \* 8  $\therefore (Mp \supset Rp)$  {from 6}
- 9  $\therefore Rp$  {from 2 and 8}
- \* 10  $W \therefore (Mp \supset Rp)$  {from 7}
- 11  $W \therefore \sim Mp$  {from 5 and 10}

	P
W	Mp, Rp
	$\sim Mp, \sim Rp$

6. Valid (but see Section 11.4)

- \* 1  $\sim\Box En$
- 2  $e=n$
- [  $\therefore \sim\Box Ee$
- 3 [ asm:  $\Box Ee$
- 4 [  $\therefore \Box En$  {from 2 and 3}
- 5  $\therefore \sim\Box Ee$  {from 3; 1 contradicts 4}

7. Valid

- \* 1  $\Diamond(Ti \cdot \sim(\exists x)Mx)$
- 2  $(x)(Mx \supset \Box Mx)$
- [  $\therefore \sim Mi$
- 3 [ asm: Mi
- \* 4 [  $W \therefore (Ti \cdot \sim(\exists x)Mx)$  {from 1}

- 5  $W \therefore Ti$  {from 4}
- \* 6  $W \therefore \sim(\exists x)Mx$  {from 4}
- 7  $W \therefore (x)\sim Mx$  {from 6}
- \* 8  $\therefore (Mi \supset \Box Mi)$  {from 2}
- 9  $\therefore \Box Mi$  {from 3 and 8}
- 10  $W \therefore \sim Mi$  {from 7}
- 11  $W \therefore Mi$  {from 9}
- 12  $\therefore \sim Mi$  {from 3; 10 contradicts 11}

8. Premise 1 and the conclusion are ambiguous. It's valid if we take both as box-inside forms; it's invalid if we take both as box-outside forms (or if we take one as box-inside and the other as box-outside).

Valid

- 1  $(x)(Hx \supset \Box Rx)$
- 2  $(x)(Lx \supset Hx)$
- [  $\therefore (x)(Lx \supset \Box Rx)$
- \* 3 [ asm:  $\sim(x)(Lx \supset \Box Rx)$
- \* 4 [  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim(Lx \supset \Box Rx)$  {from 3}
- \* 5  $\therefore \sim(La \supset \Box Ra)$  {from 4}
- 6  $\therefore La$  {from 5}
- \* 7  $\therefore \sim\Box Ra$  {from 5}
- \* 8  $\therefore \Diamond\sim Ra$  {from 7}
- 9  $W \therefore \sim Ra$  {from 8}
- \* 10  $\therefore (Ha \supset \Box Ra)$  {from 1}
- 11  $\therefore \sim Ha$  {from 7 and 10}
- \* 12 [  $\therefore (La \supset Ha)$  {from 2}
- 13  $\therefore Ha$  {from 6 and 12}
- 14  $\therefore (x)(Lx \supset \Box Rx)$  {from 3; 11 contradicts 13}

Invalid

- 1  $\Box(x)(Hx \supset Rx)$
- 2  $(x)(Lx \supset Hx)$
- [  $\therefore \Box(x)(Lx \supset Rx)$
- \* 3 [ asm:  $\sim\Box(x)(Lx \supset Rx)$
- \* 4  $\therefore \Diamond\sim(x)(Lx \supset Rx)$  {from 3}
- \* 5  $W \therefore \sim(x)(Lx \supset Rx)$  {from 4}
- \* 6  $W \therefore (\exists x)\sim(Lx \supset Rx)$  {from 5}
- \* 7  $W \therefore \sim(La \supset Ra)$  {from 6}
- 8  $W \therefore La$  {from 7}
- 9  $W \therefore \sim Ra$  {from 7}
- 10  $\therefore (x)(Hx \supset Rx)$  {from 1}
- 11  $W \therefore (x)(Hx \supset Rx)$  {from 1}
- 12  $\therefore (La \supset Ha)$  {from 2}
- 13  $\therefore (Ha \supset Ra)$  {from 10}
- \* 14  $W \therefore (Ha \supset Ra)$  {from 11}
- 15  $W \therefore \sim Ha$  {from 9 and 14}
- 16 [ asm:  $\sim La$  {break 12}

	a
W	$\sim La, \sim Ha$
	$La, \sim Ra, \sim Ha$

17 asm:  $\sim Ha$  {break 13}

9. Invalid

* 1	$\sim \Box(x)(Cx \supset Rx)$	W	a, p
2	$Cp$		Cp, Rp
3	$Rp$		Ca, $\sim Ra$ , Rp
	[ $\therefore (Rp \cdot \Diamond \sim Rp)$ ]		
* 4	asm: $\sim (Rp \cdot \Diamond \sim Rp)$		
* 5	$\therefore \Diamond \sim (x)(Cx \supset Rx)$ {from 1}		
* 6	W $\therefore \sim (x)(Cx \supset Rx)$ {from 5}		
* 7	W $\therefore (\exists x) \sim (Cx \supset Rx)$ {from 6}		
* 8	W $\therefore \sim (Ca \supset Ra)$ {from 7}		
9	W $\therefore Ca$ {from 8}		
10	W $\therefore \sim Ra$ {from 8}		
* 11	$\therefore \sim \Diamond \sim Rp$ {from 3 and 4}		
12	$\therefore \Box Rp$ {from 11}		
13	W $\therefore Rp$ {from 12}		

11. Valid

* 1	$(M \supset \Diamond (\exists x) Ax)$
2	$\Box(x)(Ax \supset Rx)$
3	$\Box \sim (\exists x)(Rx \cdot Ax)$
	[ $\therefore \sim M$ ]
4	asm: M
* 5	$\therefore \Diamond (\exists x) Ax$ {from 1 and 4}
* 6	W $\therefore (\exists x) Ax$ {from 5}
7	W $\therefore Aa$ {from 6}
8	W $\therefore (x)(Ax \supset Rx)$ {from 2}
* 9	W $\therefore \sim (\exists x)(Rx \cdot Ax)$ {from 3}
10	W $\therefore (x) \sim (Rx \cdot Ax)$ {from 9}
* 11	W $\therefore (Aa \supset Ra)$ {from 8}
12	W $\therefore Ra$ {from 7 and 11}
* 13	W $\therefore \sim (Ra \cdot Aa)$ {from 10}
14	W $\therefore \sim Ra$ {from 7 and 13}
15	$\therefore \sim M$ {from 4; 12 contradicts 14}

12. Valid (but see Section 11.4)

1	$n=t$
2	$\Box Gte$
	[ $\therefore \Box Gne$ ]
3	asm: $\sim \Box Gne$
4	$\therefore \sim \Box Gte$ {from 1 and 3}
5	$\therefore \Box Gne$ {from 3; 2 contradicts 4}

13. Premise 1 is ambiguous. The box-inside form gives a valid argument (but has a false first premise); the box-outside form is invalid.

Valid

1	$(x)(Cx \supset \Box Tx)$
2	$Cp$

	[ $\therefore \Box Tp$ ]
* 3	asm: $\sim \Box Tp$
* 4	$\therefore (Cp \supset \Box Tp)$ {from 1}
5	$\therefore \Box Tp$ {from 2 and 4}
6	$\therefore \Box Tp$ {from 3; 3 contradicts 5}

Invalid

1	$\Box(x)(Cx \supset Tx)$	W	p
2	$Cp$		Cp, Tp
	[ $\therefore \Box Tp$ ]		
* 3	asm: $\sim \Box Tp$		
* 4	$\therefore \Diamond \sim Tp$ {from 3}		
5	W $\therefore \sim Tp$ {from 4}		
6	$\therefore (x)(Cx \supset Tx)$ {from 1}		
7	W $\therefore (x)(Cx \supset Tx)$ {from 1}		
* 8	$\therefore (Cp \supset Tp)$ {from 6}		
9	$\therefore Tp$ {from 2 and 8}		
* 10	W $\therefore (Cp \supset Tp)$ {from 7}		
11	W $\therefore \sim Cp$ {from 5 and 10}		

14. Valid

* 1	$(\exists x)(Ux \cdot \sim \Diamond (\exists y) Gyx)$
2	$(x)(y)((Rx \cdot \sim Ry) \supset Gxy)$
3	$Rs$
	[ $\therefore (\exists x)(Rx \cdot \sim \Diamond (\exists y) Gyx)$ ]
* 4	asm: $\sim (\exists x)(Rx \cdot \sim \Diamond (\exists y) Gyx)$
5	$\therefore (x) \sim (Rx \cdot \sim \Diamond (\exists y) Gyx)$ {from 4}
* 6	$\therefore (Ua \cdot \sim \Diamond (\exists y) Gya)$ {from 1}
7	$\therefore Ua$ {from 6}
* 8	$\therefore \sim \Diamond (\exists y) Gya$ {from 6}
* 9	$\therefore \sim (Ra \cdot \sim \Diamond (\exists y) Gya)$ {from 5}
10	$\therefore \sim Ra$ {from 5}
11	$\therefore (y)((Rs \cdot \sim Ry) \supset Gsy)$ {from 2}
12	$\therefore ((Rs \cdot \sim Ra) \supset Gsa)$ {from 11}
13	$\therefore \Box \sim (\exists y) Gya$ {from 8}
14	$\therefore \sim (\exists y) Gya$ {from 13}
15	$\therefore (y) \sim Gya$ {from 14}
16	$\therefore \sim Gsa$ {from 15}
17	$\therefore \sim (Rs \cdot \sim Ra)$ {from 12 and 16}
18	$\therefore \sim Rs$ {from 10 and 17}
19	$\therefore \sim \Box(x)(Px \supset Bx)$ {from 4; 3 contradicts 18}

16. Invalid

1	$(x) \Diamond Cx$	W	a, b
	[ $\therefore \Diamond(x)Cx$ ]		Cb, $\sim Ca$
* 2	asm: $\sim \Diamond(x)Cx$		
3	$\therefore \Box \sim (x)Cx$ {from 2}		Ca, $\sim Cb$
* 4	$\therefore \sim (x)Cx$ {from 3}		
* 5	$\therefore (\exists x) \sim Cx$ {from 4}		

- 6  $\therefore \sim Ca$  {from 5}
- \* 7  $\therefore \diamond Ca$  {from 1}
- 8  $W \therefore Ca$  {from 7}
- \* 9  $W \therefore \sim(x)Cx$  {from 3}
- \* 10  $W \therefore (\exists x)\sim Cx$  {from 9}
- 11  $W \therefore \sim Cb$  {from 10}

Endless loop: add "Cb" to the actual world to make the premise true.

12.1a

- 2.  $(\sim L \supset S)$
- 4.  $(A_u \supset W_u)$  or, equivalently,  $(\sim W_u \supset \sim A_u)$
- 6.  $(A \supset \sim B)$
- 7.  $(B \supset \sim A)$
- 8.  $(B \supset A)$
- 9.  $\sim(B \cdot \sim A)$
- 11.  $(H_u \supset A_u)$
- 12.  $(x)(Hx \supset Ax)$
- 13. Rgj
- 14.  $(H_j u \supset H_u j)$
- 16.  $(A \supset \sim B)$
- 17.  $\sim(B \cdot A)$
- 18.  $(\exists x)(S_x \cdot W_x)$
- 19.  $(\exists x)(S_x \cdot W_x)$

12.2a

- 2. Invalid A,  $\sim A$ ,  $\sim B$
- \* 1  $\sim(A \cdot \sim B)$   
[ $\therefore (A \supset B)$ ]
- \* 2 asm:  $\sim(A \supset B)$
- 3  $\therefore A$  {from 2}
- 4  $\therefore \sim B$  {from 2}
- 5  $\therefore \sim A$  {from 1 and 4}
- 4. Invalid  $A$ ,  $\sim B$ ,  $\sim A$
- \* 1  $(A \supset B)$   
[ $\therefore \sim(A \cdot \sim B)$ ]
- \* 2 asm:  $(A \cdot \sim B)$
- 3  $\therefore A$  {from 2}
- 4  $\therefore \sim B$  {from 2}
- 5  $\therefore \sim A$  {from 1 and 4}
- 6. Invalid a  
 $F_a$ ,  $\sim G_a$ ,  $\sim F_a$
- 1  $(x)(Fx \supset Gx)$
- 2  $F_a$   
[ $\therefore G_a$ ]
- 3 asm:  $\sim G_a$
- \* 4  $\therefore (F_a \supset G_a)$  {from 1}

- 5  $\therefore \sim Fa$  {from 3 and 4}
- 7. Valid
- 1  $(x)\sim(Fx \cdot Gx)$
- 2  $(x)(Hx \supset Fx)$   
[ $\therefore (x)(Gx \supset \sim Hx)$ ]
- \* 3 asm:  $\sim(x)(Gx \supset \sim Hx)$
- \* 4  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim(Gx \supset \sim Hx)$  {from 3}
- \* 5  $\therefore \sim(G_a \supset \sim H_a)$  {from 4}
- 6  $\therefore G_a$  {from 5}
- 7  $\therefore H_a$  {from 5}
- \* 8  $\therefore \sim(F_a \cdot G_a)$  {from 1}
- 9  $\therefore \sim F_a$  {from 6 and 8}
- \* 10  $\therefore (H_a \supset F_a)$  {from 2}
- 11  $\therefore F_a$  {from 7 and 10}
- 12  $\therefore (x)(Gx \supset \sim Hx)$  {from 3; 9 contradicts 11}

- 8. Invalid a  
 $F_a$ ,  $\sim H_a$   
 $G_a$ ,  $\sim G_a$
- 1  $(x)(Fx \supset Gx)$
- 2  $(x)(Gx \supset Hx)$   
[ $\therefore (x)(Fx \supset Hx)$ ]
- \* 3 asm:  $\sim(x)(Fx \supset Hx)$
- \* 4  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim(Fx \supset Hx)$  {from 3}
- \* 5  $\therefore \sim(F_a \supset H_a)$  {from 4}
- 6  $\therefore F_a$  {from 5}
- 7  $\therefore \sim H_a$  {from 5}
- \* 8  $\therefore (F_a \supset G_a)$  {from 1}
- 9  $\therefore G_a$  {from 6 and 8}
- \* 10  $\therefore (G_a \supset H_a)$  {from 2}
- 11  $\therefore \sim G_a$  {from 7 and 10}

- 9. Valid
- \* 1  $(\sim A \vee \sim B)$   
[ $\therefore \sim(A \cdot B)$ ]
- \* 2 asm:  $(A \cdot B)$
- 3  $\therefore A$  {from 2}
- 4  $\therefore B$  {from 2}
- 5  $\therefore \sim B$  {from 1 and 3}
- 6  $\therefore \sim(A \cdot B)$  {from 2; 4 contradicts 5}

12.2b

- 2. Invalid  $\sim E$ ,  $\sim G$ , E
- 1  $\sim E$
- \* 2  $(\sim E \supset G)$   
[ $\therefore G$ ]
- 3 asm:  $\sim G$
- 4  $\therefore E$  {from 2 and 3}

4. Valid
- \* 1  $\sim(\underline{D} \cdot \underline{W})$   
 2  $\underline{D}$   
 $[\therefore \sim \underline{W}]$   
 3  $\left[ \text{asm: } \underline{W} \right.$   
 4  $\left. \therefore \sim \underline{W} \right\}$  {from 1 and 2}  
 5  $\therefore \sim \underline{W}$  {from 3; 3 contradicts 4}
6. Invalid  $B, \sim \underline{C}, \sim \underline{B}$
- \* 1  $\sim(\underline{B} \cdot \sim \underline{C})$   
 2  $\underline{B}$   
 $[\therefore \underline{C}]$   
 3  $\text{asm: } \sim \underline{C}$   
 4  $\therefore \sim \underline{B}$  {from 1 and 3}
7. Valid
- \* 1  $\sim(\underline{E} \cdot \sim \underline{M})$   
 2  $\sim \underline{M}$   
 $[\therefore \sim \underline{E}]$   
 3  $\left[ \text{asm: } \underline{E} \right.$   
 4  $\left. \therefore \sim \underline{E} \right\}$  {from 1 and 2}  
 5  $\therefore \sim \underline{E}$  {from 3; 3 contradicts 4}
8. Valid
- \* 1  $(\underline{L} \supset \underline{W})$   
 2  $\sim \underline{W}$   
 $[\therefore \sim \underline{L}]$   
 3  $\left[ \text{asm: } \underline{L} \right.$   
 4  $\left. \therefore \sim \underline{L} \right\}$  {from 1 and 2}  
 5  $\therefore \sim \underline{L}$  {from 3; 3 contradicts 4}
9. Valid
- 1  $\underline{N}$   
 2  $\square(\underline{B} \supset \underline{D})$   
 3  $\square(\underline{D} \supset (\underline{N} \supset \underline{S}))$   
 $[\therefore (\underline{S} \vee \sim \underline{B})]$
- \* 4  $\left[ \text{asm: } \sim(\underline{S} \vee \sim \underline{B}) \right.$   
 5  $\left. \therefore \sim \underline{S} \right\}$  {from 4}  
 6  $\therefore \underline{B}$  {from 4}
- \* 7  $\therefore (\underline{B} \supset \underline{D})$  {from 2}  
 8  $\therefore \underline{D}$  {from 6 and 7}
- \* 9  $\therefore (\underline{D} \supset (\underline{N} \supset \underline{S}))$  {from 3}
- \* 10  $\therefore (\underline{N} \supset \underline{S})$  {from 8 and 9}
- 11  $\therefore \underline{S}$  {from 1 and 10}
- 12  $\therefore (\underline{S} \vee \sim \underline{B})$  {from 4; 5 contradicts 11}
11. Valid
- \* 1  $(\exists x)(Ax \cdot D\underline{u}x)$   
 2  $(x)(Ax \supset (Jx \vee Sx))$   
 $[\therefore (\exists x)((Jx \vee Sx) \cdot D\underline{u}x)]$
- \* 3  $\left[ \text{asm: } \sim(\exists x)((Jx \vee Sx) \cdot D\underline{u}x) \right.$

- \* 4  $\therefore (Aa \cdot D\underline{u}a)$  {from 1}
- 5  $\therefore (x)\sim((Jx \vee Sx) \cdot D\underline{u}x)$  {from 3}
- 6  $\therefore Aa$  {from 4}
- 7  $\therefore D\underline{u}a$  {from 4}
- \* 8  $\therefore (Aa \supset (Ja \vee Sa))$  {from 2}
- 9  $\therefore (Ja \vee Sa)$  {from 6 and 8}
- 10  $\therefore (Au \supset (Ju \vee Su))$  {from 2}
- \* 11  $\therefore \sim((Ja \vee Sa) \cdot D\underline{u}a)$  {from 5}
- 12  $\therefore \sim(Ja \vee Sa)$  {from 7 and 11}
- 13  $\therefore (\exists x)((Jx \vee Sx) \cdot D\underline{u}x)$  {from 3; 9 contradicts 12}
12. Valid
- \* 1  $(B \supset \underline{R})$
- \* 2  $(S \supset B)$   
 $[\therefore (S \supset \underline{R})]$
- \* 3  $\left[ \text{asm: } \sim(S \supset \underline{R}) \right.$   
 4  $\left. \therefore S \right\}$  {from 3}
- 5  $\therefore \sim \underline{R}$  {from 3}
- 6  $\therefore \sim B$  {from 1 and 5}
- 7  $\therefore B$  {from 2 and 4}
- 8  $\therefore (S \supset \underline{R})$  {from 3; 6 contradicts 7}
13. Valid
- 1  $\sim \underline{S}$   
 $[\therefore \sim(\underline{S} \cdot \sim \underline{P})]$
- 2  $\left[ \text{asm: } (\underline{S} \cdot \sim \underline{P}) \right.$   
 3  $\left. \therefore \underline{S} \right\}$  {from 2}
- 4  $\therefore \sim(\underline{S} \cdot \sim \underline{P})$  {from 2; 1 contradicts 3}
14. Valid
- \* 1  $(S \supset \underline{G})$   
 2  $\sim \underline{G}$   
 $[\therefore \sim S]$
- 3  $\left[ \text{asm: } S \right.$   
 4  $\left. \therefore \underline{G} \right\}$  {from 1 and 2}
- 5  $\therefore \sim S$  {from 3; 2 contradicts 4}
16. Invalid  $\underline{G}, \sim \underline{P}, \sim G$
- 1  $\underline{G}$
- \* 2  $(G \supset \underline{P})$   
 $[\therefore \underline{P}]$
- 3  $\text{asm: } \sim \underline{P}$
- 4  $\therefore \sim G$  {from 2 and 3}
17. Valid
- $[\therefore (\underline{A} \vee \sim \underline{A})]$
- \* 1  $\left[ \text{asm: } \sim(\underline{A} \vee \sim \underline{A}) \right.$   
 2  $\left. \therefore \sim \underline{A} \right\}$  {from 1}
- 3  $\therefore \underline{A}$  {from 1}
- 4  $\therefore (\underline{A} \vee \sim \underline{A})$  {from 1; 2 contradicts 3}

## 18. Valid

- \* 1  $\sim(\underline{B} \cdot \underline{A})$   
 $[\therefore (\sim\underline{B} \vee \sim\underline{A})$   
 \* 2  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim(\sim\underline{B} \vee \sim\underline{A}) \\ \therefore \underline{B} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ \therefore \underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ \therefore \sim\underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 1 and 3}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 6  $\therefore (\sim\underline{B} \vee \sim\underline{A}) \quad \{\text{from 2; 4 contradicts 5}\}$

## 19. Valid

- 1  $\underline{M}$   
 $[\therefore (\underline{M} \vee \underline{B})$   
 2  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim(\underline{M} \vee \underline{B}) \\ \therefore \sim\underline{M} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 4  $\therefore (\underline{M} \vee \underline{B}) \quad \{\text{from 2; 1 contradicts 3}\}$

## 12.3a

2.  $O\sim(\underline{A} \cdot \underline{B})$   
 4.  $(\underline{A} \supset \underline{RA})$   
 6.  $(\underline{RA} \cdot R\sim\underline{A})$   
 7.  $((\underline{RA} \cdot \underline{RB}) \supset R(\underline{A} \cdot \underline{B}))$   
 8.  $(\sim O\underline{A} \cdot O\sim\underline{A})$   
 9.  $(\underline{B} \supset O\underline{A})$   
 11.  $\sim\Box((x)Ax \supset \underline{RAu})$   
 12.  $(\underline{RAxy} \supset \underline{RAYx})$   
 13.  $(O\underline{A} \supset \Diamond A)$   
 14.  $O(x)(Ssx \supset Gx)$   
 16.  $(R(\exists x)Ax \supset R(x)Ax)$   
 17.  $(\underline{RAu} \supset (x)RAx)$   
 18.  $(x)\sim RAx$  or, equivalently,  $\sim R(\exists x)Ax$   
 19.  $R(x)(\sim Sx \supset Tx)$

## 12.4a

## 2. Valid

- \* 1  $(\exists x)OA\underline{x}$   
 $[\therefore O(\exists x)A\underline{x}$   
 \* 2  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim O(\exists x)A\underline{x} \\ \therefore OA\underline{a} \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ \therefore R\sim(\exists x)A\underline{x} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ D:\sim(\exists x)A\underline{x} \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ D:\sim(\exists x)A\underline{x} \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ D:\underline{Aa} \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ D:\sim\underline{Aa} \quad \{\text{from 6}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 9  $\therefore O(\exists x)A\underline{x} \quad \{\text{from 2; 7 contradicts 8}\}$

## 4. Valid

- $[\therefore O(O\underline{A} \supset \underline{A})$   
 \* 1  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim O(O\underline{A} \supset \underline{A}) \end{array} \right.$

- \* 2  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \therefore R\sim(O\underline{A} \supset \underline{A}) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ D:\sim(O\underline{A} \supset \underline{A}) \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ D:\underline{OA} \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ D:\sim\underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ D:\underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 7  $\therefore O(O\underline{A} \supset \underline{A}) \quad \{\text{from 1; 5 contradicts 6}\}$

## 6. Valid

- $[\therefore O(\underline{A} \supset \underline{RA})$   
 \* 1  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim O(\underline{A} \supset \underline{RA}) \\ \therefore R\sim(\underline{A} \supset \underline{RA}) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ D:\sim(\underline{A} \supset \underline{RA}) \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ D:\underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ D:\sim\underline{RA} \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ D:\underline{O}\sim\underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ D:\sim\underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 6}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 8  $\therefore O(\underline{A} \supset \underline{RA}) \quad \{\text{from 1; 4 contradicts 7}\}$

## 7. Valid

- 1  $O\underline{A}$   
 2  $O\underline{B}$   
 $[\therefore O(\underline{A} \cdot \underline{B})$   
 \* 3  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim O(\underline{A} \cdot \underline{B}) \\ \therefore R\sim(\underline{A} \cdot \underline{B}) \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ D:\sim(\underline{A} \cdot \underline{B}) \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ D:\underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ D:\sim\underline{B} \quad \{\text{from 5 and 6}\} \\ D:\underline{B} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 9  $\therefore O(\underline{A} \cdot \underline{B}) \quad \{\text{from 3; 7 contradicts 8}\}$

## 8. Valid

- 1  $(x)OF\underline{x}$   
 $[\therefore O(x)F\underline{x}$   
 \* 2  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim O(x)F\underline{x} \\ \therefore R\sim(x)F\underline{x} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ D:\sim(x)F\underline{x} \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ D:\sim(x)F\underline{x} \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ D:\sim F\underline{a} \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ \therefore OF\underline{a} \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ D:\underline{Fa} \quad \{\text{from 7}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 9  $\therefore O(x)F\underline{x} \quad \{\text{from 2; 6 contradicts 8}\}$

## 9. Valid

- 1  $O(\underline{A} \vee \underline{B})$   
 $[\therefore (\sim\Diamond A \supset \underline{RB})$   
 \* 2  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim(\sim\Diamond A \supset \underline{RB}) \\ \therefore \sim\Diamond A \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ \therefore \sim\underline{RB} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ \therefore O\sim\underline{B} \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 \* 6  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim O\underline{A} \quad \{\text{nice to have "OA" to use} \\ \text{Kant's Law on to contradict 3}\} \end{array} \right.$

- 7  $\vdash R \sim \underline{A}$  {from 6}
- 8  $D \vdash \sim \underline{A}$  {from 7}
- 9  $D \vdash (\underline{A} \vee \underline{B})$  {from 1}
- 10  $D \vdash \underline{B}$  {from 8 and 9}
- 11  $D \vdash \sim \underline{B}$  {from 5}
- 12  $\therefore \underline{O\underline{A}}$  {from 6; 10 contradicts 11}
- 13  $\therefore \underline{\diamond A}$  {from 12 using Kant's Law}
- 14  $\therefore (\sim \underline{\diamond A} \supset \underline{R\underline{B}})$  {from 2; 3 contradicts 13}

11. Valid

- 1  $\Box(\underline{A} \supset \underline{B})$
- 2  $\underline{O\underline{A}}$
- [ $\therefore \underline{O\underline{B}}$
- \* 3 [asm:  $\sim \underline{O\underline{B}}$
- \* 4  $\therefore R \sim \underline{B}$  {from 3}
- 5  $D \vdash \sim \underline{B}$  {from 4}
- \* 6  $D \vdash (\underline{A} \supset \underline{B})$  {from 1}
- 7  $D \vdash \sim \underline{A}$  {from 5 and 6}
- 8  $D \vdash \underline{A}$  {from 2}
- 9  $\therefore \underline{O\underline{B}}$  {from 3; 7 contradicts 8}

12. Valid

- 1  $\underline{O\underline{A}}$
- \* 2  $\underline{R\underline{B}}$
- [ $\therefore R(\underline{A} \cdot \underline{B})$
- \* 3 [asm:  $\sim R(\underline{A} \cdot \underline{B})$
- 4  $D \vdash \underline{B}$  {from 2}
- 5  $\therefore \underline{O} \sim (\underline{A} \cdot \underline{B})$  {from 3}
- 6  $D \vdash \underline{A}$  {from 1}
- \* 7  $D \vdash \sim (\underline{A} \cdot \underline{B})$  {from 5}
- 8  $D \vdash \sim \underline{A}$  {from 4 and 7}
- 9  $\therefore R(\underline{A} \cdot \underline{B})$  {from 3; 6 contradicts 8}

13. Valid

- 1  $A$
- [ $\therefore \underline{O}(\underline{B} \vee \sim \underline{B})$
- \* 2 [asm:  $\sim \underline{O}(\underline{B} \vee \sim \underline{B})$
- \* 3  $\therefore R \sim (\underline{B} \vee \sim \underline{B})$  {from 2}
- \* 4  $D \vdash \sim (\underline{B} \vee \sim \underline{B})$  {from 3}
- 5  $D \vdash \sim \underline{B}$  {from 4}
- 6  $D \vdash \underline{B}$  {from 4}
- 7  $\therefore \underline{O}(\underline{B} \vee \sim \underline{B})$  {from 2; 5 contradicts 6}

14. Invalid

- 1  $(x)R\underline{A}x$
- [ $\therefore R(x)A\underline{x}$
- \* 2 [asm:  $\sim R(x)A\underline{x}$
- 3  $\therefore \underline{O} \sim (x)A\underline{x}$  {from 2}
- \* 4  $\therefore R\underline{A}a$  {from 1}
- 5  $D \vdash Aa$  {from 4}
- \* 6  $D \vdash \sim (x)A\underline{x}$  {from 3}

	a, b
D	$Aa, \sim Ab$
DD	$Ab, \sim Aa$

- 7  $D \vdash (\exists x) \sim A\underline{x}$  {from 6}
- 8  $D \vdash \sim A\underline{b}$  {from 7}
- \* 9  $\therefore R\underline{A}b$  {from 1}
- 10  $DD \vdash A\underline{b}$  {from 9}

Endless loop: add " $\sim Aa$ " to world DD to make the conclusion false. (Refutations aren't required in this exercise.)

16. Valid

- [ $\therefore (R\underline{A} \vee R \sim \underline{A})$
- \* 1 [asm:  $\sim (R\underline{A} \vee R \sim \underline{A})$
- \* 2  $\therefore \sim R\underline{A}$  {from 1}
- \* 3  $\therefore \sim R \sim \underline{A}$  {from 1}
- 4  $\therefore \underline{O} \sim \underline{A}$  {from 2}
- 5  $\therefore \underline{O\underline{A}}$  {from 3}
- 6  $\therefore \sim \underline{A}$  {from 4}
- 7  $\therefore \underline{A}$  {from 5}
- 8  $\therefore (R\underline{A} \vee R \sim \underline{A})$  {from 1; 6 contradicts 7}

17. Invalid

- 1  $(\underline{O\underline{A}} \supset \underline{B})$
- [ $\therefore R(\underline{A} \cdot \underline{B})$
- \* 2 [asm:  $\sim R(\underline{A} \cdot \underline{B})$
- 3  $\therefore \underline{O} \sim (\underline{A} \cdot \underline{B})$  {from 2}
- \*\* 4 [asm:  $\sim \underline{O\underline{A}}$  {break 1}
- \*\* 5  $\therefore R \sim \underline{A}$  {from 4}
- 6  $D \vdash \sim \underline{A}$  {from 5}
- 7  $D \vdash \sim (\underline{A} \cdot \underline{B})$  {from 3}

18. Valid

- \* 1  $\sim \underline{\diamond A}$
- [ $\therefore R \sim \underline{A}$
- \* 2 [asm:  $\sim R \sim \underline{A}$
- 3  $\therefore \Box \sim A$  {from 1}
- 4  $\therefore \underline{O\underline{A}}$  {from 2}
- 5  $\therefore \sim A$  {from 3}
- 6  $\therefore \underline{\diamond A}$  {from 4 by Kant's Law}
- 7  $\therefore R \sim \underline{A}$  {from 2; 1 contradicts 6}

19. Valid

- 1  $A$
- 2  $\sim A$
- [ $\therefore \underline{O\underline{B}}$
- 3 [asm:  $\sim \underline{O\underline{B}}$
- 4  $\therefore \underline{O\underline{B}}$  {from 3; 1 contradicts 2}

21. Valid

- 1  $O(A \supset B)$
- [ $\therefore (A \supset \underline{O\underline{B}})$
- \* 2 [asm:  $\sim (A \supset \underline{O\underline{B}})$
- 3  $\therefore A$  {from 2}

- \* 4  $\vdash \sim \underline{O}\underline{B}$  {from 2}
- \* 5  $\vdash R\sim \underline{B}$  {from 4}
- 6  $D \vdash \sim \underline{B}$  {from 5}
- \* 7  $D \vdash (A \supset \underline{B})$  {from 1}
- 8  $D \vdash \sim A$  {from 6 and 7}
- 9  $\vdash \sim A$  {from 8 by indicative transfer}
- 10  $\vdash (A \supset \underline{O}\underline{B})$  {from 2; 3 contradicts 9}

## 22. Valid

- 1  $O(x)A_x$
- $[\vdash (x)O A_x]$
- \* 2  $\text{asm: } \sim(x)O A_x$
- \* 3  $\vdash (\exists x)\sim O A_x$  {from 2}
- \* 4  $\vdash \sim O A_a$  {from 3}
- \* 5  $\vdash R\sim A_a$  {from 4}
- 6  $D \vdash \sim A_a$  {from 5}
- 7  $D \vdash (x)A_x$  {from 1}
- 8  $D \vdash A_a$  {from 7}
- 9  $\vdash (x)O A_x$  {from 2; 6 contradicts 8}

## 23. Valid

- $[\vdash O(\sim R \underline{A} \supset \sim \underline{A})]$
- \* 1  $\text{asm: } \sim O(\sim R \underline{A} \supset \sim \underline{A})$
- \* 2  $\vdash R\sim(\sim R \underline{A} \supset \sim \underline{A})$  {from 1}
- \* 3  $D \vdash \sim(\sim R \underline{A} \supset \sim \underline{A})$  {from 2}
- \* 4  $D \vdash \sim R \underline{A}$  {from 3}
- 5  $D \vdash \underline{A}$  {from 3}
- 6  $D \vdash O\sim \underline{A}$  {from 4}
- 7  $D \vdash \sim \underline{A}$  {from 6}
- 8  $\vdash O(\sim R \underline{A} \supset \sim \underline{A})$  {from 1; 5 contradicts 7}

## 24. Valid

- 1  $A$
- $[\vdash (A \vee \underline{O}\underline{B})]$
- 2  $\text{asm: } \sim(A \vee \underline{O}\underline{B})$
- 3  $\vdash \sim A$  {from 2}
- 4  $\vdash (A \vee \underline{O}\underline{B})$  {from 2; 1 contradicts 3}

## 12.4b

## 2. Invalid

- $[\vdash (O \underline{A} \vee O \sim \underline{A})]$
- \* 1  $\text{asm: } \sim(O \underline{A} \vee O \sim \underline{A})$
- \* 2  $\vdash \sim O \underline{A}$  {from 1}
- \* 3  $\vdash \sim O \sim \underline{A}$  {from 1}
- \* 4  $\vdash R\sim \underline{A}$  {from 2}
- \* 5  $\vdash R \underline{A}$  {from 3}
- 6  $D \vdash \sim \underline{A}$  {from 4}
- 7  $DD \vdash \underline{A}$  {from 5}

## 4. Valid

- $[\vdash (O \underline{A} \supset \underline{A})]$
- \* 1  $\text{asm: } \sim(O \underline{A} \supset \underline{A})$
- 2  $\vdash O \underline{A}$  {from 1}
- 3  $\vdash \sim \underline{A}$  {from 1}
- 4  $\vdash \underline{A}$  {from 2}
- 5  $\vdash (O \underline{A} \supset \underline{A})$  {from 1; 3 contradicts 4}

## 6. Valid

- \* 1  $\sim \diamond A$
- $[\vdash \sim O \underline{A}]$
- 2  $\text{asm: } O \underline{A}$
- 3  $\vdash \square \sim A$  {from 1}
- 4  $\vdash \diamond A$  {from 2 by Kant's Law}
- 5  $\vdash \sim O \underline{A}$  {from 2; 1 contradicts 4}

## 7. Invalid (boozing could be wrong for some other reason)

- 1  $O\sim(\underline{B} \cdot \underline{D})$
- \* 2  $\sim O \underline{D}$
- $[\vdash R \underline{B}]$
- \* 3  $\text{asm: } \sim R \underline{B}$
- \* 4  $\vdash R\sim \underline{D}$  {from 2}
- 5  $\vdash O\sim \underline{B}$  {from 3}
- 6  $D \vdash \sim \underline{D}$  {from 4}
- 7  $D \vdash \sim(\underline{B} \cdot \underline{D})$  {from 1}
- 8  $D \vdash \sim \underline{B}$  {from 5}

## 8. Valid

- $[\vdash (\underline{A} \supset R \underline{A})]$
- \* 1  $\text{asm: } \sim(\underline{A} \supset R \underline{A})$
- 2  $\vdash \underline{A}$  {from 1}
- \* 3  $\vdash \sim R \underline{A}$  {from 1}
- 4  $\vdash O\sim \underline{A}$  {from 3}
- 5  $\vdash \sim \underline{A}$  {from 4}
- 6  $\vdash (\underline{A} \supset R \underline{A})$  {from 1; 2 contradicts 5}

## 9. Valid

- \* 1  $(R I_{\underline{u}j} \supset R I_{j\underline{u}})$
- $[\vdash (O \sim I_{j\underline{u}} \supset \sim I_{\underline{u}j})]$
- \* 2  $\text{asm: } \sim(O \sim I_{j\underline{u}} \supset \sim I_{\underline{u}j})$
- 3  $\vdash O \sim I_{j\underline{u}}$  {from 2}
- 4  $\vdash I_{\underline{u}j}$  {from 2}
- 5  $\vdash \sim I_{j\underline{u}}$  {from 3}
- 6  $\text{asm: } \sim R I_{\underline{u}j}$  {break 1}
- 7  $\vdash O \sim I_{\underline{u}j}$  {from 6}
- 8  $\vdash \sim I_{\underline{u}j}$  {from 7}
- 9  $\vdash R I_{\underline{u}j}$  {from 6; 4 contradicts 8}
- \* 10  $\vdash R I_{j\underline{u}}$  {from 1 and 9}
- 11  $D \vdash I_{j\underline{u}}$  {from 10}

- 12  $\perp$  D.:  $\sim Iju$  {from 3}  
 13  $\therefore (O\sim Iju \supset \sim Iuj)$  {from 2; 11 contradicts 12}

11. Valid

- \* 1  $((F \cdot A) \supset \Box A)$   
 $[\therefore ((F \cdot A) \supset RA)$   
 \* 2 asm:  $\sim((F \cdot A) \supset RA)$   
 \* 3  $\therefore (F \cdot A)$  {from 2}  
 \* 4  $\therefore \sim RA$  {from 2}  
 5  $\therefore F$  {from 3}  
 6  $\therefore A$  {from 3}  
 7  $\therefore O\sim A$  {from 4}  
 8  $\therefore \Box A$  {from 1 and 3}  
 \* 9  $\therefore \Diamond \sim A$  {from 7 by Kant's Law}  
 10  $W \therefore \sim A$  {from 9}  
 11  $W \therefore A$  {from 8}  
 12  $\therefore ((F \cdot A) \supset RA)$  {from 2; 10 contradicts 11}

12. Valid

- \* 1  $(RC \supset OT)$   
 $[\therefore O(I \vee \sim C)$   
 \* 2 asm:  $\sim O(I \vee \sim C)$   
 \* 3  $\therefore R\sim(I \vee \sim C)$  {from 2}  
 \* 4 D.:  $\sim(I \vee \sim C)$  {from 3}  
 5 D.:  $\sim I$  {from 4}  
 6 D.:  $C$  {from 4}  
 7  $\perp$  asm:  $\sim RC$  {break 1}  
 8  $\therefore O\sim C$  {from 7}  
 9  $\perp$  D.:  $\sim C$  {from 8}  
 10  $\therefore RC$  {from 7; 6 contradicts 9}  
 11  $\therefore OT$  {from 1 and 10}  
 12 D.:  $I$  {from 11}  
 13  $\therefore O(I \vee \sim C)$  {from 2; 5 contradicts 12}

13. Valid

- 1  $OS$   
 \* 2  $\sim \Diamond(S \cdot D)$   
 $[\therefore R\sim D$   
 \* 3 asm:  $\sim R\sim D$   
 4  $\therefore OD$  {from 3}  
 5  $\perp$  asm:  $\sim O(\underline{S} \cdot \underline{D})$  {nice to have " $O(\underline{S} \cdot \underline{D})$ " to use Kant's Law on to contradict 2}  
 6  $\therefore R\sim(\underline{S} \cdot \underline{D})$  {from 5}  
 7 D.:  $\sim(\underline{S} \cdot \underline{D})$  {from 6}  
 8 D.:  $\underline{S}$  {from 1}  
 9 D.:  $\underline{D}$  {from 4}  
 10  $\perp$  D.:  $\sim D$  {from 7 and 8}

- 11  $\perp$   $\therefore O(\underline{S} \cdot \underline{D})$  {from 5; 9 contradicts 10}  
 12  $\perp$   $\therefore \Diamond(S \cdot D)$  {from 11 using Kant's Law}  
 13  $\therefore R\sim D$  {from 3; 2 contradicts 12}

14. Valid

- 1  $OH$   
 2  $\Box(H \supset (P \vee A))$   
 \* 3  $\sim \Diamond P$   
 \* 4  $(\Diamond A \supset G)$   
 $[\therefore G$   
 5 asm:  $\sim G$   
 \* 6  $\therefore \Diamond H$  {from 1 using Kant's Law}  
 7  $\therefore \Box \sim P$  {from 3}  
 8  $W \therefore H$  {from 6}  
 \* 9  $\therefore \sim \Diamond A$  {from 4 and 5}  
 10  $\therefore \Box \sim A$  {from 9}  
 \* 11  $W \therefore (H \supset (P \vee A))$  {from 2}  
 \* 12  $W \therefore (P \vee A)$  {from 8 and 11}  
 13  $W \therefore \sim P$  {from 7}  
 14  $W \therefore A$  {from 12 and 13}  
 15  $W \therefore \sim A$  {from 10}  
 16  $\therefore G$  {from 5; 14 contradicts 15}

16. Valid

- \* 1  $(RA_{\underline{u}} \supset OA_{\underline{u}})$   
 \* 2  $(OA_{\underline{u}} \supset O(x)A_{\underline{x}})$   
 $[\therefore (\sim \Diamond(x)A_{\underline{x}} \supset O\sim A_{\underline{u}})$   
 \* 3 asm:  $\sim(\sim \Diamond(x)A_{\underline{x}} \supset O\sim A_{\underline{u}})$   
 \* 4  $\therefore \sim \Diamond(x)A_{\underline{x}}$  {from 3}  
 \* 5  $\therefore \sim O\sim A_{\underline{u}}$  {from 3}  
 6  $\therefore RA_{\underline{u}}$  {from 5}  
 7  $\therefore OA_{\underline{u}}$  {from 1 and 6}  
 8  $\therefore O(x)A_{\underline{x}}$  {from 2 and 7}  
 9  $\therefore \Diamond(x)A_{\underline{x}}$  {from 8 by Kant's Law}  
 10  $\therefore (\sim \Diamond(x)A_{\underline{x}} \supset O\sim A_{\underline{u}})$  {from 3; 4 contradicts 9}

17. Invalid

- 1  $O(\exists x)(B_{\underline{j}x} \cdot H_{\underline{s}x})$   
 $[\therefore O(\exists x)B_{\underline{j}x}$   
 \* 2 asm:  $\sim O(\exists x)B_{\underline{j}x}$   
 \* 3  $\therefore R\sim(\exists x)B_{\underline{j}x}$  {from 2}  
 \* 4 D.:  $\sim(\exists x)B_{\underline{j}x}$  {from 3}  
 5 D.:  $(x)\sim B_{\underline{j}x}$  {from 4}  
 \* 6 D.:  $(\exists x)(B_{\underline{j}x} \cdot H_{\underline{s}x})$  {from 1}  
 \* 7 D.:  $(B_{\underline{j}a} \cdot H_{\underline{s}a})$  {from 6}  
 8 D.:  $B_{\underline{j}a}$  {from 7}  
 9 D.:  $H_{\underline{s}a}$  {from 7}  
 10 D.:  $\sim B_{\underline{j}a}$  {from 5}  
 11 D.:  $\sim B_{\underline{j}j}$  {from 5}

- 12 D.:  $\sim B_j s$  {from 5}
- 13  $\therefore B_j a$  {from 8 by indicative transfer}

18. Valid

- \* 1  $(\sim R_A \supset \sim R_P)$   
[ $\therefore (P \supset R_A)$ ]
- \* 2 [asm:  $\sim(P \supset R_A)$
- 3  $\therefore P$  {from 2}
- 4  $\therefore \sim R_A$  {from 2}
- \* 5  $\therefore \sim R_P$  {from 1 and 4}
- 6  $\therefore O \sim P$  {from 5}
- 7  $\therefore \sim P$  {from 6}
- 8  $\therefore (P \supset R_A)$  {from 2; 3 contradicts 7}

19. Invalid

- 1  $O(\exists x)A_x$   
[ $\therefore (\exists x)OA_x$ ]
- \* 2 asm:  $\sim(\exists x)OA_x$
- 3  $\therefore (x)\sim OA_x$  {from 2}
- \* 4  $\therefore \sim OA_a$  {from 3}
- \* 5  $\therefore R \sim A_a$  {from 3}
- 6 D.:  $\sim A_a$  {from 5}
- \* 7 D.:  $(\exists x)A_x$  {from 1}
- 8 D.:  $A_b$  {from 7}
- \* 9  $\therefore \sim OA_b$  {from 3}
- \* 10  $\therefore R \sim A_b$  {from 4}
- 11 DD.:  $\sim A_b$  {from 10}

	a, b
D	$A_b, \sim A_a$
DD	$A_a, \sim A_b$

Endless loop: add "A<sub>a</sub>" to world DD to make the premise true. (Refutations aren't required in this exercise.)

21. Valid

- \* 1  $(R_L \supset O \sim P)$   
[ $\therefore \sim R(P \cdot L)$ ]
- \* 2 [asm:  $R(P \cdot L)$
- \* 3 D.:  $(P \cdot L)$  {from 2}
- 4 D.:  $P$  {from 3}
- 5 D.:  $L$  {from 3}
- 6 [asm:  $\sim R_L$  {break 1}
- 7  $\therefore O \sim L$  {from 6}
- 8 D.:  $\sim L$  {from 7}
- 9  $\therefore R_L$  {from 6; 5 contradicts 8}
- 10  $\therefore O \sim P$  {from 1 and 9}
- 11 D.:  $\sim P$  {from 10}
- 12  $\therefore \sim R(P \cdot L)$  {from 2; 4 contradicts 11}

22. Valid

- \* 1  $(OB_u \supset O(x)B_x)$
- \* 2  $\sim \diamond(x)B_x$   
[ $\therefore R \sim B_u$ ]

- \* 3 [asm:  $\sim R \sim B_u$
- 4  $\therefore \Box \sim (x)B_x$  {from 2}
- 5  $\therefore OB_u$  {from 3}
- 6  $\therefore O(x)B_x$  {from 1 and 5}
- \* 7  $\therefore \sim (x)B_x$  {from 4}
- \* 8  $\therefore (\exists x)\sim B_x$  {from 7}
- 9  $\therefore \sim B_a$  {from 8}
- 10  $\therefore \diamond(x)B_x$  {from 6 by Kant's Law}
- 11  $\therefore R \sim B_u$  {from 3; 2 contradicts 10}

23. Valid

- 1  $O \sim (B \cdot A)$
- 2  $OB$   
[ $\therefore O(B \cdot \sim A)$ ]
- \* 3 [asm:  $\sim O(B \cdot \sim A)$
- \* 4  $\therefore R \sim (B \cdot \sim A)$  {from 3}
- \* 5 D.:  $\sim (B \cdot \sim A)$  {from 4}
- \* 6 D.:  $\sim (B \cdot A)$  {from 1}
- 7 D.:  $B$  {from 2}
- 8 D.:  $A$  {from 5 and 7}
- 9 D.:  $\sim A$  {from 6 and 7}
- 10  $\therefore O(B \cdot \sim A)$  {from 3; 8 contradicts 9}

24. Valid

- \* 1  $\sim \diamond(x)B_x$   
[ $\therefore R(\exists x)\sim B_x$ ]
- \* 2 [asm:  $\sim R(\exists x)\sim B_x$
- 3  $\therefore \Box \sim (x)B_x$  {from 1}
- 4  $\therefore O \sim (\exists x)\sim B_x$  {from 2}
- \* 5  $\therefore \diamond \sim (\exists x)\sim B_x$  {from 4 using Kant's Law}
- \* 6  $W \therefore \sim (\exists x)\sim B_x$  {from 5}
- 7  $W \therefore (x)B_x$  {from 6}
- 8  $W \therefore \sim (x)B_x$  {from 3}
- 9  $\therefore R(\exists x)\sim B_x$  {from 2; 7 contradicts 8}

26. Valid

- 1  $O(C \vee M)$
- \* 2  $(E \supset O \sim M)$   
[ $\therefore (E \supset OC)$ ]
- \* 3 [asm:  $\sim (E \supset OC)$
- 4  $\therefore E$  {from 3}
- \* 5  $\therefore \sim OC$  {from 3}
- \* 6  $\therefore R \sim C$  {from 5}
- 7 D.:  $\sim C$  {from 6}
- 8  $\therefore O \sim M$  {from 2 and 4}
- \* 9 D.:  $(C \vee M)$  {from 1}
- 10 D.:  $M$  {from 7 and 9}
- 11 D.:  $\sim M$  {from 8}
- 12  $\therefore (E \supset OC)$  {from 3; 10 contradicts 11}

27. Invalid

- 1  $O\overline{H}$
- 2  $O(H \supset \underline{S})$
- 3  $\sim H$
- \* 4  $(\sim H \supset O\sim \underline{S})$   
[ $\therefore (O\underline{S} \cdot O\sim \underline{S})$ ]
- \* 5 asm:  $\sim(O\underline{S} \cdot O\sim \underline{S})$
- 6  $\therefore O\sim \underline{S}$  {from 3 and 4}
- \* 7  $\therefore \sim O\underline{S}$  {from 5 and 6}
- \* 8  $\therefore R\sim \underline{S}$  {from 7}
- 9 D.:  $\sim \underline{S}$  {from 8}
- 10 D.:  $\underline{H}$  {from 1}
- \* 11 D.:  $(H \supset \underline{S})$  {from 2}
- 12 D.:  $\sim H$  {from 9 and 11}

28. Invalid

- 1  $(T \supset M)$
- 2  $O\sim \underline{M}$   
[ $\therefore O\sim \underline{T}$ ]
- \* 3 asm:  $\sim O\sim \underline{T}$
- \* 4  $\therefore R\underline{T}$  {from 3}
- 5 D.:  $\underline{T}$  {from 4}
- 6 D.:  $\sim \underline{M}$  {from 2}
- 7 asm:  $\sim T$  {break 1}

29. Valid

- \* 1  $(O\underline{U} \supset O\underline{I})$
- 2  $\sim \diamond(U \cdot J)$   
[ $\therefore \sim O\underline{U}$ ]
- 3 asm:  $O\underline{U}$
- 4  $\therefore O\underline{I}$  {from 1 and 3}
- 5 asm:  $\sim O(\underline{U} \cdot \underline{I})$  {we need  
"O( $\underline{U} \cdot \underline{I}$ )" so we can use Kant's  
Law on it to contradict 2}
- 6  $\therefore R\sim(\underline{U} \cdot \underline{I})$  {from 5}
- 7 D.:  $\sim(\underline{U} \cdot \underline{I})$  {from 6}
- 8 D.:  $\underline{U}$  {from 3}
- 9 D.:  $\underline{I}$  {from 4}
- 10 D.:  $\sim \underline{I}$  {from 7 and 8}
- 11  $\therefore O(\underline{U} \cdot \underline{I})$  {from 5; 9 contradicts 10}
- 12  $\therefore \diamond(U \cdot J)$  {from 11 using Kant's Law}
- 13  $\therefore \sim O\underline{U}$  {from 3; 2 contradicts 12}

13.1a

2.  $(\sim u:G \cdot \sim u:\sim G)$
4.  $u:\sim \diamond G$
6.  $\underline{u}:G$
7.  $(\sim \diamond G \supset \sim \underline{u}:G)$
8.  $(u:A \supset \sim u:\sim A)$

9.  $(u:A \supset \sim \underline{u}:\sim A)$ 

13.2a

2. Invalid

- \* 1  $\sim \diamond(A \cdot B)$   
[ $\therefore (u:A \supset \sim u:B)$ ]
- \* 2 asm:  $\sim(u:A \supset \sim u:B)$
- 3  $\therefore \square \sim(A \cdot B)$  {from 1}
- 4  $\therefore u:A$  {from 2}
- 5  $\therefore u:B$  {from 2}

4. Valid

- \* 1  $\sim \diamond(A \cdot B)$   
[ $\therefore (\sim \underline{u}:A \vee \sim \underline{u}:B)$ ]
- \* 2 asm:  $\sim(\sim \underline{u}:A \vee \sim \underline{u}:B)$
- 3  $\therefore \square \sim(A \cdot B)$  {from 1}
- 4  $\therefore \underline{u}:A$  {from 2}
- 5  $\therefore \underline{u}:B$  {from 2}
- 6  $u \therefore A$  {from 4}
- \* 7  $u \therefore \sim(A \cdot B)$  {from 3}
- 8  $u \therefore \sim B$  {from 6 and 7}
- 9  $u \therefore B$  {from 5}
- 10  $\therefore (\sim \underline{u}:A \vee \sim \underline{u}:B)$  {from 2; 8 contradicts 9}

6. Invalid

- 1  $\square(A \supset B)$
- 2  $u:A$   
[ $\therefore u:B$ ]
- 3 asm:  $\sim u:B$

7. Invalid

- 1  $\square(A \supset B)$
- 2  $\underline{u}:A$   
[ $\therefore u:B$ ]
- 3 asm:  $\sim u:B$
- 4  $u \therefore A$  {from 2}
- \* 5  $u \therefore (A \supset B)$  {from 1}
- 6  $u \therefore B$  {from 4 and 5}

8. Valid

- 1  $\square(A \supset B)$
- \* 2  $\sim \underline{u}:\sim A$   
[ $\therefore \sim \underline{u}:\sim B$ ]
- 3 asm:  $\underline{u}:\sim B$
- 4  $u \therefore A$  {from 2}
- \* 5  $u \therefore (A \supset B)$  {from 1}
- 6  $u \therefore B$  {from 4 and 5}
- 7  $u \therefore \sim B$  {from 3}
- 8  $\therefore \sim \underline{u}:\sim B$  {from 3; 6 contradicts 7}

## 9. Invalid

- 1  $\Box(A \supset B)$
- \* 2  $\sim \underline{u}:B$
- [ $\therefore \underline{u}:\sim A$
- \* 3 asm:  $\sim \underline{u}:\sim A$
- 4  $u \therefore \sim B$  {from 2}
- 5  $uu \therefore A$  {from 3}
- \* 6  $u \therefore (A \supset B)$  {from 1}
- 7  $u \therefore \sim A$  {from 4 and 6}
- \* 8  $uu \therefore (A \supset B)$  {from 1}
- 9  $uu \therefore B$  {from 5 and 8}

## 13.2b

## 2. Invalid

- 1  $u:A$
- [ $\therefore \sim u:\sim A$
- 2 asm:  $u:\sim A$

## 4. Valid

- [ $\therefore (\sim \Diamond A \supset \sim \underline{u}:A)$
- \* 1 [asm:  $\sim(\sim \Diamond A \supset \sim \underline{u}:A)$
- 2  $\therefore \sim \Diamond A$  {from 1}
- 3  $\therefore \underline{u}:A$  {from 1}
- 4  $\therefore \Box \sim A$  {from 2}
- 5  $u \therefore A$  {from 3}
- 6  $u \therefore \sim A$  {from 4}
- 7  $\therefore (\sim \Diamond A \supset \sim \underline{u}:A)$  {from 1; 5 contradicts 6}

## 6. Valid

- 1  $\underline{u}:A$
- [ $\therefore \sim \underline{u}:\sim A$
- 2 [asm:  $\underline{u}:\sim A$
- 3  $u \therefore A$  {from 1}
- 4  $u \therefore \sim A$  {from 2}
- 5  $\therefore \sim \underline{u}:\sim A$  {from 2; 3 contradicts 4}

## 7. Valid

- [ $\therefore \sim(\underline{u}:A \cdot \sim \underline{u}:\Diamond A)$
- \* 1 [asm:  $(\underline{u}:A \cdot \sim \underline{u}:\Diamond A)$
- 2  $\therefore \underline{u}:A$  {from 1}
- \* 3  $\therefore \sim \underline{u}:\Diamond A$  {from 1}
- \* 4  $u \therefore \sim \Diamond A$  {from 3}
- 5  $u \therefore \Box \sim A$  {from 4}
- 6  $u \therefore A$  {from 2}
- 7  $u \therefore \sim A$  {from 5}
- 8  $\therefore \sim(\underline{u}:A \cdot \sim \underline{u}:\Diamond A)$  {from 1; 6 contradicts 7}

## 8. Valid

- 1  $\Box((A \cdot B) \supset C)$
- [ $\therefore \sim((\underline{u}:A \cdot \underline{u}:B) \cdot \sim \underline{u}:C)$

- \* 2 [asm:  $((\underline{u}:A \cdot \underline{u}:B) \cdot \sim \underline{u}:C)$
- \* 3  $\therefore (\underline{u}:A \cdot \underline{u}:B)$  {from 2}
- \* 4  $\therefore \sim \underline{u}:C$  {from 2}
- 5  $\therefore \underline{u}:A$  {from 3}
- 6  $\therefore \underline{u}:B$  {from 3}
- 7  $u \therefore \sim C$  {from 4}
- \* 8  $u \therefore ((A \cdot B) \supset C)$  {from 1}
- \* 9  $u \therefore \sim(A \cdot B)$  {from 7 and 8}
- 10  $u \therefore A$  {from 5}
- 11  $u \therefore \sim B$  {from 9 and 10}
- 12  $u \therefore B$  {from 6}
- 13  $\therefore \sim((\underline{u}:A \cdot \underline{u}:B) \cdot \sim \underline{u}:C)$  {from 2; 11 contradicts 12}

## 9. Invalid

- 1  $\Box(A \supset (B \cdot C))$
- \* 2  $\sim \underline{u}:B$
- [ $\therefore \underline{u}:\sim A$
- \* 3 asm:  $\sim \underline{u}:\sim A$
- 4  $u \therefore \sim B$  {from 2}
- 5  $uu \therefore A$  {from 3}
- 6  $u \therefore (A \supset (B \cdot C))$  {from 1}
- \* 7  $uu \therefore (A \supset (B \cdot C))$  {from 1}
- \* 8  $uu \therefore (B \cdot C)$  {from 5 and 7}
- 9  $uu \therefore B$  {from 8}
- 10  $uu \therefore C$  {from 8}
- 11  $u$  asm:  $\sim A$  {break 6}

## 13.3a

2.  $\underline{u}:Sa$
4.  $\underline{u}:a:Sa$
6.  $(x)\sim E\underline{u}x$
7.  $\underline{u}:(x)\sim E\underline{u}x$
8.  $(Fu \cdot \sim u:F\underline{u})$
9.  $(u:K\underline{u} \cdot \sim Ku)$
11.  $\sim(\underline{u}:OA\underline{u} \cdot \sim \underline{u}:A\underline{u})$
12.  $(A\underline{u} \supset u:(x)A\underline{u})$
13.  $(Axu \supset A\underline{u}x)$
14.  $(Aux \supset Axu)$
16.  $\sim(\underline{u}:A\underline{u}x \cdot \underline{u}:\sim Axu)$

## 13.4a

## 2. Valid

- [ $\therefore \underline{u}:(B\underline{a} \supset RB\underline{a})$
- \* 1 [asm:  $\sim \underline{u}:(B\underline{a} \supset RB\underline{a})$
- \* 2  $u \therefore \sim(B\underline{a} \supset RB\underline{a})$  {from 1}
- 3  $u \therefore B\underline{a}$  {from 2}
- \* 4  $u \therefore \sim RB\underline{a}$  {from 2}

- $$\begin{array}{l} 5 \left[ \begin{array}{l} u \therefore O \sim B_a \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ u \therefore \sim B_a \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \end{array} \right. \\ 7 \therefore \underline{u}: (B_a \supset RB_a) \quad \{\text{from 1; 3 contradicts 6}\} \end{array}$$

4. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l} [\therefore \sim((\underline{u}: (A \supset B)) \cdot \underline{u}: A) \cdot \sim \underline{u}: B) \\ * 1 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } ((\underline{u}: (A \supset B)) \cdot \underline{u}: A) \cdot \sim \underline{u}: B \\ * 2 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \therefore (\underline{u}: (A \supset B)) \cdot \underline{u}: A \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ * 3 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \therefore \sim \underline{u}: B \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ 4 \therefore \underline{u}: (A \supset B) \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ 5 \therefore \underline{u}: A \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ 6 u \therefore \sim B \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ * 7 \left[ \begin{array}{l} u \therefore (A \supset B) \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ 8 u \therefore \sim A \quad \{\text{from 6 and 7}\} \\ 9 u \therefore A \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \end{array} \right. \\ 10 \therefore \sim((\underline{u}: (A \supset B)) \cdot \underline{u}: A) \cdot \sim \underline{u}: B \quad \{\text{from 1; 8} \\ \quad \text{contradicts 9}\} \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \end{array}$$

6. Invalid

- $$\begin{array}{l} 1 \quad \sim \underline{u}: A_{\underline{u}} \\ [\therefore \sim \underline{u}: O A_{\underline{u}} \\ 2 \quad \text{asm: } \underline{u}: O A_{\underline{u}} \\ 3 \quad u \therefore O A_{\underline{u}} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \end{array}$$

7. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l} [\therefore \underline{u}: (O A_{\underline{u}} \supset A_{\underline{u}}) \\ * 1 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim \underline{u}: (O A_{\underline{u}} \supset A_{\underline{u}}) \\ * 2 \left[ \begin{array}{l} u \therefore \sim (O A_{\underline{u}} \supset A_{\underline{u}}) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ 3 u \therefore O A_{\underline{u}} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ 4 u \therefore \sim A_{\underline{u}} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ 5 u \therefore A_{\underline{u}} \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ 6 \therefore \underline{u}: (O A_{\underline{u}} \supset A_{\underline{u}}) \quad \{\text{from 1; 4 contradicts} \\ \quad 5\} \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \end{array}$$

8. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l} [\therefore (\underline{u}: A_{\underline{u}} \vee \sim \underline{u}: O A_{\underline{u}}) \\ * 1 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim(\underline{u}: A_{\underline{u}} \vee \sim \underline{u}: O A_{\underline{u}}) \\ * 2 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \therefore \sim \underline{u}: A_{\underline{u}} \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ 3 \therefore \underline{u}: O A_{\underline{u}} \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ 4 u \therefore \sim A_{\underline{u}} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ 5 u \therefore O A_{\underline{u}} \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ 6 u \therefore A_{\underline{u}} \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ 7 \therefore (\underline{u}: A_{\underline{u}} \vee \sim \underline{u}: O A_{\underline{u}}) \quad \{\text{from 1; 4 contradicts} \\ \quad 6\} \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \end{array}$$

9. Invalid

- $$\begin{array}{l} 1 \quad u: A_{\underline{u}} \\ [\therefore \sim \underline{u}: O \sim A_{\underline{u}} \\ 2 \quad \text{asm: } \underline{u}: O \sim A_{\underline{u}} \\ 3 \quad u \therefore O \sim A_{\underline{u}} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \end{array}$$

13.4b

2. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l} [\therefore \sim(\underline{u}: (x) \sim E_{\underline{u}x} \cdot \underline{u}: E_{\underline{u}t}) \\ * 1 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } (\underline{u}: (x) \sim E_{\underline{u}x} \cdot \underline{u}: E_{\underline{u}t}) \\ 2 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \therefore \underline{u}: (x) \sim E_{\underline{u}x} \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ 3 \therefore \underline{u}: E_{\underline{u}t} \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ 4 u \therefore (x) \sim E_{\underline{u}x} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ 5 u \therefore E_{\underline{u}t} \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ 6 u \therefore \sim E_{\underline{u}t} \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ 7 \therefore \sim(\underline{u}: (x) \sim E_{\underline{u}x} \cdot \underline{u}: E_{\underline{u}t}) \quad \{\text{from 1; 5} \\ \quad \text{contradicts 6}\} \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \end{array}$$

4. Invalid

- $$\begin{array}{l} 1 \quad \square(\underline{E} \supset (N \supset \underline{M})) \\ [\therefore ((\underline{u}: \underline{E} \cdot \underline{u}: N) \supset \underline{M}) \\ * 2 \quad \text{asm: } \sim((\underline{u}: \underline{E} \cdot \underline{u}: N) \supset \underline{M}) \\ * 3 \quad \therefore (\underline{u}: \underline{E} \cdot \underline{u}: N) \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ 4 \quad \therefore \sim \underline{M} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ 5 \quad \therefore \underline{u}: \underline{E} \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ 6 \quad \therefore \underline{u}: N \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \end{array}$$

6. Invalid. The “ $\supset$ ” poorly translates the contrary-to-fact conditional “If killing were needed to save your family then you wouldn’t kill”; but the argument would be invalid even if this were formulated more adequately.

- $$\begin{array}{l} [\therefore \sim(\underline{u}: (x) O \sim K_{\underline{x}} \cdot \sim(N \supset \sim Ku)) \\ * 1 \quad \text{asm: } (\underline{u}: (x) O \sim K_{\underline{x}} \cdot \sim(N \supset \sim Ku)) \\ 2 \quad \therefore \underline{u}: (x) O \sim K_{\underline{x}} \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ * 3 \quad \therefore \sim(N \supset \sim Ku) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ 4 \quad \therefore N \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ 5 \quad \therefore Ku \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ 6 u \therefore (x) O \sim K_{\underline{x}} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ 7 u \therefore O \sim K_{\underline{u}} \quad \{\text{from 6}\} \end{array}$$

7. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l} [\therefore \sim(\underline{u}: O \sim A_{\underline{b}} \cdot \underline{u}: A_{\underline{b}}) \\ * 1 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } (\underline{u}: O \sim A_{\underline{b}} \cdot \underline{u}: A_{\underline{b}}) \\ 2 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \therefore \underline{u}: O \sim A_{\underline{b}} \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ 3 \therefore \underline{u}: A_{\underline{b}} \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ 4 u \therefore O \sim A_{\underline{b}} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ 5 u \therefore A_{\underline{b}} \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ 6 u \therefore \sim A_{\underline{b}} \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ 7 \therefore \sim(\underline{u}: O \sim A_{\underline{b}} \cdot \underline{u}: A_{\underline{b}}) \quad \{\text{from 1; 5} \\ \quad \text{contradicts 6}\} \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \end{array}$$

8. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l} [\therefore \sim(\underline{u}: (x) (Mx \supset O E_{\underline{s}x}) \cdot \sim \underline{u}: (Mf \supset E_{\underline{s}f})) \\ * 1 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } (\underline{u}: (x) (Mx \supset O E_{\underline{s}x}) \cdot \end{array} \right. \end{array}$$

- $$\begin{array}{l} \sim \underline{u}:(Mf \supset E_{sf}) \\ 2 \quad \therefore \underline{u}:(x)(Mx \supset OE_{sx}) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ * 3 \quad \therefore \sim \underline{u}:(Mf \supset E_{sf}) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ * 4 \quad \underline{u} \therefore \sim (Mf \supset E_{sf}) \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ 5 \quad \underline{u} \therefore Mf \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ 6 \quad \underline{u} \therefore \sim E_{sf} \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ 7 \quad \underline{u} \therefore (x)(Mx \supset OE_{sx}) \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ * 8 \quad \underline{u} \therefore (Mf \supset OE_{sf}) \quad \{\text{from 7}\} \\ 9 \quad \underline{u} \therefore OE_{sf} \quad \{\text{from 5 and 8}\} \\ 10 \quad \underline{u} \therefore E_{sf} \quad \{\text{from 9}\} \\ 11 \quad \therefore \sim (\underline{u}:(x)(Mx \supset OE_{sx}) \cdot \sim \underline{u}:(Mf \supset E_{sf})) \\ \quad \quad \quad \{\text{from 1; 6 contradicts 10}\} \end{array}$$

9. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l} [\therefore \sim (\underline{u}:A\underline{u} \cdot \sim \underline{u}:RA\underline{u}) \\ * 1 \quad \text{asm: } (\underline{u}:A\underline{u} \cdot \sim \underline{u}:RA\underline{u}) \\ 2 \quad \therefore \underline{u}:A\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ * 3 \quad \therefore \sim \underline{u}:RA\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ * 4 \quad \underline{u} \therefore \sim RA\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ 5 \quad \underline{u} \therefore O \sim A\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ 6 \quad \underline{u} \therefore A\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ 7 \quad \underline{u} \therefore \sim A\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ 8 \quad \therefore \sim (\underline{u}:A\underline{u} \cdot \sim \underline{u}:RA\underline{u}) \quad \{\text{from 1; 6} \\ \quad \quad \quad \text{contradicts 7}\} \end{array}$$

11. Invalid

- $$\begin{array}{l} [\therefore \sim (\underline{u}:A\underline{u} \cdot \sim \underline{u}:OA\underline{u}) \\ * 1 \quad \text{asm: } (\underline{u}:A\underline{u} \cdot \sim \underline{u}:OA\underline{u}) \\ 2 \quad \therefore \underline{u}:A\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ * 3 \quad \therefore \sim \underline{u}:OA\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ * 4 \quad \underline{u} \therefore \sim OA\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ * 5 \quad \underline{u} \therefore R \sim A\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ 6 \quad \underline{u}D \therefore \sim A\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ 7 \quad \underline{u} \therefore A\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \end{array}$$

12. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l} 1 \quad \underline{u}:OA\underline{u} \\ [\therefore \underline{u}:A\underline{u} \\ * 2 \quad \text{asm: } \sim \underline{u}:A\underline{u} \\ 3 \quad \underline{u} \therefore \sim A\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ 4 \quad \underline{u} \therefore OA\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ 5 \quad \underline{u} \therefore A\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ 6 \quad \therefore \underline{u}:A\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 2; 3 contradicts 5}\} \end{array}$$

13. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l} 1 \quad \square(RA\underline{u} \supset O(x)A\underline{x}) \\ [\therefore \sim (\underline{u}:A\underline{u} \cdot \sim \underline{u}:(x)A\underline{x}) \\ * 2 \quad \text{asm: } (\underline{u}:A\underline{u} \cdot \sim \underline{u}:(x)A\underline{x}) \\ 3 \quad \therefore \underline{u}:A\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ * 4 \quad \therefore \sim \underline{u}:(x)A\underline{x} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ 5 \quad \underline{u} \therefore \sim (x)A\underline{x} \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \end{array}$$

- $$\begin{array}{l} * 6 \quad \underline{u} \therefore (RA\underline{u} \supset O(x)A\underline{x}) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ 7 \quad \underline{u} \therefore A\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ 8 \quad \left[ \begin{array}{l} \underline{u} \text{ asm: } \sim RA\underline{u} \quad \{\text{break 6}\} \\ \underline{u} \therefore O \sim A\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 8}\} \\ \underline{u} \therefore \sim A\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 9}\} \end{array} \right. \\ 10 \quad \left[ \begin{array}{l} \underline{u} \therefore RA\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 8; 7 contradicts 10}\} \\ \underline{u} \therefore O(x)A\underline{x} \quad \{\text{from 6 and 11}\} \\ \underline{u} \therefore (x)A\underline{x} \quad \{\text{from 12}\} \end{array} \right. \\ 11 \quad \underline{u} \therefore RA\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 8; 7 contradicts 10}\} \\ 12 \quad \underline{u} \therefore O(x)A\underline{x} \quad \{\text{from 6 and 11}\} \\ 13 \quad \underline{u} \therefore (x)A\underline{x} \quad \{\text{from 12}\} \\ 14 \quad \therefore \sim (\underline{u}:A\underline{u} \cdot \sim \underline{u}:(x)A\underline{x}) \quad \{\text{from 2; 5} \\ \quad \quad \quad \text{contradicts 13}\} \end{array}$$

13.5a

- $$\begin{array}{l} 2. \quad O\underline{u}:Sa \\ 4. \quad R\underline{u}:G \\ 6. \quad \sim R\underline{u}:(x) \sim R\underline{x}:G \\ 7. \quad (R\underline{u}:G \supset \diamond G) \\ 8. \quad O \sim (\underline{u}:G \cdot \sim \underline{u}:\diamond G) \\ 9. \quad O \sim (\underline{u}:OA\underline{u} \cdot \sim \underline{u}:A\underline{u}) \\ 11. \quad (R(\sim \underline{u}:G \cdot \sim \underline{u}:\sim G) \supset \sim O\underline{u}:G) \\ 12. \quad (\underline{u}:A \cdot A) \\ 13. \quad (\underline{u}:A \cdot \sim A) \\ 14. \quad \sim \diamond (\underline{u}:A \cdot \sim A) \\ 16. \quad \diamond ((\underline{u}:A \cdot O\underline{u}:A) \cdot \sim A) \\ 17. \quad (x)O\underline{x}:(Dx \supset Ex) \\ 18. \quad ((\square(A \supset B) \cdot \sim R\underline{u}:B) \supset \sim R\underline{u}:A) \\ 19. \quad (RA\underline{u} \supset \underline{u}:(x)A\underline{x}) \\ 21. \quad O \sim (\underline{u}:A\underline{u}x \cdot \underline{u}:\sim A\underline{x}u) \\ 22. \quad \square(Pu \supset O\underline{u}:Ou) \\ 23. \quad \square(\underline{u}:x=x \supset O\underline{u}:x=x) \\ 24. \quad ((\sim Du \cdot O\underline{u}:u:Su) \supset O\underline{u}:R) \end{array}$$

13.6a

2. Invalid

- $$\begin{array}{l} 1 \quad O \sim \underline{u}:A \\ [\therefore O\underline{u}:\sim A \\ * 2 \quad \text{asm: } \sim O\underline{u}:\sim A \\ * 3 \quad \therefore R \sim \underline{u}:\sim A \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ * 4 \quad D \therefore \sim \underline{u}:\sim A \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ 5 \quad Du \therefore A \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ * 6 \quad D \therefore \sim \underline{u}:A \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ 7 \quad Duu \therefore \sim A \quad \{\text{from 6}\} \end{array}$$

4. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l} * 1 \quad R\underline{u}:\sim A \\ [\therefore R \sim \underline{u}:A \\ * 2 \quad \text{asm: } \sim R \sim \underline{u}:A \\ 3 \quad D \therefore \underline{u}:\sim A \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ 4 \quad \therefore O\underline{u}:A \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \end{array}$$

- $$\begin{array}{l} 5 \left[ \begin{array}{l} D \therefore \underline{u}:A \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ 6 \left[ \begin{array}{l} Du \therefore \sim A \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ 7 \left[ \begin{array}{l} Du \therefore A \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ 8 \therefore R \sim \underline{u}:A \quad \{\text{from 2; 6 contradicts 7}\} \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right.$$

6. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l} [\therefore O \sim (\underline{u}:A \cdot \sim \underline{u}:\diamond A) \\ * 1 \text{ asm: } \sim O \sim (\underline{u}:A \cdot \sim \underline{u}:\diamond A) \\ * 2 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \therefore R(\underline{u}:A \cdot \sim \underline{u}:\diamond A) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ * 3 \left[ \begin{array}{l} D \therefore (\underline{u}:A \cdot \sim \underline{u}:\diamond A) \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ 4 \left[ \begin{array}{l} D \therefore \underline{u}:A \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ * 5 \left[ \begin{array}{l} D \therefore \sim \underline{u}:\diamond A \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ * 6 \left[ \begin{array}{l} Du \therefore \sim \diamond A \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ 7 \left[ \begin{array}{l} Du \therefore \square \sim A \quad \{\text{from 6}\} \\ 8 \left[ \begin{array}{l} Du \therefore A \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ 9 \left[ \begin{array}{l} Du \therefore \sim A \quad \{\text{from 7}\} \\ 10 \therefore O \sim (\underline{u}:A \cdot \sim \underline{u}:\diamond A) \quad \{\text{from 1; 8} \\ \quad \quad \quad \text{contradicts 9}\} \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right.$$

7. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l} [\therefore (R\underline{u}:A \supset \diamond A) \\ * 1 \text{ asm: } \sim (R\underline{u}:A \supset \diamond A) \\ * 2 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \therefore R\underline{u}:A \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ * 3 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \therefore \sim \diamond A \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ 4 \left[ \begin{array}{l} D \therefore \underline{u}:A \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ 5 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \therefore \square \sim A \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ 6 \left[ \begin{array}{l} Du \therefore A \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ 7 \left[ \begin{array}{l} Du \therefore \sim A \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ 8 \therefore (R\underline{u}:A \supset \diamond A) \quad \{\text{from 1; 6 contradicts 7}\} \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right.$$

8. Invalid

- $$\begin{array}{l} 1 \quad \square(A \supset B) \\ [\therefore (R \sim \underline{u}:B \supset R\underline{u}:\sim A) \\ * 2 \text{ asm: } \sim (R \sim \underline{u}:B \supset R\underline{u}:\sim A) \\ * 3 \therefore R \sim \underline{u}:B \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ * 4 \therefore \sim R\underline{u}:\sim A \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ * 5 D \therefore \sim \underline{u}:B \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ 6 \therefore O \sim \underline{u}:\sim A \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ 7 Du \therefore \sim B \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ * 8 Du \therefore (A \supset B) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ 9 Du \therefore \sim A \quad \{\text{from 7 and 8}\} \\ * 10 D \therefore \sim \underline{u}:\sim A \quad \{\text{from 6}\} \\ 11 Duu \therefore A \quad \{\text{from 10}\} \\ * 12 Duu \therefore (A \supset B) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ 13 Duu \therefore B \quad \{\text{from 11 and 12}\} \end{array}$$

9. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l} * 1 \quad R\underline{u}:OA\underline{u} \\ [\therefore R\underline{u}:\diamond Au \\ * 2 \text{ asm: } \sim R\underline{u}:\diamond Au \\ 3 \left[ \begin{array}{l} D \therefore \underline{u}:OA\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \end{array} \right. \end{array}$$

- $$\begin{array}{l} 4 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \therefore O \sim \underline{u}:\diamond Au \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ * 5 \left[ \begin{array}{l} D \therefore \sim \underline{u}:\diamond Au \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ * 6 \left[ \begin{array}{l} Du \therefore \sim \diamond Au \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ 7 \left[ \begin{array}{l} Du \therefore OA\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ 8 \left[ \begin{array}{l} Du \therefore \diamond Au \quad \{\text{from 7 by Kant's Law}\} \\ 9 \therefore R\underline{u}:\diamond Au \quad \{\text{from 2; 6 contradicts 8}\} \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right.$$

13.6b

2. Invalid

- $$\begin{array}{l} * 1 \quad \sim O\underline{u}:G \\ [\therefore R\underline{u}:\sim G \\ * 2 \text{ asm: } \sim R\underline{u}:\sim G \\ * 3 \therefore R \sim \underline{u}:G \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ 4 \therefore O \sim \underline{u}:\sim G \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ * 5 D \therefore \sim \underline{u}:G \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ 6 Du \therefore \sim G \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ * 7 D \therefore \sim \underline{u}:\sim G \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ 8 Duu \therefore G \quad \{\text{from 7}\} \end{array}$$

4. Invalid

- $$\begin{array}{l} [\therefore (u:OA\underline{u} \supset OA\underline{u}) \\ * 1 \text{ asm: } \sim (u:OA\underline{u} \supset OA\underline{u}) \\ 2 \therefore u:OA\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ * 3 \therefore \sim OA\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ * 4 \therefore R \sim A\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ 5 D \therefore \sim A\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \end{array}$$

6. Invalid

- $$\begin{array}{l} * 1 \quad R\underline{u}:A \\ * 2 \quad R\underline{u}:B \\ [\therefore R\underline{u}:(A \cdot B) \\ * 3 \text{ asm: } \sim R\underline{u}:(A \cdot B) \\ 4 D \therefore \underline{u}:A \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ 5 DD \therefore \underline{u}:B \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ 6 \therefore O \sim \underline{u}:(A \cdot B) \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ * 7 D \therefore \sim \underline{u}:(A \cdot B) \quad \{\text{from 6}\} \\ * 8 Du \therefore \sim (A \cdot B) \quad \{\text{from 7}\} \\ 9 Du \therefore A \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ 10 Du \therefore \sim B \quad \{\text{from 8 and 9}\} \\ 11 DD \therefore \sim \underline{u}:(A \cdot B) \quad \{\text{from 6}\} \\ 12 DDu \therefore B \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \end{array}$$

7. Valid

- $$\begin{array}{l} 1 \quad O\underline{i}:(H \supset \sim P) \\ * 2 \quad \sim O\underline{i}:\sim H \\ [\therefore \sim O\underline{i}:P \\ 3 \text{ asm: } O\underline{i}:P \\ * 4 \left[ \begin{array}{l} \therefore R \sim \underline{i}:\sim H \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ * 5 \left[ \begin{array}{l} D \therefore \sim \underline{i}:\sim H \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right.$$

- 6  $\left| \begin{array}{l} \text{Di} \therefore H \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ \text{D} \therefore \underline{i}: (H \supset \sim P) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ \text{D} \therefore \underline{i}: P \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 \* 9  $\left| \begin{array}{l} \text{Di} \therefore (H \supset \sim P) \quad \{\text{from 7}\} \\ \text{Di} \therefore \sim P \quad \{\text{from 6 and 9}\} \\ \text{Di} \therefore P \quad \{\text{from 8}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 12  $\therefore \sim \text{O}\underline{i}: P \quad \{\text{from 3; 10 contradicts 11}\}$

8. Valid

- 1  $\text{O}\underline{i}: (H \supset \sim P)$   
 \* 2  $(\sim D \supset \text{O}\underline{i}: P)$   
 3  $\sim D$   
 $\left[ \therefore \text{O}\underline{i}: \sim H \right.$   
 \* 4  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim \text{O}\underline{i}: \sim H \\ \therefore R \sim \underline{i}: \sim H \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ \text{D} \therefore \sim \underline{i}: \sim H \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ \text{Di} \therefore H \quad \{\text{from 6}\} \\ \therefore \text{O}\underline{i}: P \quad \{\text{from 2 and 3}\} \\ \text{D} \therefore \underline{i}: (H \supset \sim P) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ \text{D} \therefore \underline{i}: P \quad \{\text{from 8}\} \\ \text{Di} \therefore (H \supset \sim P) \quad \{\text{from 9}\} \\ \text{Di} \therefore \sim P \quad \{\text{from 7 and 11}\} \\ \text{Di} \therefore P \quad \{\text{from 10}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 14  $\therefore \text{O}\underline{i}: \sim H \quad \{\text{from 4; 12 contradicts 13}\}$

9. Valid

- 1  $\text{O}\underline{u}: N$   
 2  $\Box (\underline{E} \supset (N \supset \underline{M}))$   
 $\left[ \therefore \text{O} \sim (\underline{u}: \underline{E} \cdot \sim \underline{u}: \underline{M}) \right.$   
 \* 3  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim \text{O} \sim (\underline{u}: \underline{E} \cdot \sim \underline{u}: \underline{M}) \\ \therefore R(\underline{u}: \underline{E} \cdot \sim \underline{u}: \underline{M}) \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ \text{D} \therefore (\underline{u}: \underline{E} \cdot \sim \underline{u}: \underline{M}) \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ \text{D} \therefore \underline{u}: \underline{E} \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ \text{D} \therefore \sim \underline{u}: \underline{M} \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ \text{Du} \therefore \sim \underline{M} \quad \{\text{from 7}\} \\ \text{D} \therefore \underline{u}: N \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ \text{Du} \therefore (\underline{E} \supset (N \supset \underline{M})) \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ \text{Du} \therefore \underline{E} \quad \{\text{from 6}\} \\ \text{Du} \therefore (N \supset \underline{M}) \quad \{\text{from 10 and 11}\} \\ \text{Du} \therefore \sim N \quad \{\text{from 8 and 12}\} \\ \text{Du} \therefore N \quad \{\text{from 9}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 15  $\therefore \text{O} \sim (\underline{u}: \underline{E} \cdot \sim \underline{u}: \underline{M}) \quad \{\text{from 3; 13 contradicts 14}\}$

11. Valid

- 1  $\text{O}\underline{u}: (R\underline{H}\underline{u}\underline{a} \supset R\underline{H}\underline{a}\underline{u})$   
 $\left[ \therefore \sim (\underline{u}: \underline{H}\underline{u}\underline{a} \cdot \underline{u}: \text{O} \sim \underline{H}\underline{a}\underline{u}) \right.$   
 \* 2  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } (\underline{u}: \underline{H}\underline{u}\underline{a} \cdot \underline{u}: \text{O} \sim \underline{H}\underline{a}\underline{u}) \\ \therefore \underline{u}: \underline{H}\underline{u}\underline{a} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ \therefore \underline{u}: \text{O} \sim \underline{H}\underline{a}\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \end{array} \right.$

- 5  $\therefore \underline{u}: (R\underline{H}\underline{u}\underline{a} \supset R\underline{H}\underline{a}\underline{u}) \quad \{\text{from 1}\}$   
 6  $\underline{u} \therefore \underline{H}\underline{u}\underline{a} \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$   
 7  $\underline{u} \therefore \text{O} \sim \underline{H}\underline{a}\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 4}\}$   
 \* 8  $\underline{u} \therefore (R\underline{H}\underline{u}\underline{a} \supset R\underline{H}\underline{a}\underline{u}) \quad \{\text{from 5}\}$   
 9  $\underline{u} \therefore \sim \underline{H}\underline{a}\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 7}\}$   
 10  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \underline{u} \text{ asm: } \sim R\underline{H}\underline{u}\underline{a} \quad \{\text{break 8}\} \\ \underline{u} \therefore \text{O} \sim \underline{H}\underline{u}\underline{a} \quad \{\text{from 10}\} \\ \underline{u} \therefore \sim \underline{H}\underline{u}\underline{a} \quad \{\text{from 11}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 13  $\underline{u} \therefore R\underline{H}\underline{u}\underline{a} \quad \{\text{from 10; 6 contradicts 12}\}$   
 \* 14  $\underline{u} \therefore R\underline{H}\underline{a}\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 8 and 13}\}$   
 15  $\underline{u}\text{D} \therefore \underline{H}\underline{a}\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 14}\}$   
 16  $\underline{u}\text{D} \therefore \sim \underline{H}\underline{a}\underline{u} \quad \{\text{from 7}\}$   
 17  $\therefore \sim (\underline{u}: \underline{H}\underline{u}\underline{a} \cdot \underline{u}: \text{O} \sim \underline{H}\underline{a}\underline{u}) \quad \{\text{from 2; 15 contradicts 16}\}$

12. Valid

- $\left[ \therefore (R\underline{u}: \underline{A} \supset R\underline{u}: R\underline{A}) \right.$   
 \* 1  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim (R\underline{u}: \underline{A} \supset R\underline{u}: R\underline{A}) \\ \therefore R\underline{u}: \underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ \therefore \sim R\underline{u}: R\underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ \text{D} \therefore \underline{u}: \underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ \therefore \text{O} \sim \underline{u}: R\underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ \text{D} \therefore \sim \underline{u}: R\underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ \text{Du} \therefore \sim R\underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 6}\} \\ \text{Du} \therefore \text{O} \sim \underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 7}\} \\ \text{Du} \therefore \underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ \text{Du} \therefore \sim \underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 8}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 11  $\therefore (R\underline{u}: \underline{A} \supset R\underline{u}: R\underline{A}) \quad \{\text{from 1; 9 contradicts 10}\}$

13. Invalid

- 1  $\text{O}\underline{u}: A$   
 $\left[ \therefore A \right.$   
 2  $\text{asm: } \sim A$   
 3  $\therefore \underline{u}: A \quad \{\text{from 1}\}$   
 4  $\underline{u} \therefore A \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$

14. Valid

- \* 1  $R\underline{u}: (G \cdot T)$   
 2  $\Box (T \supset E)$   
 $\left[ \therefore R\underline{u}: (G \cdot E) \right.$   
 \* 3  $\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{asm: } \sim R\underline{u}: (G \cdot E) \\ \text{D} \therefore \underline{u}: (G \cdot T) \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ \therefore \text{O} \sim \underline{u}: (G \cdot E) \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ \text{D} \therefore \sim \underline{u}: (G \cdot E) \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ \text{Du} \therefore \sim (G \cdot E) \quad \{\text{from 6}\} \\ \text{Du} \therefore (T \supset E) \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \\ \text{Du} \therefore (G \cdot T) \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \\ \text{Du} \therefore G \quad \{\text{from 9}\} \\ \text{Du} \therefore T \quad \{\text{from 9}\} \end{array} \right.$

- 12  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Du} \therefore \sim E \quad \{\text{from 7 and 10}\} \\ \text{Du} \therefore E \quad \{\text{from 8 and 11}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 14  $\therefore \text{Ru}:(G \cdot E) \quad \{\text{from 3; 12 contradicts 13}\}$

16. Invalid

- \* 1  $\text{Ru}:G$   
 $[\therefore \sim \text{Ru}:\sim G$   
 \* 2 asm:  $\text{Ru}:\sim G$   
 3  $D \therefore \underline{u}:G \quad \{\text{from 1}\}$   
 4  $DD \therefore \underline{u}:\sim G \quad \{\text{from 2}\}$   
 5  $\text{Du} \therefore G \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$   
 6  $DDu \therefore \sim G \quad \{\text{from 4}\}$

17. Valid

- 1  $\text{Ou}:G$   
 $[\therefore \sim R(\sim \underline{u}:G \cdot \sim \underline{u}:\sim G)$   
 \* 2 asm:  $R(\sim \underline{u}:G \cdot \sim \underline{u}:\sim G)$   
 \* 3  $D \therefore (\sim \underline{u}:G \cdot \sim \underline{u}:\sim G) \quad \{\text{from 2}\}$   
 \* 4  $D \therefore \sim \underline{u}:G \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$   
 \* 5  $D \therefore \sim \underline{u}:\sim G \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$   
 6  $\text{Du} \therefore \sim G \quad \{\text{from 4}\}$   
 7  $\text{Duu} \therefore G \quad \{\text{from 5}\}$   
 8  $D \therefore \underline{u}:G \quad \{\text{from 1}\}$   
 9  $\therefore \sim R(\sim \underline{u}:G \cdot \sim \underline{u}:\sim G) \quad \{\text{from 2; 4 contradicts 8}\}$

18. Valid

- $[\therefore (\text{Ru}:G \supset \diamond G)$   
 \* 1 asm:  $\sim(\text{Ru}:G \supset \diamond G)$   
 \* 2  $\therefore \text{Ru}:G \quad \{\text{from 1}\}$   
 \* 3  $\therefore \sim \diamond G \quad \{\text{from 1}\}$   
 4  $D \therefore \underline{u}:G \quad \{\text{from 2}\}$   
 5  $\therefore \Box \sim G \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$   
 6  $\text{Du} \therefore G \quad \{\text{from 4}\}$   
 7  $\text{Du} \therefore \sim G \quad \{\text{from 5}\}$   
 8  $\therefore (\text{Ru}:G \supset \diamond G) \quad \{\text{from 1; 6 contradicts 7}\}$

19. Valid

- $[\therefore (\sim \text{Ru}:A \supset \sim \underline{u}:A)$   
 \* 1 asm:  $\sim(\sim \text{Ru}:A \supset \sim \underline{u}:A)$   
 \* 2  $\therefore \sim \text{Ru}:A \quad \{\text{from 1}\}$   
 3  $\therefore \underline{u}:A \quad \{\text{from 1}\}$   
 4  $\therefore O \sim \underline{u}:A \quad \{\text{from 2}\}$   
 5  $\therefore \sim \underline{u}:A \quad \{\text{from 4}\}$   
 6  $\therefore (\sim \text{Ru}:A \supset \sim \underline{u}:A) \quad \{\text{from 1; 3 contradicts 5}\}$

21. Invalid

- $[\therefore O \sim (\underline{u}:\sim \underline{A} \cdot \underline{u}:\text{RA})$   
 \* 1 asm:  $\sim O \sim (\underline{u}:\sim \underline{A} \cdot \underline{u}:\text{RA})$   
 \* 2  $\therefore R(\underline{u}:\sim \underline{A} \cdot \underline{u}:\text{RA}) \quad \{\text{from 1}\}$

- \* 3  $D \therefore (\underline{u}:\sim \underline{A} \cdot \underline{u}:\text{RA}) \quad \{\text{from 2}\}$   
 4  $D \therefore \underline{u}:\sim \underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$   
 5  $D \therefore \underline{u}:\text{RA} \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$   
 6  $\text{Du} \therefore \sim \underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 4}\}$   
 \* 7  $\text{Du} \therefore \text{RA} \quad \{\text{from 5}\}$   
 8  $\text{DuD} \therefore \underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 7}\}$

22. Invalid

- \* 1  $R \sim \underline{u}:E$   
 $[\therefore \text{Ru}:\sim E$   
 \* 2 asm:  $\sim \text{Ru}:\sim E$   
 \* 3  $D \therefore \sim \underline{u}:E \quad \{\text{from 1}\}$   
 4  $\therefore O \sim \underline{u}:\sim E \quad \{\text{from 2}\}$   
 5  $\text{Du} \therefore \sim E \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$   
 \* 6  $D \therefore \sim \underline{u}:\sim E \quad \{\text{from 4}\}$   
 7  $\text{Duu} \therefore E \quad \{\text{from 6}\}$

23. Valid

- \* 1  $\text{Ru}:O\underline{A}$   
 $[\therefore \text{Ru}:\underline{A}$   
 \* 2 asm:  $\sim \text{Ru}:\underline{A}$   
 3  $D \therefore \underline{u}:O\underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 1}\}$   
 4  $\therefore O \sim \underline{u}:\underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 2}\}$   
 \* 5  $D \therefore \sim \underline{u}:\underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 4}\}$   
 6  $\text{Du} \therefore \sim \underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 5}\}$   
 7  $\text{Du} \therefore O\underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$   
 8  $\text{Du} \therefore \underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 7}\}$   
 9  $\therefore \text{Ru}:\underline{A} \quad \{\text{from 2; 6 contradicts 8}\}$

24. Invalid

- $[\therefore (\text{Ru}:G \vee \text{Ru}:\sim G)$   
 \* 1 asm:  $\sim(\text{Ru}:G \vee \text{Ru}:\sim G)$   
 \* 2  $\therefore \sim \text{Ru}:G \quad \{\text{from 1}\}$   
 \* 3  $\therefore \sim \text{Ru}:\sim G \quad \{\text{from 1}\}$   
 4  $\therefore O \sim \underline{u}:G \quad \{\text{from 2}\}$   
 5  $\therefore O \sim \underline{u}:\sim G \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$   
 \* 6  $\therefore \sim \underline{u}:G \quad \{\text{from 4}\}$   
 7  $\underline{u} \therefore \sim G \quad \{\text{from 6}\}$   
 \* 8  $\therefore \sim \underline{u}:\sim G \quad \{\text{from 5}\}$   
 9  $\underline{uu} \therefore G \quad \{\text{from 8}\}$

26. Valid

- 1  $\Box(A \supset B)$   
 \* 2  $\text{Ru}:A$   
 $[\therefore \text{Ru}:B$   
 \* 3 asm:  $\sim \text{Ru}:B$   
 4  $D \therefore \underline{u}:A \quad \{\text{from 2}\}$   
 5  $\therefore O \sim \underline{u}:B \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$   
 \* 6  $D \therefore \sim \underline{u}:B \quad \{\text{from 5}\}$   
 7  $\text{Du} \therefore \sim B \quad \{\text{from 6}\}$   
 \* 8  $\text{Du} \therefore (A \supset B) \quad \{\text{from 1}\}$

- 9  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Du} \therefore \sim A \quad \{\text{from 7 and 8}\} \\ \text{Du} \therefore A \quad \{\text{from 4}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 10  
 11  $\therefore \text{Ru} : B \quad \{\text{from 3; 9 contradicts 10}\}$

27. Invalid

- \* 1  $\sim \text{Ou} : \sim G$   
 $\left[ \therefore \text{Ru} : G \right.$   
 \* 2 asm:  $\sim \text{Ru} : G$   
 \* 3  $\therefore R \sim \underline{u} : \sim G \quad \{\text{from 1}\}$   
 4  $\therefore O \sim \underline{u} : G \quad \{\text{from 2}\}$   
 \* 5 D.:  $\sim \underline{u} : \sim G \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$   
 6 Du.: G  $\{\text{from 5}\}$   
 \* 7 D.:  $\sim \underline{u} : G \quad \{\text{from 4}\}$   
 8 Duu.:  $\sim G \quad \{\text{from 7}\}$

28. Valid

- \* 1  $\sim \text{Ru} : \sim G$   
 \* 2  $\sim R(\sim \underline{u} : G \cdot \sim \underline{u} : \sim G)$   
 $\left[ \therefore \text{Ou} : G \right.$   
 \* 3 asm:  $\sim \text{Ou} : G$   
 4  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \therefore O \sim \underline{u} : \sim G \quad \{\text{from 1}\} \\ \therefore O \sim (\sim \underline{u} : G \cdot \sim \underline{u} : \sim G) \quad \{\text{from 2}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 \* 6  $\therefore R \sim \underline{u} : G \quad \{\text{from 3}\}$   
 \* 7 D.:  $\sim \underline{u} : G \quad \{\text{from 6}\}$   
 8 Du.:  $\sim G \quad \{\text{from 7}\}$   
 \* 9 D.:  $\sim \underline{u} : \sim G \quad \{\text{from 4}\}$   
 10 Duu.: G  $\{\text{from 9}\}$   
 \* 11  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{D} \therefore \sim (\sim \underline{u} : G \cdot \sim \underline{u} : \sim G) \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ \text{D} \therefore \underline{u} : \sim G \quad \{\text{from 7 and 11}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 12  
 13  $\therefore \text{Ou} : G \quad \{\text{from 3; 9 contradicts 12}\}$

29. Valid

- 1  $\Box(A \supset B)$   
 2  $u : A$   
 \* 3  $\sim \text{Ru} : B$   
 $\left[ \therefore (\sim \underline{u} : A \cdot \sim \underline{u} : B) \right.$   
 \* 4 asm:  $\sim (\sim \underline{u} : A \cdot \sim \underline{u} : B)$   
 5  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \therefore O \sim \underline{u} : B \quad \{\text{from 3}\} \\ \therefore \sim \underline{u} : B \quad \{\text{from 5}\} \\ u \therefore \sim B \quad \{\text{from 7}\} \\ \therefore \underline{u} : A \quad \{\text{from 4 and 6}\} \end{array} \right.$   
 \* 9  $u \therefore (A \supset B) \quad \{\text{from 1}\}$   
 10  $u \therefore \sim A \quad \{\text{from 7 and 9}\}$   
 11  $u \therefore A \quad \{\text{from 8}\}$   
 12  $\therefore (\sim \underline{u} : A \cdot \sim \underline{u} : B) \quad \{\text{from 4; 10 contradicts 11}\}$